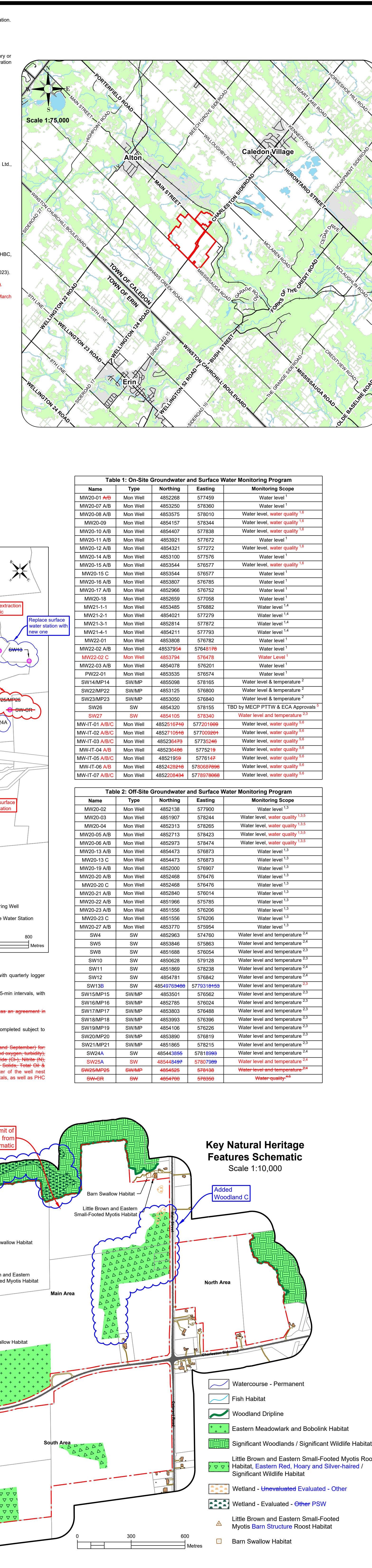
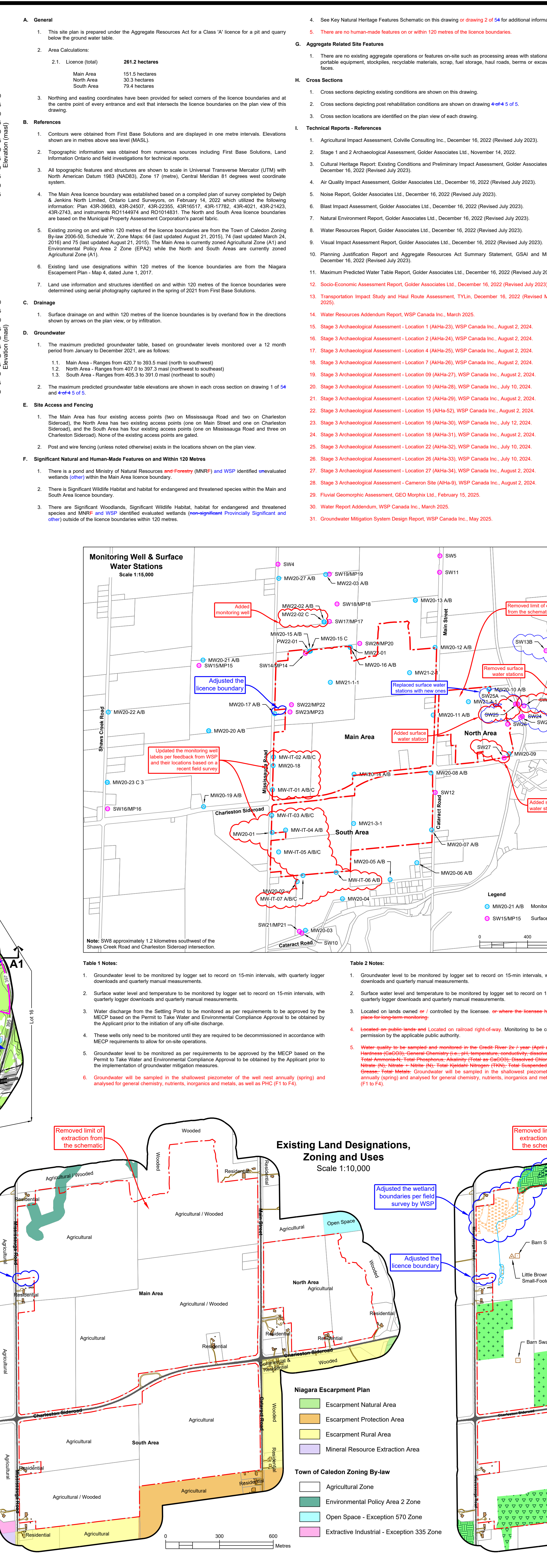




Legal Description
Part of Lots 15-1748, Concession 4 WSCR and Part of Lot 16, Concession 3 WSCR (former geographic Township of Caledon)
Township of Caledon
Regional Municipality of Peel

Legend

- Licence Boundary
- Limit of Extraction
- Contours with Elevation
- Public Road
- Driveway
- Railway
- Watercourse
- Watercourse
- Water Feature
- Wooded Area
- Wetland
- Wetland
- Additional Land Owned by Licensee
- 120m Offset From Draft Licence Boundaries
- Lots and Concessions
- Parcel Fabric
- Easement
- Overhead Hydro
- Pipeline
- Fence
- Entrance / Exit
- Direction of Surface Drainage
- Building/Structure
- Cross Sections

Legend - Cross Sections

- Licence Boundary
- Limit of Extraction
- Existing Grade
- Maximum Predicted Water Table
- Maximum Depth of Excavation
- Topsoil and/or Overburden
- Aggregate Available for Extraction

Site Plan Acronyms

- ARA - Aggregate Resources Act
- MECP - Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks
- MGCS - Ministry of Government and Consumer Services
- DFO - Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada
- MNRF - Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry
- MCM - Ministry of Citizenship and Multiculturalism
- TSSA - Technical Standards and Safety Authority
- MLCS - Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport
- ECA - Environmental Compliance Approval
- BMP - Best Management Practices Plan
- WWIS - Water Well Information System
- PSW - Provincially Significant Wetland
- HIA - Heritage Impact Assessment
- CVC - Credit Valley Conservation
- MASL - Metres above sea level
- PTTW - Permit to Take Water
- NTS - Not to Scale

Site Plan Amendments

No.	Date	Description	By
1	2023	Revised drawing to incorporate updated technical recommendations	C.P.

Site Plan Revisions (Pre-Licensing)

No.	Date	Description	By
1	2023	Revised drawing to incorporate updated technical recommendations	C.P.

MBHC Stamp

MBHC Stamp

Applicant

Project

Caledon Pit & Quarry

18722 Main Street, Caledon, Ontario

MNRF Licence Reference No.

626600

Applicant's Signature

Plan Scale: 1:5000 (Arch E)

Date

August 2023

May 2026

Drawn By

C.P.

File No.

8816AF

File Name

Existing Features

Drawing No.

1 of 54

File Path

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A. General

1. Area Calculations
- 1.1. Licence (total) **261.2 hectares**
- Main Area 131.3 hectares
North Area 30.3 hectares
South Area 79.4 hectares
- 1.2. Limit of Extraction (total) **125.9 hectares**
- Main Area 62.5 hectares
North Area 16.0 hectares
South Area 59.9 hectares
2. The maximum annual storage is 520,000 m³.
3. The following structures shall be permitted within the **Building/Licensee Area Facility Pad, Building Location and Recycling Area** identified on the plan view of this drawing:
- | Building | Width | Length | Area |
|---------------------|--------|--------|------------------------|
| Scale House | 3.7 m | 12.2 m | 45.1 m ² |
| Quality Control Lab | 3.7 m | 12.2 m | 45.1 m ² |
| Maintenance Shop | 36.6 m | 45.7 m | 1,672.6 m ² |
| Office | 13.7 m | 18.3 m | 250.7 m ² |

4. The licensee intends to retain ownership or control of additional land containing a house (to the northwest of the Main Area) during the extraction operations which will be retained prior to and remove riparian values extraction occurring within 500 metres (drawn) the licensee remain occupied or the property until the licensee shall notify the MNRF immediately and provide information necessary to ensure riparian values are not lost and riparian values are retained.

5. The licence boundaries are within the Credit Valley Source Protection Area but are not located within a wetland protection area or an estate protection zone and will all be impacts to riparian water supplies.

B. Hours of Operation

1. Activities to prepare the Site, such as the stripping of topsoil, construction of the berms, or activities related to the rehabilitation of the Site after the extraction is completed are to be construction activities and are only permitted to occur during the daytime period (7:00am to 7:00pm) Monday to Friday except statutory holidays.
2. Activities to site operations, such as extraction, processing and grinding are permitted to occur during the daytime period (7:00am to 7:00pm) Monday to Saturday, except statutory holidays.
3. Activities related to shipping are permitted from 6:00am to 7:00pm Monday to Saturday, except statutory holidays. Shipping is permitted from 7:00pm to 6:00am only where required to support public authority contracts that necessitate the delivery of aggregate during these hours. Shipping activities from 7:00pm to 6:00am shall be limited to highway trucks and shipping loaders and no other operations shall be permitted.
4. Blasting is permitted from 8:00am to 6:00pm Monday to Friday, except statutory holidays.

C. Site Access and Fencing

1. The existing eastern access point on Charleston Sideroad and the southern access point on Mississauga Road for the Main Area (as shown on drawing 1 of 4) shall be removed during site preparation of the Main Area. The existing eastern access point on Charleston Sideroad (as shown on the plan view) shall remain to access the CBM Caledon PH Quarry office and quality control lab. The northern access point on Mississauga Road (as shown on the plan view) may remain for maintenance purposes only.
2. The two existing access points for the North Area (as shown on drawing 1 of 4) may remain, and shall not be gated, while the North Area is utilized for agricultural purposes (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards). The existing access points on Main Street and Charleston Sideroad (as shown on the plan view) may remain for maintenance purposes only.
3. The four existing access points for the South Area (as shown on drawing 1 of 4) may remain, and shall not be gated, while the South Area is utilized for agricultural purposes (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards). During site preparation of the South Area, the four existing access points on Charleston Sideroad shall be removed. The site access on Mississauga Road (as shown on the plan view) may remain for maintenance purposes only.
4. The main operational entrance/exit is proposed in the location shown on the plan view of this drawing, subject to an agreement with the Regional Police and/or the Ministry of Transportation. See site entrance location on the drawing.
5. The North and South Areas shall be accessed by tunnels beneath both Main Street and Charleston Sideroad in the locations shown on the plan view of this drawing, subject to an agreement with the Region of Peel applicable road authority (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards). Temporary access points shall be permitted in the North and South Areas to facilitate tunnel construction.
6. The operational, office / quality control lab, maintenance and/or temporary access points shall be gated, kept closed during hours of non-operation and maintained throughout the life of the licence.
7. Pile and/or in-hole fencing, a minimum 1.2 metre in height, shall be erected along the licence boundaries and the perimeter of the cell tower area (see Cell Tower Detail on this drawing) in a phased approach (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards). If the fence is removed, fencing shall be replaced. Where perimeter fencing is removed, the fence boundary shall be demarcated with highly visible 1.5m bars with PVC every 30 metres, or less, to maintain visibility from one T-bar to the next.
8. In order to minimize disturbance to existing vegetation, perimeter fencing may be offset up to five metres from the licence boundary (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards). Where perimeter fencing is offset from the licence boundary, the fence boundary shall be demarcated with highly visible 1.5m bars with PVC every 30 metres, or less, to maintain visibility from one T-bar to the next.
9. All fencing shall be maintained for the life of the licence.
10. A sign at least 0.5 metres by 0.5 metres in size shall be erected and maintained at the operational entrance/exit that says in legible words "This site is licensed under the Aggregate Resources Act license # 626600."

D. Drainage and Siltation Control

1. Drainage of undisturbed areas will continue in the directions shown on drawing 1 of 4.
2. Silt fencing shall be installed in a phased approach. Prior to site preparation commencing in the Main, North or South Areas, silt fencing shall be installed on the exterior site line of perimeter berms and along the exterior of significant woodlands as shown on the plan view of this drawing. See Natural Environment note 9.1 under Section O Technical Recommendations on drawing #4 of 5 for additional information.
3. Silt fencing shall be inspected prior to site preparation activities and during extraction operations to ensure that the fencing is being maintained and functioning properly. Any issues that are identified shall be rectified immediately.
4. Silt fencing shall not be removed until vegetation and soil stabilization has occurred to limit sedimentation of the sediments.
- E. Site Preparation
1. Existing structures within the licence boundary not deemed to have cultural heritage potential outside of the Cultural Heritage Potential areas shall be demolished or removed prior to extraction within each Area. Structures with cultural heritage potential within the Cultural Heritage Potential areas shall be subject to the cultural heritage technical recommendations in Section O.4 on drawing 3 of 4.
2. Timber resources shall be salvaged to be used as saw logs, fence posts and fuel wood where appropriate. Cleared stumps and brush may be retained (with applicable permits), used for aquatics habitat enhancement or mulched for use in progressive rehabilitation.
3. Ensure all requirements for natural environment notes 8.3 to 8.9 under Section O Technical Recommendations on drawing #4 of 5 are met, if applicable.
4. Topsoil and overburden shall be stripped and stored separately.
5. Topsoil and overburden shall be placed in randomization/visual berms or used immediately for progressive rehabilitation.
6. Excavate topsoil and overburden not required for immediate use in berms or progressive rehabilitation may be temporarily stockpiled within the limit of extraction in the location shown on the plan view of this drawing. Topsoil and overburden stockpiles in this location shall not exceed eight metres in height and may be located within 30 metres of the licence boundary (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards).
7. In situations where access topsoil and overburden has to be temporarily stockpiled outside the area shown on the plan view of this drawing, stockpiles shall be located within the limit of extraction and remain a maximum of 30 metres from the licence boundary and 30 metres from a property with a residential use.
8. Temporary topsoil and overburden stockpiles which remain for more than one year shall have their slopes vegetated to control erosion. Seeding shall not be required if these stockpiles have vegetation established in the first year.
9. No topsoil shall be removed from the site (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards).
10. Ensure the cultural heritage and archaeological technical recommendations in Sections O.4 to O.5 on drawing #4 of 5 have been completed for the phase undergoing site preparation, if applicable.

F. Berms and Screening

1. Berms shall not be located within three metres of the licence boundary or cell tower area.
2. Berms shall be at a minimum of 1.2 metres in height, except for a section of the berm along the western extent of the Main Area, which shall be a minimum of seven metres in height (see plan view for location).
3. Berm side slopes shall not exceed 2:1 (horizontal : vertical).
4. The minimum width of the berm crest shall be two metres.
5. See Typical Acoustic and Visual Berm detail on this drawing for additional information.
6. Berms shall be seeded in accordance with visual note 6.1 under Section O Technical Recommendations on drawing 3 of 4.
7. Existing vegetation within the setbacks shall be maintained where berms are not required.

G. Site Dewatering

1. Refer to the water technical recommendations in Section O.7 on drawing #4 of 5 for information regarding site dewatering.

H. Extraction Sequence

1. This plan depicts a sequential operation for the property based on the best information available at the time of preparation.
- 1.1. Extraction shall occur in eight phases (Phases 1A, 2A, 2B, 3A, 3B, 4A, 4B and 7A) shown on the plan view.
2. Notwithstanding the operations and rehabilitation notes, demands for certain products or blending of materials may require minor adjustments to the extraction and rehabilitation sequence. Any major deviations from the extraction sequence shown shall require approval from the MNRF.
3. Phase 1
1. Prepare Phase 1 for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections "C" through "G" of this drawing are met.
2. Strip Phase 1 and use the material to construct the perimeter berm for the Main Area.
3. Extract sand and gravel in a northerly direction prior to top of bedrock.
4. Once bedrock is reached, establish Access facility pad for permanent processing area at an elevation of 387.0 m a.s.l.
5. Commence quarrying operations through sinking cut.
6. Continue extracting pit and quarry in a northerly direction before proceeding in a northerly direction.
7. Phase 1 may be extracted to a maximum depth between 384.0 and 382.7 m a.s.l.
8. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling the subsoil and northeast phase boundary to establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing #4 of 5.
9. Prepare Phases 2A and 2B for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections "C" through "G" of this drawing are met.

3. Phases 2A

- 3.1. Strip Phase 2A and use the material to construct the perimeter berm for the North Area, for progressive rehabilitation in Phase 1 or temporarily stockpile the material in the topsoil and overburden stockpile area.
- 3.2. Extract pit and quarry in a northerly direction before proceeding in a southerly direction.
- 3.3. Phase 2A may be extracted to a maximum depth between 387.2 and 382.7 m a.s.l.
- 3.4. Establish tunnel beneath Main Street to connect with Phase 2B.
- 3.5. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling a portion of the phase to pre-extraction grades as well as the side slopes to establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing #4 of 5.
4. Phase 2B
- 4.1. Strip Phase 2B and use the material for progressive rehabilitation in Phases 1 and 2A or temporarily stockpile the material in the topsoil and overburden stockpile area.
- 4.2. Create sinking cut to establish tunnel beneath Main Street to connect with Phase 2A.
- 4.3. Extract pit and quarry in a northerly direction before proceeding in a southerly direction.
- 4.4. Phase 2B may be extracted to a maximum depth between 383.3 and 385.0 m a.s.l.
- 4.5. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling the side slopes and quarry floor to establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing #4 of 5.
- 4.6. Prepare Phase 3 for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections "C" through "G" of this drawing are met.

5. Phase 3

- 5.1. Use the topsoil and overburden stockpiled in Phase 3, as well as the existing material, for progressive rehabilitation in Phases 2A and 2B.
- 5.2. Construct a slurry wall / grout zone in the southwest setback of the Main Area prior to extraction in Phase 3.
- 5.3. Extract pit and quarry in a southerly direction.
- 5.4. Phase 3 may be extracted to a maximum depth between 383.9 and 386.0 m a.s.l.
- 5.5. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling a portion of the phase to pre-extraction grades and side sloping to establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing #4 of 5.
- 5.6. Prepare Phase 4 for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections "C" through "G" of this drawing are met.

6. Phase 4

- 6.1. Use the topsoil and overburden stockpiled in Phase 4, as well as the existing material, for progressive rehabilitation in Phases 2A, 2B, 3A and 3B, and backfilling the tunnel beneath Main Street.
- 6.2. Construct infiltration trenches in the southwest setback of the Main Area prior to extraction in Phase 4.
- 6.3. Extract pit and quarry in a southerly direction before proceeding in a northerly direction.
- 6.4. Phase 4 may be extracted to a maximum depth between 382.3 and 385.9 m a.s.l.
- 6.5. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling a portion of the phase to pre-extraction grades as well as side slopes to establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing #4 of 5.
- 6.6. Prepare Phase 5 for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections "C" through "G" of this drawing are met.

7. Phase 5

- 7.1. Strip Phase 5 and use the material for progressive rehabilitation in Phases 4 and 5 and any other areas requiring backfilling with the Main area. Any remaining topsoil and overburden shall be used for the future progressive rehabilitation in Phases 6 and 7.
- 7.2. Extract pit and quarry in a southerly direction.
- 7.3. Phase 5 may be extracted to a maximum depth between 380.9 and 384.7 m a.s.l.
- 7.4. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling the side slopes (where applicable) to establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing #4 of 5.
- 7.5. A portion of the quarry floor in the southwest corner of Phase 5 shall remain vertical (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards). The exposed rock face will be approximately 12 metres in length.
- 7.6. Prepare Phase 6 for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections "C" through "G" of this drawing are met.

8. Phase 6

- 8.1. Strip Phase 6 and use the material to construct the perimeter berm for the South Area or temporarily stockpile for future use with progressive rehabilitation.
- 8.2. Construct slurry wall / grout zone and infiltration trenches in the southwest and southeast setback of the South Area prior to extraction in Phase 6.
- 8.3. Create sinking cut to establish tunnel beneath Charleston Sideroad to connect with Phase 1.
- 8.4. Extract pit and quarry in a southerly direction.
- 8.5. Phase 6 may be extracted to a maximum depth between 380.0 and 391.4 m a.s.l.
- 8.6. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling the quarry floor and side slopes to establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing #4 of 5.
- 8.7. Prepare Phase 7 for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections "C" through "G" of this drawing are met.

9. Phase 7

- 9.1. Strip Phase 7 and use the material for progressive rehabilitation in Phases 6 and 7.
- 9.2. Extract pit and quarry in a southerly direction before proceeding in a southerly direction.
- 9.3. Phase 7 may be extracted to a maximum depth between 381.3 and 386.0 m a.s.l.
- 9.4. Extract facility pad for Main Area.
- 9.5. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling the quarry floor (including tunnel) and side slopes (where applicable) to establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing #4 of 5.
- 9.6. Upon completion of extraction in Phase 7, the slurry wall adjacent to the infiltration trenches in the southwest and southeast corner of the South Area shall be removed and backfilled with sand.
- 9.7. A portion of the quarry face in the southwest and southeast corner of Phase 7 shall remain vertical (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards). The exposed rock face will be approximately 465 metres in length. Two access points shall be established in the quarry face to provide access to the locations shown on the plan view of drawing #4 of 5. The access points shall be backfilled with highly permeable sandy material (10:6) or uncompacted 18 (10:4) should be compacted 18 to be placed, the access points shall not exceed 30 metres in width.

I. Extraction Details

1. All areas within five metres of the excavation face inside the limit of extraction shall be removed.
2. The maximum height of a lift within the pit shall not be greater than 1.5 metres above the highest reaching excavating equipment being utilized on-site.
3. The maximum height of a lift within the quarry shall be 25 metres.
4. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 1 is approximately 27 metres. Areas of Phase 1 that are less than 25 metres in depth shall be extracted in one lift while areas greater than 25 metres in depth shall be extracted in two lifts.
5. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 2A is approximately 14 metres and shall be extracted in one lift.
6. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 2B is approximately 16 metres and shall be extracted in one lift.
7. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 3 is approximately 27 metres. Areas of Phase 3 that are less than 25 metres in depth shall be extracted in one lift while areas greater than 25 metres in depth shall be extracted in two lifts.
8. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 4 is approximately 27 metres. Areas of Phase 4 that are less than 25 metres in depth shall be extracted in one lift while areas greater than 25 metres in depth shall be extracted in two lifts.
9. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 5 is approximately 25 metres and shall be extracted in one lift.
10. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 6 is approximately 16 metres and shall be extracted in one lift.
11. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 7 is approximately 16 metres and shall be extracted in one lift.
12. Extraction may occur concurrently in Phases 2A and 2B.
13. Extraction shall be permitted in Phase 2A simultaneously to allow for transition between phases.
14. Bearing shall be permitted only during extraction, excluding statutory holidays, during the hours specified in note 8.4 on this drawing. However, it is anticipated that the frequency of shifts will typically be two shifts per week.
15. As excavation reaches the limit of extraction, material extraction, progressive rehabilitation shall commence in the locations to be backfilled.
16. Aggregate stockpiles (including reusable material) shall be located within the limit of extraction and remain a minimum of 30 metres from the licence boundary and 50 metres from a property with a residential use.
17. Berms that encroach within the limit of extraction shall be removed, and the underlying aggregate may be extracted, as part of final extraction/rehabilitation of the site.
18. Internal hard road locations will vary on the pit and quarry floor as extraction progresses.

J. Equipment and Processing

1. Equipment used on-site may include jaw crushers, excavators, bulldozers, all wheel loaders, screeners, conveyors, hoppers, mobile cone crushers, off-high generators, front end loaders, shipping loaders, shipping trucks, haul trucks, and water trucks.
2. Processing equipment shall remain a minimum of 30 metres from the licence boundary and 50 metres from a property with a residential use.
3. Processing equipment in the Main Area will initially be portable and shall be situated in the location identified on the Noise Mitigation Schematic on this drawing or drawing #4 of 5. As operations progress and the top of bedrock is exposed, a permanent processing plant will be constructed within the facility and area Main Area as shown on the plan view of this drawing. Once the permanent processing plant is operational within the facility pad area, the temporary processing plant in the Main Area shall be demolished. In Phase 6 (South Area) processing plant consisting of a primary crusher and primary conveyor (located from the Main Area) shall be constructed in the location identified on the Noise Mitigation Schematic on this drawing or drawing #4 of 5 once sufficient area is extracted within Phase 6. During Phase 6, the temporary permanent processing equipment located in the facility pad area (Main Area) will remain operational until extraction of the facility pad area is required in Phase 7. Prior to the extraction of aggregate from beneath the facility pad area, the temporary permanent processing equipment in the facility pad area will be demolished and portable processing equipment will be relocated to the quarry floor in the Main Area for the duration of the operation.

K. Fuel Storage

1. Fuel storage tanks shall be located in close proximity to the maintenance shop. Fuel storage tanks shall be installed and maintained in accordance with the Technical Standards and Safety Act and Local Fuel Regulation 217(3).
2. All fuel tanks shall be double skinned or placed in containment facilities large enough to hold the tanks maximum volume.
3. Fuel trucks shall be used to transfer fuel to on-site equipment in accordance with the Local Fuels Handling Code.
4. A Spill Contingency Plan shall be prepared and implemented prior to site preparation. The Spill Contingency Plan shall be available on-site and all employees and contractors shall be informed and required to comply with the plan.

L. Scrap and Recycling

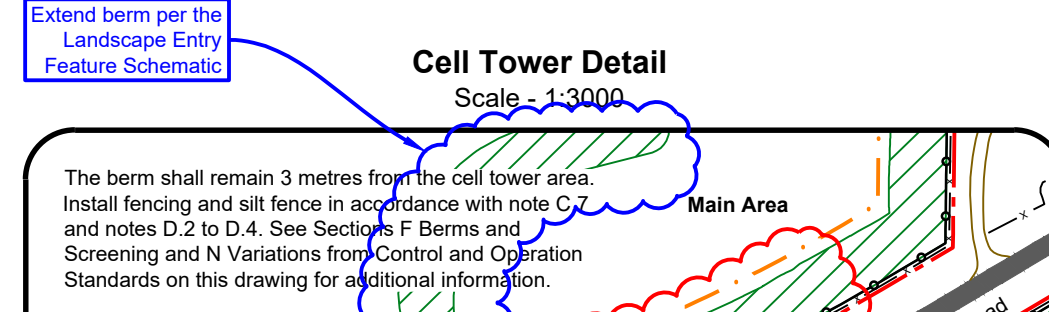
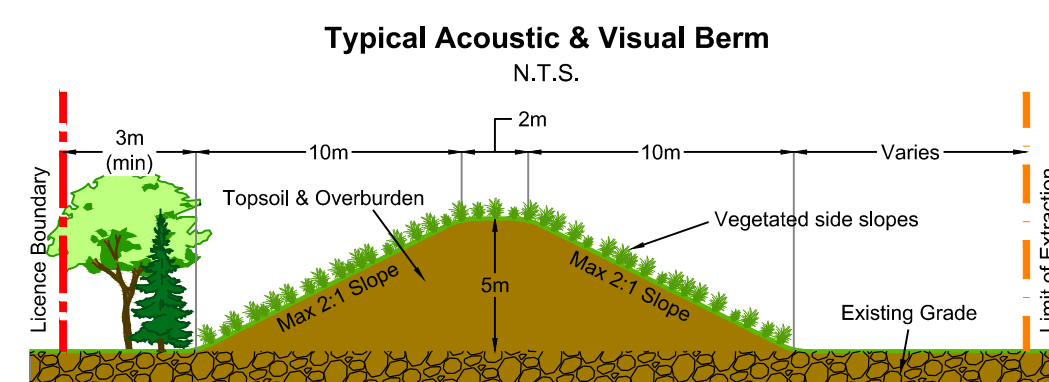
1. Scrap may be stored on-site within the Facility Pad, Building Location and Recycling Area identified on the plan view of this drawing (see note 3.1 on this drawing for additional information) and shall be removed on an ongoing basis.
2. Scrap shall only include material generated directly as a result of the aggregate operation such as rebar, debris, scrap metal, lumber, discarded machinery, equipment and motor vehicles.
3. All fuel tanks shall be removed from any discarded equipment, machinery or motor vehicle prior to storage and disposal of it in accordance with the Environmental Protection Act.
4. Scrap shall not be stored within 30 metres of any body of water or the licence boundary, and shall be kept in close proximity to the main processing plant.
5. Recycling of materials shall be permitted on-site.
6. Recyclable material shall be kept in close proximity to the main processing plant within the Facility Pad, Building Location and Recycling Area identified on the plan view of this drawing (see note 3.1 on this drawing for additional information).
7. Rebar or other structural metal shall be separated from recyclable aggregate material during processing and placed in a designated scrap pile within which shall be removed on an ongoing basis.
8. Recycled aggregate shall be removed on an ongoing basis.
9. Recycling activities shall not interfere with the operational phases of the site or with rehabilitation.
10. Once the site is depleted, no further importation of recyclable material shall be permitted.
11. Once final rehabilitation has been completed and approved in accordance with the site plan, all recycling operations shall cease.
12. The site shall be kept in an orderly condition.
- M. Maximum Disturbed Area
1. The maximum disturbed area is 95.0 hectares. Disturbed areas shall include active extraction areas, stockpile areas, internal haul routes, areas being progressively rehabilitated and berms until they are vegetated. Areas that have been side-sloped and vegetated, and the adjacent un-vegetated or forested wooded quarry floor (see stockpiles and equipment removed), shall not constitute disturbed areas.

N. Variations from Control and Operation Standards

Section 6.13 Standard	Variation	Rationale
(1) 1 & 2	1. A gate shall not be required for the tunnel crossings. 2. Gates shall not be required in an Area that is not currently undergoing site preparation.	1. The tunnel crossings are beneath the road allowance. Therefore, access is already restricted. 2. This will enable agricultural operations to continue without being impeded by site preparation.
(1) 3	A clear view of the road in both directions shall not be provided at the tunnel crossings.	The tunnel crossings are beneath the road allowance. Therefore, visibility in both directions is not possible.
(1) 9 & 10 A	1. Excavation may occur within the setbacks at the tunnel crossings. 2. Excavation may occur within the setbacks where the groundwater infiltration trenches and slurry walls are located.	1. This will facilitate construction associated with the tunnel crossings. 2. This will facilitate construction associated with the groundwater infiltration trench and slurry wall.
(1) 11	Aggregate overburden may be removed from the setbacks where the groundwater infiltration trenches are slurry walls are located.	1. This will facilitate construction associated with the tunnel crossings and the groundwater infiltration trench and slurry wall.
(1) 13	Topsoil and overburden within the Topsoil and Overburden Stockpile Area may be stockpiled within 30 metres of the licence boundary.	The Topsoil and Overburden Stockpile Area is adjacent to additional land owned by the licensee.
(1) 17	Topsoil and overburden may be transferred between the Main, North and South Areas.	This will allow stockpiled material from site preparation to be used for berm construction, progressive rehabilitation and/or temporary stockpiling in any Area.
(1) 19 & 19.4	1. The minimum side slope within the sand and gravel deposit areas shall be 2:1. 2. A portion of the extraction face in Phases 5 and 7 shall remain vertical and the northwesterly corner of Phase 7.	1. This will enable side slopes to transition seamlessly between the pit and quarry excavation areas. 2. Leaving a portion of the extraction face in Phases 5 and 7 will allow for the water mitigation requirements.
(3) (a)	1. Fencing shall be installed in a phased approach. 2. Fencing may be offset up to five metres from the licence boundary. 3. Fencing shall be installed around the perimeter of the cell tower area.	1. This will minimize the removal of existing trees to accommodate the perimeter fencing. 2. This will minimize the removal of existing trees to accommodate the perimeter fencing. 3. It is the responsibility of the cell tower operator to control access to the area in a manner that they deem appropriate.

Move Table 3 from previous drawing 3 of 4 to this drawing

Receptor	Address	Distance	Receptor	Address	Distance
POR001	18147 Mississauga Road	200 m	POR049	18137 Cataract Road	290 m
POR002	18169 Mississauga Road	180 m	POR041	18120 Cataract Road	290 m
POR003	18205 Mississauga Road	160 m	POR042	10 Dangle Lane	210 m
POR004	18221 Mississauga Road	160 m	POR043	38 Wilton Street	280 m
POR005	18234 Mississauga Road	200 m	POR044	42 Wilton Street	290 m
POR006	18309 Mississauga Road	170 m	POR045	48 Wilton Street	260 m
POR007	833 Charleston Sideroad	470 m	POR046	48 Wilton Street	300 m
POR008	18815 Mississauga Road	150 m	POR047	33 Wilton Street	340 m
POR009	18827 Mississauga Road	160 m	POR048	47 Wilton Street	320 m
POR010	18852 Mississauga Road	200 m	POR049	61 Wilton Street	330 m
POR011	18785 Mississauga Road	220 m	POR050	71 Wilton Street	340 m
POR012	18837 Mississauga Road	200 m	POR051	77 Wilton Street	340 m
POR013	18959 Main Street	460 m	POR052	59 Wilton Street	330 m
POR014	18942 Main Street	590 m	POR053	26 Albert Street	340 m
POR015	18842 Main Street	240 m	POR054	1392 Cataract Road	380 m
POR016	18810 Main Street	240 m	POR055	18601 Cataract Road	480 m
POR017	18796 Main Street	200 m	POR056	1501 Cataract Road	480 m
POR018	18775 Main Street	320 m	POR057	1460 Cataract Road	490 m
POR019	18772 Main Street	100 m	POR058	1446 Cataract Road	490 m
POR020	18719 Main Street	150 m	POR059	1463 Cataract Road	490 m
POR021	18659 Main Street	150 m	POR060	1453 Cataract Road	450 m
POR022	18473 Main Street	150 m	POR061	1437 Cataract Road	460 m
POR023	18471 Main Street	150 m	POR062	1434 Cataract Road	380 m
POR024	1700 Charleston Sideroad	150 m	POR063	1432 Cataract Road	390 m
POR025	PN 14217101	310 m	POR064	1434 Cataract Road	450 m
POR026	1626 Charleston Sideroad	150 m	POR065	1425 Cataract Road	470 m
POR027	1540 Charleston Sideroad	220 m	POR066	1411 Cataract Road	450 m
POR028	1622 Charleston Sideroad	150 m	POR067	1391 Cataract Road	450 m
POR029	1521 Charleston Sideroad	160 m	POR068	1375 Cataract Road	410 m
POR030	1520 Charleston Sideroad	150 m	POR069	1369 Cataract Road	400 m
POR031	1521 Charleston Sideroad	100 m	POR070	1357 Cataract Road	380 m
POR032	18217 Cataract Road	160 m	POR071	1341 Cataract Road	380 m
POR033	18201 Cataract Road	170 m	POR072	1327 Cataract Road	320 m
POR034	18198 Cataract Road	150 m	POR073	1342 Cataract Road	290 m
POR035	18182 Cataract Road	160 m	POR074	1331 Cataract Road	300 m
POR036	18164 Cataract Road	160 m	POR075	1297 Cataract Road	290 m
POR037	18148 Cataract Road	180 m	POR076	1275 Cataract Road	280 m
POR038	18140 Cataract Road	240 m	POR077	1195 Cataract Road	330 m
POR039	18132 Cataract Road	200 m			

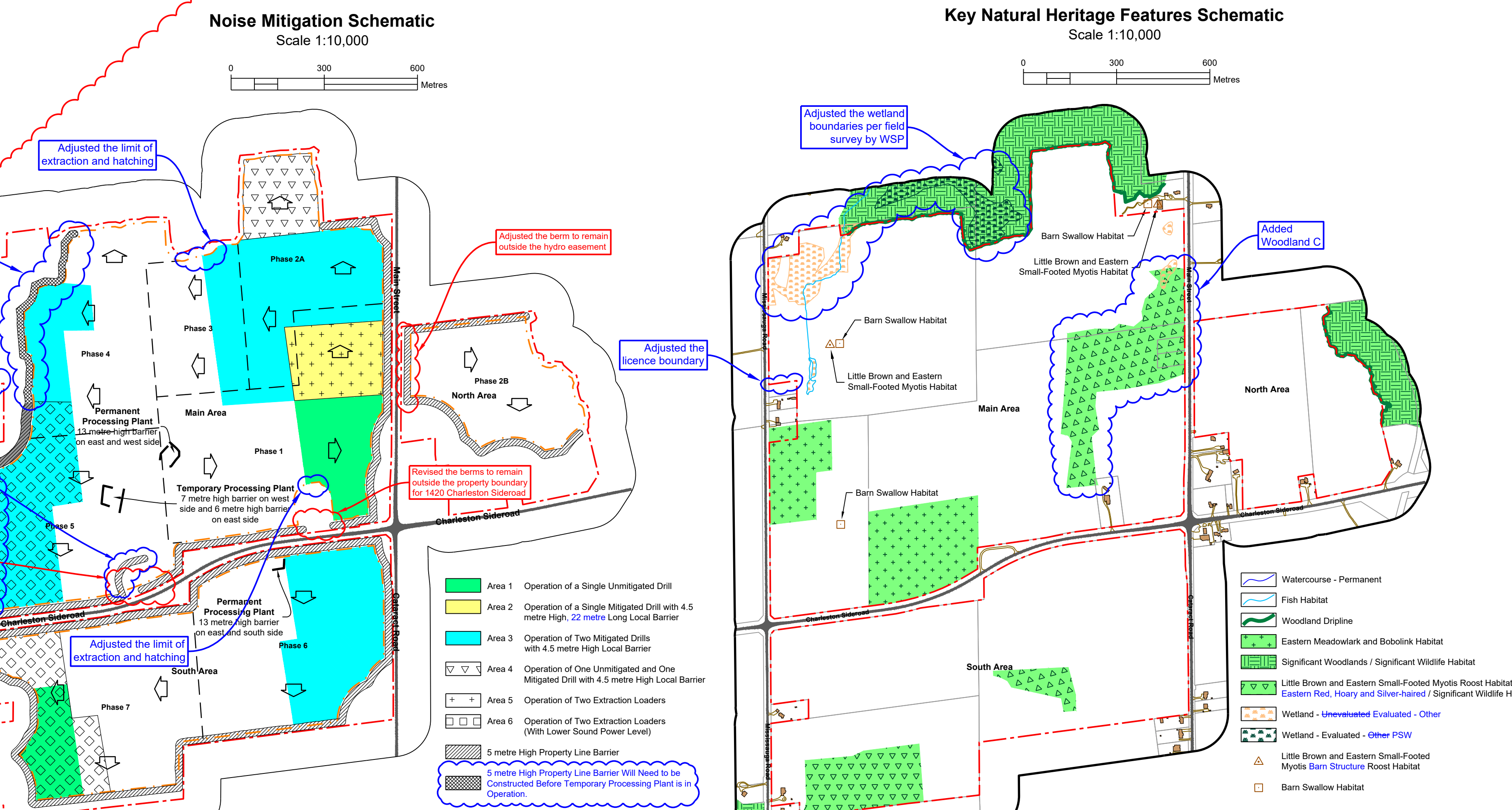
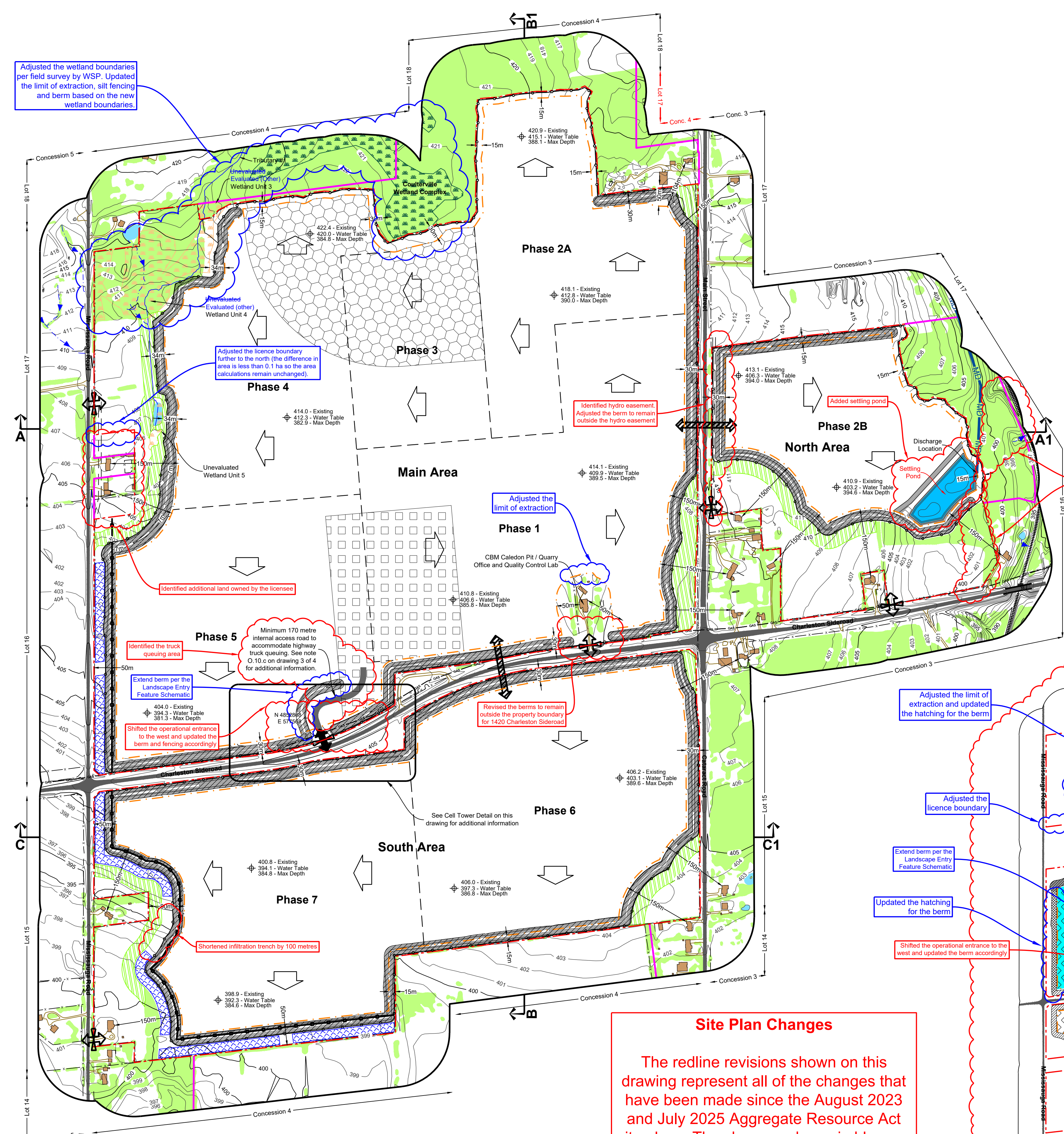


Noise Mitigation Schematic

Scale 1:10,000

Key Natural Heritage Features Schematic

Scale 1:10,000



Site Plan Changes

The redline revisions shown on this drawing represent all of the changes that have been made since the August 2023 and July 2025 Aggregate Resource Act site plans. The changes shown in blue are revisions made to the July 2025 site plan.

Legal Description

Part of Lots 15-1746, Concession 4 WSCR and Part of Lot 16, Concession 3 WSCR (former geographic Township of Caledon)
Township of Caledon
Regional Municipality of Peel

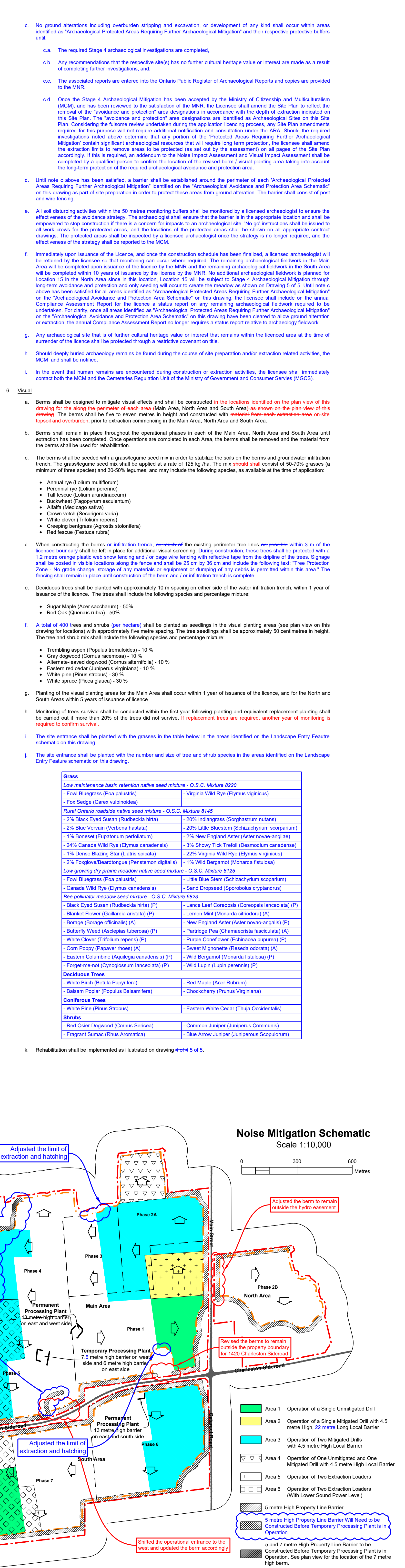
Legend

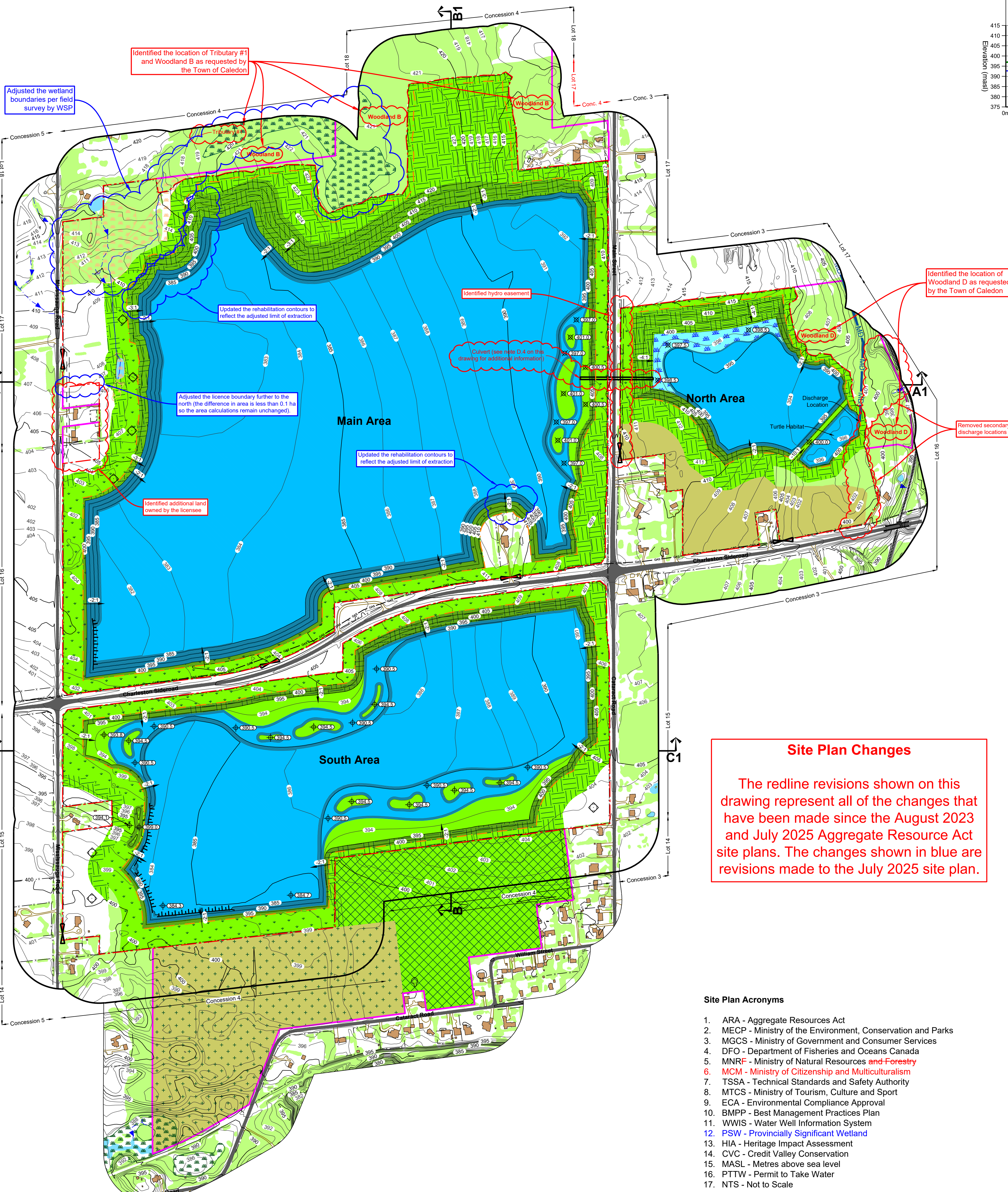
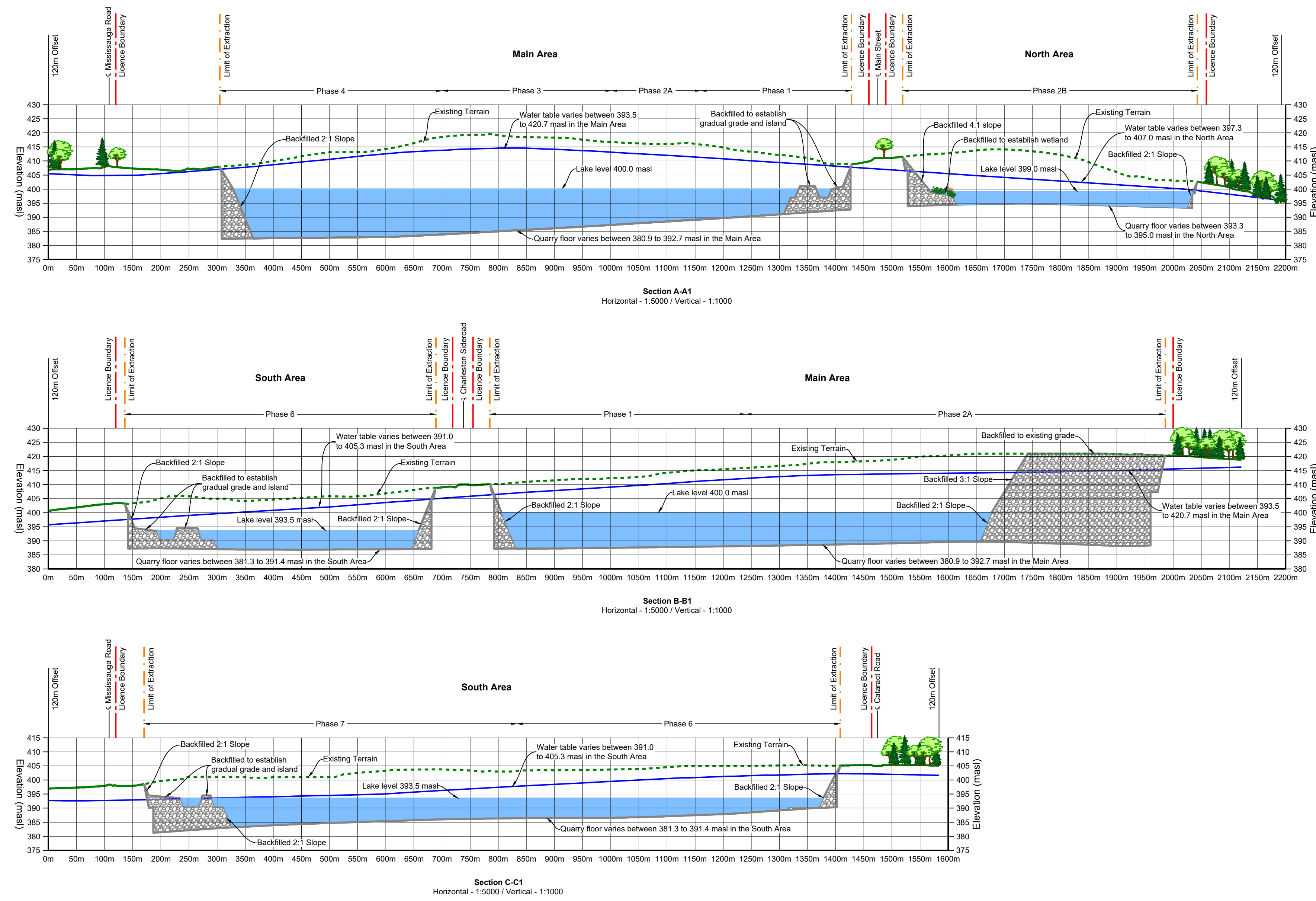
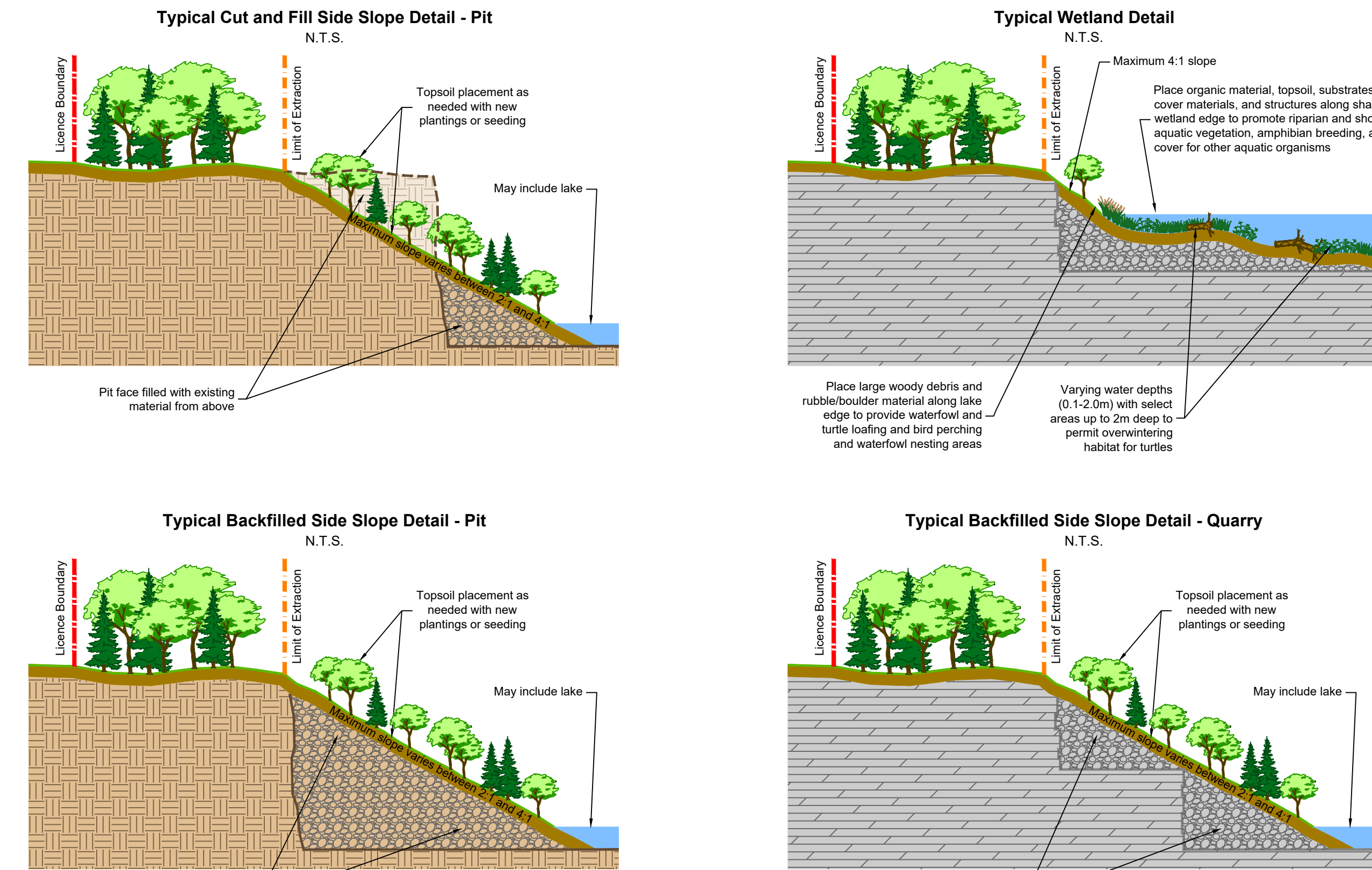
- Licence Boundary
- Limit of Extraction
- Contours with Elevation
- Public Road
- Driveway
- Railway
- Entrance / Exit Operational Access
- Entrance / Exit Official and Maintenance Access
- Tunnel Crossing
- Gate
- Watercourse
- Watercourse
- Water Feature
- Wooded Area
- Wetland
- Wetland
- Visual Planting Area
- Additional Land Owned by Licensee
- 120m Offset From Licence Boundary
- Easement
- Pipeline
- Fence
- Silt Fence
- Main Discharge
- Secondary Discharge
- Berm (with 2:1 side slopes)
- General Direction of Excavation & Boundary
- Building/Structure
- Topsoil & Overburden Stockpile Area
- Facility Pad, and Building Location and Recycling Area
- Archaeological Protection Area
- Infiltration Trench
- Slurry Wall
- Spot Elevation
- Cross Sections

Site Plan Acronyms

- ARA - Aggregate Resources Act
- MEOP - Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks
- MGCS - Ministry of Government and Consumer Services
- DFO - Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada
- MNRF - Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry
- MCN - Ministry of Citizenship and Multiculturalism
- TSSA - Technical Standards and Safety Authority
- MTCOS - Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport
- ECFA - Environmental Compliance Approval
- BMP - Best Management Practices Plan
- WVMS - Water Well Information System
| 13 | PSW - Provincially Significant Wetland |
| 13 | HIA - Heritage Impact Assessment |
| 14 | CVC - Credit Valley Conservation |
| 15 | MASL - Metres above sea level |
| 16 | PTTW - Permit to Take Water |
| 17 | NTS - Not to Scale |

Site Plan Amendments





Site Plan Changes

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Site Plan Acronyms

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- ECA - Environmental Compliance Approval
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- MASL - Metres above sea level
- PTTW - Permit to Take Water
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PROGRESSIVE REHABILITATION

A. General

- Area Calculations:
 - Licence (total): **261.2 hectares**
 - Main Area: 151.5 hectares
 - North Area: 30.3 hectares
 - South Area: 79.4 hectares
 - Limit of Extraction (total): **199.36 hectares**
 - Main Area: 123.48 hectares
 - North Area: 16.0 hectares
 - South Area: 59.8 hectares
 - Final rehabilitation within licence (total): **261.2 hectares**
 - Gradual grade or island: 7.8 hectares
 - Grassland: 157.79 hectares
 - Lake: 7.6 hectares
 - Wetland: 1.8 hectares
 - Woodland: 46.2 hectares
 - Existing conditions: 15.144 hectares

B. Phasing

- As excavation reaches the limit of extraction or maximum depth, progressive rehabilitation shall commence. See note M.1 on drawing 2 of 54 for the maximum disturbance area requirement for rehabilitation of the site.
- Progressive rehabilitation shall follow the general direction and sequence of extraction identified on the plan view and described in the notes on drawing 2 of 54.
- Minor deviations in operational and rehabilitation sequence shall be permitted in order to adjust for any variable resource or market conditions.
- Each phase of extraction shall undergo progressive rehabilitation, prior to proceeding to the next phase of extraction.
- Progressive rehabilitation activities shall include sloping and grading, placement of overburden and topsoil, tree and shrub planting.

C. Slopes and Grading

- Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling the excavation faces (where applicable), tunnels and quarry floors to establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of this drawing using topsoil and overburden available on-site. A portion of the extraction face in the northern corner of Phases 5 and 7 (as shown on the plan view) shall remain vertical (see notes 4.3.5 and 4.1.7 on drawing 2 of 54 for additional information).
- Upon completion of extraction in Phase 7, the dump yard adjacent to the infiltration trenches in the southwest end-south-east corner of the South Area shall be excavated and backfilled with sand.
- Side sloping on-site will range from 2:1 to 4:1 as well as gradual grades (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards on drawing 2 of 54).
- No exposed soil shall be imported on site for rehabilitation purposes.
- Prior to the placement of subsoil and topsoil in locations where the quarry floor has been backfilled to establish gradual grades, islands and wetlands, the quarry floor shall be ripped and tilled to alleviate compaction, if required.

D. Drainage

- Final surface drainage will follow the rehabilitated contours and directional arrows shown on the plan view of this drawing.
- Once operations in the North Area, South Area and Main Area have been completed and the rehabilitated landform has been established, pumping shall cease, and the level allowed to flood and form the Main, North and South pond. The Main, North and South pond water levels post-rehabilitation are predicted to reach a level of approximately -400, -399 and -392.5 masl, respectively.
- The South pond will be self contained and not require an overflow duct.
- The Main pond overflow shall be directed via a culvert under Main Street (as shown on the plan view of this drawing) to the North pond with its outlet invert at -403 masl.
- The North pond overflow shall be directed via main outlet to the Quarry Valley Golf Course Irrigation pond system with its outlet invert at -399 masl.
- All rehabilitated pond levels and outlets will be passive and not require pumping.

E. Natural Environment

- Lake Shoreline - Main, North and South Area
 - The shoreline of the lakes shall be contoured where possible to create convoluted or irregular shoreline gradients.
 - Where sloping and excavation depths allow, slopes or islands shall be created to increase habitat diversity.
 - Stumps and logs shall be placed along the shoreline as wildlife habitat structure. Boundaries and rock rubble from the extraction shall also be used for wildlife habitat structure.
- Woodland - Main Area
 - The woodland in the Main Area, as shown on the plan view, shall be planted with tree species representative of the woodland communities that will be removed, such as sugar maple, American beech, paper birch (Betula papyrifera), white oak, balsam fir, eastern hemlock, red maple, trembling aspen, black cherry, alternate-leaved dogwood, grey dogwood, red-cedar dogwood.
 - Trees shall be planted at approximately 2.5 m spacing to achieve a density of 1,600 seedlings per hectare. Ten years after planting, the largest density and shall be 1,600 seedlings per hectare with a survival rate of 75%. In the monitoring period, if the planting shall be completed, if required to ensure the woodland achieves a minimum density of 1,200 trees per hectare.
 - Habitat control shall be implemented at the time of planting for deer, rabbits and rodents and shall include guards and/or stem repellents.
- Habitat for eastern small-footed moths, and little brown moths, eastern red, hoary and silver-haired - Main Area
 - Rock piles shall be placed in the locations shown on the plan view to create habitat for eastern small-footed moths. Rock piles shall vary in size and height between 0.5 m and 2 m. Overlays shall be created through stacking slabs of flat rock varying in size from several centimetres to one meter long.
 - Bat boxes shall be installed in the same location as the rock piles to provide habitat for little brown moths.
- Setback areas / Slopes - Main, North and South Area
 - All slopes located above the final water level shall be seeded with an appropriate native, non-invasive seed mix to prevent erosion during operations.
 - Native plantings shall be expanded naturally through seed rain.
 - Along the setback to significant Woodland B, as shown on drawing 1 of 54, plant species representative of the existing woodland, such as sugar maple (Acer saccharum), American beech (Fagus grandifolia), paper birch (Betula papyrifera), white oak (Quercus alba), white cedar (Thuja occidentalis), balsam poplar (Populus balsamifera), eastern hemlock (Tsuga canadensis), trembling aspen (Populus tremuloides), black cherry (Prunus serotina), alternate-leaved dogwood (Cornus alternifolia), grey dogwood (Cornus rostrata), shall be planted.
 - Along the setback to significant Woodland D as shown on drawing 1 of 54, plant species representative of the existing woodland, such as sugar maple (Acer saccharum), American beech (Fagus grandifolia), red oak (Quercus rubra), paper birch (Betula papyrifera), black walnut (Juglans nigra), American elm (Ulmus americana), alternate-leaved dogwood (Cornus alternifolia), shall be planted.
 - On north-facing slopes and setbacks which are expected to be cooler and moister, plant species such as white cedar (Thuja occidentalis), white spruce (Picea glauca), Norway spruce (Picea abies), red maple (Acer rubrum), paper birch (Betula papyrifera), American basswood (Fraxinus americana), black cherry (Prunus serotina), bar oak (Quercus macrocarpa), shall be planted.
 - On the east-facing slopes and setbacks, plant species such as white pine (Pinus strobus), white cedar (Thuja occidentalis), white spruce (Picea glauca), European larch (Larix laricina), trembling aspen (Populus tremuloides), balsam poplar (Populus balsamifera), sugar maple (Acer saccharum), black cherry (Prunus serotina), bar oak (Quercus macrocarpa), shall be planted.
 - Within the setback and slope areas shrubs shall also be planted to add diversity and increase wildlife/habitat diversity, such as serviceberry (Amelanchier spp.), nannyberry (Viburnum lentago), shadblow (Physocarpus opulifolius), dogwood (Cornus spp.), highbush cranberry (Viburnum opulus), dogberry (Sambucus spp.), choke cherry (Prunus virginiana).

5. Shoreline Wetland - Main, North and South Areas

- Organic material shall be placed in shallow water areas to promote the establishment of shoreline and aquatic vegetation and to create habitat for aquatic birds and amphibians. Stumps and trees of non-commercial value shall be stockpiled during clearing operations and used as habitat structure. Boundaries and rock rubble from the extraction operation shall also be used to increase habitat diversity along the shoreline areas where possible.
- In the shoreline wetland areas, shallow emergent marsh vegetation shall be planted in the water with species that may consist of, but are not limited to: reed bed (Phragmites australis), slender yellow (Sagittaria arifolia), and herbaceous plants such as water plantain (Alisma plantago-aquatica), lake sedge (Carex lasiocarpa), swamp milkweed (Asclepias incarnata), softstem bulrush (Scirpus americanus) and common cattail (Typha latifolia).
- Riparian Plantings - Main Area
 - Riparian plantings along Tributary #1, as shown on drawing 2 of 54, shall include a variety of native species including, but not limited to, white cedar (Thuja occidentalis), balsam poplar (Populus balsamifera), dense yellow (Sagittaria arifolia), slender yellow (Sagittaria arifolia), red-cedar dogwood (Cornus rostrata), nannyberry (Viburnum lentago), elderberry (Sambucus racemosa), meadowweet (Spiraea sp.), foal bluegrass (Poa palustris), lake sedge (Carex lasiocarpa), fox sedge (Carex lasiocarpa), blue vervain (Verbena hastata), and spiky rush species (Eleocharis spp.).
- Turtle Habitat - North Area
 - Turtle habitat shall be created in the North Area in the location shown on the plan view.
 - The turtle habitat pond shall include sediment on the pond bottom to provide a growing medium for plants, and provide habitat for turtles (e.g., overwintering).
 - Plant emergent macrophytes shall include species such as pickereweed (Pontederica cordata), broad-leaved arrowhead (Sagittaria latifolia), water plantain species (Alisma spp.), cattail (Typha sp.), common arrowhead (Ceratophyllum demersum).
 - Plant submergent macrophytes shall include species such as elodea (Zostera marina), broad waterweed (Elodea canadensis), slender reed (Najas flexilis), common hornwort (Ceratophyllum demersum).
 - Basking features such as logs or rocks shall be placed throughout the shallow shoreline areas.
 - Areas of suitable nesting substrate shall be constructed along or adjacent to the shoreline.
- Meadow in North Area
 - Meadow habitat for eastern meadowlark and bobolink shall be created in the North Area outside of the limit of extraction at the location shown on the plan view.
 - A minimum of 60-80% of the meadow shall be covered by at least three different grass species, such as: poverty oatgrass (Danthonia spicata), bottlebrush grass (Elymus hystrix), common panic grass (Panicum capillare), big bluestem (Andropogon gerardii), Canada wild rye (Elymus canadensis), switch grass (Panicum virgatum), wood-grass (Scirpus opimus), Virginia wild rye (Elymus virginicus).
 - At least one of the grass species will be taller than 90 cm, which shall include at least one of the following: bottlebrush grass (1.3 m), big bluestem (3.0 m), Canada wild rye (1.3 m), switch grass (1.8 m).
 - Remaining 20-40% shall be covered by forbs or legumes such as Canada anemone (Anemone canadensis), black-eyed susan (Rudbeckia hirta), common evening primrose (Oenothera biennis), common milkweed (Asclepias syriaca), yellow (Achillea millefolium), New England aster (Symphyotrichum novae-angliae), and wild bergamot (Monarda fistulosa).
 - Meadow seed mixes shall be sown at a rate of 25kg/ha.

6. The off-site meadow and off-site woodland (as shown on this drawing and drawings 3 and 4 of 5) shall be planted within 5 years of issuance of the licence in accordance with the following requirements:

Off-site Ecological Enhancement Plan - Meadow

- Meadow habitat shall be created in the off-site meadow habitat area in the location as shown on the plan view.
 - A minimum of 60-80% of the meadow will be covered by at least three different grass species, such as: poverty oatgrass (Danthonia spicata), bottlebrush grass (Elymus hystrix), common panic grass (Panicum capillare), big bluestem (Andropogon gerardii), Canada wild rye (Elymus canadensis), switch grass (Panicum virgatum), wood-grass (Scirpus opimus), Virginia wild rye (Elymus virginicus).
 - At least one of the grass species will be taller than 90 cm, which includes the following: bottlebrush grass (1.3 m), big bluestem (3.0 m), Canada wild rye (1.3 m), switch grass (1.8 m).
 - Remaining 20-40% will be covered by forbs or legumes such as Canada anemone (Anemone canadensis), black-eyed susan (Rudbeckia hirta), common evening primrose (Oenothera biennis), common milkweed (Asclepias syriaca), yellow (Achillea millefolium), New England aster (Symphyotrichum novae-angliae), and wild bergamot (Monarda fistulosa).
 - Meadow seed mixes shall be sown at 25kg/ha.

Off-site Ecological Enhancement Plan - Woodland

- Woodland habitat shall be created in the off-site woodland habitat area in the location as shown on the plan view.
 - This woodland will be planted with tree species representative of the woodland communities that will be removed, such as: sugar maple (Acer saccharum), American beech (Fagus grandifolia), black cherry (Prunus serotina), American basswood (Tilia americana), Eastern hop-hornbeam (Ostrya virginiana), Eastern hemlock (Tsuga canadensis), and American elm (Ulmus americana).
 - Trees shall be planted at approximately 2.5 m spacing to achieve a density of 1,600 seedlings per hectare. The trees shall be monitored for five years to achieve a 75% survival rate. During the monitoring period, if the planting shall be completed, if required to ensure the woodland achieves a minimum density of 1,200 trees per hectare.
 - This woodland will also be planted to include shrub species representative of the woodland communities that will be removed, such as: alternate-leaved dogwood (Cornus alternifolia), choke cherry (Prunus virginiana), smooth serviceberry (Amelanchier spicata), round-leaved dogwood (Cornus rugosa), red elderberry (Sambucus racemosa).
 - Other species that may be added to supplement the woodland include species such as: red oak (Quercus rubra), white oak (Quercus alba), black maple (Acer nigrum), mountain maple (Acer spicatum), northern holly (Ilex opacifolia), Canada holly (Ilex canadensis), holly (Ilex opacifolia), Canada holly (Ilex canadensis), pin cherry (Prunus pennsylvanica), maple-leaved viburnum (Viburnum acerifolium).
 - Habitat control shall be implemented at the time of planting for deer, rabbits and rodents and shall include guards and/or stem repellents.

FINAL REHABILITATION

A. General

- All equipment and buildings/structures on the quarry floor shall be removed from the site. The buildings/structures located at 1420 Charleston Boulevard (located in an office and quality control lab during operations) may remain on-site.
- No internal haul roads shall remain.
- The anticipated final end use will be naturalized open spaces with the creation of lakes, vegetated shorelines, islands, vertical faces, wetlands, shallow flooded areas, riparian plantings adjacent to the existing watercourse, noise shrub and tree planting on upland areas, grassland meadows and sporadic habitat features for bats and turtles.
- The long term average lake levels are:
 - Main - 400.0 masl
 - North - 399.0 masl
 - South - 392.5 masl
- All plantings completed as part of rehabilitation will be assessed two years after planting to assess planting survival rates and additional plantings shall be required to meet the target density of 1,600 seedlings per hectare. All plantings completed as part of rehabilitation will be assessed two years after planting to assess planting survival rates and additional plantings shall be required to meet the target density of 1,600 seedlings per hectare.
- During monitoring of rehabilitated areas and the off-site ecological enhancement areas, invasive species control methods may include of required mowing, soil stages, spot burning using a drip torch, and flooding. Herbicide application shall be undertaken on a species-specific basis and shall only be applied to the target species and not to the surrounding vegetation. Spot spraying and weeding devices shall be used to minimize the inadvertent spread of herbicide to native vegetation.
- During monitoring of rehabilitated areas and the off-site meadow area, the licensee shall also complete visual inspection of the following habitat features for species that are listed below and rock piles for the presence of bats and signs during the active period between May and August, turtle habitat twice during the active period between May and July, and meadow habitat twice during the breeding season between May and July.

Legal Description

Part of Lots 15-1746, Concession 4 WSCR and Part of Lot 16, Concession 3 WSCR (former geographic Township of Caledon)
Township of Caledon
Regional Municipality of Peel

Legend

- Licence Boundary
- Limit of Extraction
- Contours with Elevation
- Watercourse
- Watercourse
- Water Feature
- Wooded Area
- Wetland
- Wetland
- Gradual Grade / Island
- Grassland
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- Lake
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- Off-site Woodland
- Off-site Meadow
- Additional Land Owned by Licensee
- 120m Offset From Licence Boundary
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- Main Discharge
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- Fence
- Extraction Face
- Public Road
- Driveway
- Railway
- Gate
- Building/Structure
- Proposed Floor Elevation
- Proposed Final Grade
- Rock Pile & Bat Box Locations
- Cross Sections

Legend - Cross Sections

- Licence Boundary
- Limit of Extraction
- Existing Grade - Removed / Altered
- Existing Grade - Undisturbed
- Maximum Predicted Water Table
- Quarry Floor
- Backfilled
- Lake

Site Plan Amendments

No.	Date	Description	By
1	May 2025	Updated the site plan to address agency comments	C.P.
2	July 2025	Updated the site plan to address agency and public comments	C.P.
3	May 2025	Updated the site plan to address agency and public comments	C.P.
4	March 2025	Updated the site plan to address agency and public comments	C.P.

No.	Date	Description	By
1	August 2024	Updated the site plan to address the MNR's comments from their letter dated January 11, 2024 and the Town of Caledon's comments from their letter dated November 17, 2023.	C.P.
2	August 2023	Revised drawing to incorporate updated technical report recommendations	C.P.

No.	Date	Description	By
1	May 2025	Updated the site plan to address agency comments	C.P.
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PLANNING URBAN DESIGN & LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

113 COLESTER STREET, BARRE, ON L4M 1H2 | P: 705.728.0415 | F: 705.728.2010 | WWW.MHBCAN.COM

Brian Zeman
Is authorized by the Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry pursuant to Subsection 0.2(3) of the Ontario Regulation 244/97 to prepare and certify site plans.

Christopher Poole
Is authorized by the Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry pursuant to Subsection 0.2(3) of the Ontario Regulation 244/97 to prepare and certify site plans.

cbm
CBM Aggregates a Division of
St. Marys Cement Inc. (Canada)
55 Industrial Street
Toronto, Ontario
M4G 3W9

VOTANTIM
Cimentaires

Caledon Pit & Quarry

MNRF Licence Reference No.	626600	Applicant's Signature	Christopher Poole
Plan Scale: 1:5000 (Arch E)		Date	August 2023 May 2026
Drawn By	C.P.	File No.	8816AF
Checked By	B.Z.		
File Name	Rehabilitation Plan		
Drawing No.	4 of 45 of 5		
File Path	E:\Bian\8816AF - CBM - Caledon Quarry\Drawings\Site Plan\CAD\8816AF - Site Plan.dwg		