## Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management Report

October 2013

### FUNCTIONAL SERVICING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

#### PROPOSED TOWNHOUSE DEVELOPMENT AND SINGLE ESTATE LOT

FOR

2031818 Ontario Ltd.

**TOWN OF CALEDON** 

October 2013

Prepared by:



#### MASONGSONG ASSOCIATES ENGINEERING LIMITED

7800 Kennedy Road, Suite #201 Markham, Ontario • L3R 2C7 T (905) 944-0162 F (905) 944-0165 Project No: MAE 2003-141 Masongsong Associates Engineering Limited has been retained by 2031818 Ontario Ltd. to prepare this Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management Report in support of an Official Plan Amendment and Rezoning application for a proposed residential development in the Town of Caledon.

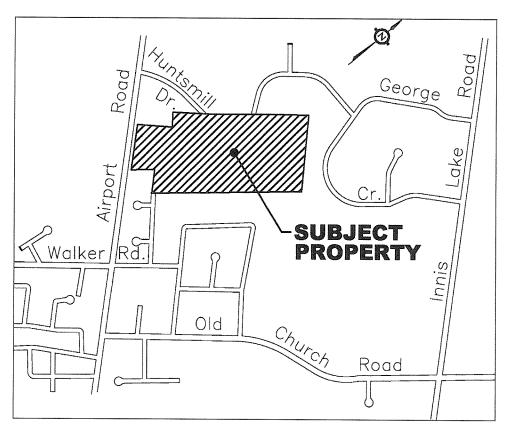
The purpose of this report is to identify the requirements for servicing and stormwater management, and to demonstrate how this site will function within the framework of existing infrastructure.

Preliminary engineering plans are enclosed in the rear Figures Appendix for reference throughout this report.

#### 1.0 BACKGROUND

The roughly rectangular shaped site comprises an area of approximately 18.85 ha (46.58 acres), located approximately 800m north of Old Church Street on the east side of Airport Road. The legal description of the property is Part of Lot 22 Concession 1 in the Town of Caledon, Region of Peel. A site location plan is illustrated as Figure 1.

Figure 1 Site Location Plan



A prominent natural feature, a branch of the Boise Creek tributary, traverses the property north to south, effectively "severing" the lands into distinct east and west portions. Other major constraints on the site include a hill landform to the south, a woodlot adjacent to Airport Road, and Provincially Significant Wetlands (PSWs) throughout the north and central portions of the site. The remaining developable area has been delineated through joint studies by Terraprobe (Geotechnical and Slope Stability analysis), Azimuth Environmental (Natural Environment, features limits) and Masongsong Associates Engineering Limited (floodplain mapping), and it is on this basis that the current site plan concept has been developed.

The subject site is currently zoned as RE (Residential – Estate) and the applicant proposes to rezone the west half of the site to permit a cluster-townhouse type residential development, while retaining a single estate residential lot on the east half of the property.

The subject site was original draft approved in 1986 as an estate residential subdivision with three points of road connections to adjacent subdivisions: McKee Drive to the southwest and northeast, and Huntsmill Drive to the northwest. A copy of the original Draft Plan is enclosed in Appendix A for reference. Although the original Draft Plan approval has since expired, the external road connections, namely McKee Drive, provides the contextual framework on how the subject site has been and is proposed to be serviced by existing infrastructure.

The westerly portion will comprise 25 condominium townhouse units on a net developable area of approximately 2.5 ha (6.2 acres). Driveway access and municipal servicing for this portion of the site will be via existing McKee Drive to the southwest corner.

The easterly portion will comprise a single estate residential lot, privately serviced (septic, well and soak away pits), situated in the far northeast corner of the site where there is a table-land plateau. Access to the lot will be via a private driveway extended from the current terminus of McKee Drive to the northeast.

The existing adjacent property uses are residential lands. The subject site is bounded to the north and east by estate residential subdivisions, and to the south by low-density single-family homes. The westerly limit of the site is bounded by Airport Road.

#### 1.1 Existing Grading and Landform

From the topographic survey, the hill landform near the south central portion of the site has slopes in the range of 20%(5:1) to 33.3%(3:1) and creates two distinct drainage catchment areas: approximately 11.07 ha drains to the Boise Creek watercourse, and another portion of approximately 7.77 ha drains in a north to south direction to a

wetland feature immediately east of the development driveway.

Due to the significant topographic relief, the site grading constraints for the property will result in having proposed road grades for the townhouse development reaching the maximum municipal gradients of 5% - 6%.

The latter drainage area of 7.77 ha has been accounted for in the design of the existing Mckee Drive South storm system, and provides the subject site with an existing storm service connection manhole at the property limit. The Mckee Drive storm sewers have been sized for the 2 year storm event (refer to Drainage Plan drawing DR1 for flow calculation and storm design sheet). The site does not receive any significant external drainage.

#### 1.2 Existing Infrastructure

As noted above, the <u>single estate lot east of Boise Creek</u> will be privately serviced with septic, well and soak away pits.

For the proposed <u>townhouse site west of Boise Creek</u>, the key existing infrastructure which have been reviewed in support of the subject lands include:

Water

An existing 300mm diameter watermain is located within the east boulevard of McKee Drive. It is presently stubbed at the terminus of McKee drive with a connection point for the proposed development, and has always been intended to extend into the subject lands.

Sanitary

An existing 250mm diameter local sanitary sewer runs within the Mckee Drive subdivision immediately to the south of the subject land. A sanitary manhole approximately 20 m south of the property limit will provide a suitable point of connection for the subject site.

Storm

The existing topography can be delineated into 2 catchment areas: approximately 11.07 ha naturally drains to the watercourse and approximately 7.77 ha of drainage area has been accounted for in the design of McKee Drive subdivision.

There are no other external drainage areas tributary to Mckee Drive south. The existing subdivision storm sewers have been design to accept the 2 year storm event, and it is therefore estimated that the allowable flow from the 7.77 ha of tributary area to the McKee storm system is 378.11 L/s.

#### 2.0 PROPOSED DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

For reference throughout the following sections on functional design and servicing feasibility, the layout of existing and proposed infrastructure is illustrated on the proposed servicing plan enclosed with this report. (Refer to Drawing Nos. S-1 and S-2 in Appendix A)

Site servicing is largely governed by the overall road network and drainage patterns. The functional design standards considered in the preliminary road design utilizes Town of Caledon and Region of Peel development standards.

#### 2.1 Road Alignment and Lot Grading

Although the subject site is a condominium-type tenure, all internal roads will nonetheless be designed to generally meet the Town of Caledon standard No. 101 Geometric Design Standards for Roads. Based on the relatively steep existing site topography, it is anticipated that townhouse building block grading will fall within the front, split draining and walkout condition categories. There are significant topographic features which may warrant retaining walls at the detailed design stage. In this functional review of grading constraints, areas of notable grading constraints have been highlighted below, and are illustrated on the enclosed Grading Plan (Drawing No. GR1) and Cross Sections Plan (Drawing CS1):

- Based on the boundary grading constraints preliminary road profiles developed for the proposed plan indicates road grades approaching 5%.
- At the end of the proposed roadway east of Building 4, a retaining wall will be required to tie into existing ground elevations at the top of the hill side.
- Building 6, near the end of the road, will require a 3:1 slope to match existing ground elevations at the top of the hill side.

The Terraprobe geotechnical report suggests a long-term stable slope incline of 3:1 for any grade alteration of the existing hill. Therefore, all grading into the hilly form must maintain a maximum 3:1 cut slope, and restored with bank stabilization (ground cover) immediately following earth moving activities.

With respect to the single estate lot on the east side of Boise Creek, grading will be in accordance with Town of Caledon section 3.12 Residential Lot Drainage and Sodding criteria. As the site will be a single custom-designed home, the lot grading will be subject to site plan approval.

#### 2.2 Water Distribution

A new 150mm diameter PVC watermain is proposed to be extended from the existing McKee Drive 300 mm diameter watermain, as a 300mm main would be too large for the condominium townhouse site. A physical connection can be made with a 300x150 reducer at the property limit, complete with a bulk meter chamber in accordance with Region of Peel standards. Internally the 150mm PVC watermain will loop around the condominium roadways and each unit will be supplied with a 19mm diameter Type `K' copper water service connection.

There will be six 6 fire hydrants provided within the proposed site to meet the Region's specified spacing design requirement for fire protection.

The single estate lot east of Boise Creek will have a private water well installed. It is not intended to extend the municipal water main system under the creek to service a single lot.

For existing and proposed waterman infrastructure layout see Site Servicing Drawings SS-1 and SS-2.

#### 2.3 Sanitary Sewerage

The receiving sanitary connection point for the subject site is proposed to be the existing 250mm diameter sanitary sewer located within the McKee Drive south roadway. A new 250mm diameter PVC sanitary sewer will be extended and terminated with a sanitary control manhole at the property limit. An internal sanitary sewer system will service the condominium townhouses, and the units will be provided with Double 'Y' Sanitary and Storm Service Connections in Common Trench in accordance with Region of Peel Standard 2-4-3.

Based on the development area of 2.5 ha and 25 townhouse units, the site sewage generation flow rate is calculated to be 14.1 L/s including infiltration. The receiving existing sanitary sewer readily has the available capacity to accommodate the proposed flows.

Refer to Site Servicing Drawings SS-1, SS-2 and the sanitary sewer design sheet in Appendix A.

#### 3.0 STORM DRAINAGE AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

#### 3.1 Development Constraints

The townhouse development is adjacent to the Centreville PSW. It proposed to maintain the pre-development wetland tributary area as much as possible by introducing a cut off swale for the site driveway entrance along the north property limit directing stormwater to a storm sewer bypass and then out to the wetland. The storm sewer by-pass will be sized for the 100 yr storm event (total capture) at the detailed design stage.

Excluding the pre-development (existing) PSW drainage area from the site will also reduce the land development area required for stormwater management, and in turn reduce the impact to the environmentally sensitive land.

The existing McKee Drive subdivision was designed to accept a drainage area of approximately 7.77 ha from the subject lands at the 2 year storm event rate. As a result of the protected features (Woodlot and Wetland) and the much reduced developable area, the proposed development drainage area to McKee Drive has been significantly reduced to 2.5 ha. The new site area would therefore meet discharge requirements as it is approximately one-third of the original subdivision design tributary area.

This significant reduction in drainage area provides an opportunity for the townhouse site to release allowable flow at a greater than 2-year release rate, yet remain under the original allowable design flow of the receiving storm system. Based on a review of the various storm intensities, it is proposed to control all storm events up to and including the 100 year event to the 5 year release rate. The effect of utilizing the available capacity of the existing system would again result in a lesser stormwater management footprint impact on the site.

#### 3.2 Stormwater Management

Stormwater management criteria can be summarized as controlling the all storm runoff up to and including the 100 year storm event to the 5 year release rate. Storm runoff in excess of the 5 year release rate must detained onsite. In consideration of the BMP selection criteria, an appropriate form of stormwater facility would be a **Wet Pond**. A wet pond is a highly compatible form of stormwater *quality treatment* facility. A Wet Pond is also excellent for providing quantity and erosion control attenuation.

Preliminary pond modeling and sizing has been carried forward on the basis of providing erosion, quality and quantity control up to the 100-year storm event.

#### 3.3.1 Preliminary Hydrologic Modelling

The pond block sizing requirement for various rain events was modeled using Visual OTTHYMO 2.3 for both pre- and post-development conditions, with the hydrologic input taken from the City's criteria. A VO2 schematic and preliminary model output for both pre and post-development scenarios are included in the Appendix B. A summary of the modeling results are presented below.

The pre-development level peak for each storm event (25mm, 5 year and 100 year) received at the stormwater pond block are summarized in the following Table 3.1.

Table 3.1 Pre-Development Runoff

		4hr Chicago	3hr 0	Chicago	3hr SCS		
		25mm	5 Year	100 Year	5 Year	100 Year	
Peak Flow	m3/s	0.019	0.103	0.284	0.103	0.459	
Runoff Volume	mm	5.018	17.336	46.721	16.215	76.987	

Note: Shaded cell denotes 5 year pre-development flow rate for pond site area to be 103 L/s. The Pond orifice design in the post development scenario will be set to discharge at this release rate for the 100 year event.

In the post development scenario, the tributary area to the pond is the same area (2.66 ha), but with the increase in imperviousness, will require quantity attenuation to meet the pre-development levels. The post-development flows are similarly modeled and summarized in the following Table 3.2.

Table 3.2 Post-Development Runoff

	4hr Chicago		3hr (	Chicago	3hr SCS		
		25mm	5 Year	100 Year	5 Year	100 Year	
Peak Flow	m3/s	0.125	0.471	1.028	0.623	1.374	
Runoff Volume	mm	13.26	32.21	69.14	30.64	103.58	

As a result of the post-development increase in flows, preliminary volumetric sizing for the post- to pre-development attenuation results in a peak volume of approximately 707 m<sup>3</sup>. (See Summary of Flows Sheet in Appendix B for Volume Quantity)

#### 3.3.2 Preliminary Pond Geometry

A Pond Design parameter sheet is attached to this report, indicating forebay design

details and the MOE Water Quality Storage requirements. The following is a summary of the preliminary wet pond geometry design which confirms the adequacy of the available pond block area. Detailed pond design will be carried out during detailed design.

Forebay Length	62 m	
Forebay Width	3 m	
Maximum depth	0.8 m	
Forebay Volume	50 m <sup>3</sup>	
Forebay Area	232 m <sup>2</sup>	
Permanent Pool	266 m <sup>3</sup>	
Extended Detention	219 m <sup>3</sup>	
100-yr Attenuation	707 m <sup>3</sup>	
Max. Fluctuation	0.91 m	(for storms up to 100 yr)
Required Footprint	0.11 ha	
	Forebay Width Maximum depth Forebay Volume Forebay Area  Permanent Pool Extended Detention 100-yr Attenuation Max. Fluctuation	Forebay Width 3 m  Maximum depth 0.8 m  Forebay Volume 50 m³  Forebay Area 232 m²  Permanent Pool 266 m³  Extended Detention 219 m³  100-yr Attenuation 707 m³  Max. Fluctuation 0.91 m

The provided Stormwater Management Pond area is approximately 0.16 ha, which will sufficiently accommodate a wet pond facility and appurtenant operational features such as a forebay cleanout reserve area, and embankment sloping as required to match into existing grades. These design features, including a detailed emergent planting plan, will be incorporated in the detailed design stage.

#### 3.3 Water Balance

The first flush runoff retention storage is calculated as follows.

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Storage required = Total Work Area x 5mm
= 24,957 sq.m. x (5mm x (1m/1000mm))
= 124.8 m<sup>3</sup>
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Based on the above storage calculation a suitable configuration of infiltration trenches located at each rearlot catchbasin will provide 125.2 m³ of storage. Complete *retention* of the frequent storm event is possible as the proposed sub drain outlet is set above the 5mm base storage. Details of the storage function and alignment will be determined at the detailed Site Plan stage in conjunction with the servicing and building design. However, it is determined functionally that there is sufficient area and grading accommodations around the perimeter of the site to incorporate infiltration trenches in the final design.

#### 3.4 Stormwater Management Residential Estate Lot

The proposed single estate residential lot on the east side of Boise Creek will have

minimal stormwater management impact on the lands. In consideration of the single-building tenure of the east lot, it is proposed to provide soakaway pits as a lot-level BMP device to receive and intercept roof and driveway discharge. Soakaway pits shall be designed in accordance with the Ministry of Environment SWMPD Manual and lot grading design shall conform to the Town of Caledon criteria.

#### 4. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Erosion and sediment control should be implemented for all construction activities within the subject site, and for each consecutive Phase and Stage of Construction, including earthworks, servicing and house building activities. The basic principles considered to minimize erosion and sedimentation and resultant negative environmental impacts include:

- Minimize local disturbance activities (e.g. grading);
- Expose the smallest possible land area to erosion for the shortest possible time;
- Implement erosion and sediment control measures before the outset of construction activities; and,
- Carry out regular inspections of erosion and sediment control measures and repair or maintain as necessary.

The proposed grading, servicing and building construction should be carried out in such a manner that a minimum amount of erosion occurs and such that sedimentation facilities control any erosion that does occur. Erosion and sediment control measures should include but not be limited to the following:

- Temporary off-line siltation control ponds. Current TRCA guidance requires siltation/erosion control for 125 m³/ha of dry run-off storage for each facility, with a permanent pool of an additional 125 m³/ha. These ponds are to be located at the low point of the grading, which in this case would be the south end of the proposed driveway.
- Erection of silt fences around all site perimeters. Double-silt fences are to be erected adjacent to the PSW features.
- Provide sediment traps (e.g. rock check dams, straw bales, scour basins) along interceptor swales and points of swale discharge;
- Inlet controls at catchbasins, comprising filter cloth overlain with rip-rap;
- Implement a weekly street sweeping and cleaning program for any mudtracking onto the adjacent municipal roadways;
- Provide gravel "mud mats" at construction vehicle access points to minimize off-site tracking of sediments; and,
- Confine refueling/servicing equipment to areas well away from stormwater minor system or major system elements.

Removal of the erosion and sediment controls should be done once construction is completed and sediment run-off from the construction activities has stabilized. A more detailed Erosion and Sediment Control Report and Plans will be provided at detailed design as part of the Site Alteration permitting and approvals stage.

#### 5. RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS

The single estate lot on the east side of Boise Creek can be privately serviced with septic, well and soak away pits.

It has been demonstrated that the proposed condominium townhouse development can be accommodated by existing receiving infrastructure on McKee Drive. In summary:

Water

The subject site area can be serviced by the existing 300mm diameter main at the current terminus of McKee Drive south of the subject site. A bulk meter at the property line and an internal 150mm diameter watermain is proposed to provide internal site servicing.

Sanitary

The total sanitary sewage flow for the subdivision is approximately 14.1 L/s. The additional sewerage loading from the subject site is not significant and can be readily accommodated by the existing 250mm sanitary sewer within Mckee Drive. A new 250mm diameter PVC sanitary sewer will be provided with a sanitary control manhole within the private site near the driveway entrance.

Stormwater

An end-of-pipe stormwater management wet pond is proposed as an efficient facility for stormwater quality and quantity control, meeting MOE Enhanced (Level 1) standards. Preliminary modeling and sizing confirms that the designated Pond area is adequate to accommodate a wet pond facility. Detailed pond design, including detailed pond landscaping, will be undertaken with the detailed engineering design. The proposed pond discharge will be connected to the existing storm sewer system within McKee Drive, which has been designed to accommodate the subject site.

We trust you will find this submission complete and in order. Should you have any questions, please contact the undersigned.

Respectfully Submitted,

MASONGSONG ASSOCIATES ENGINEERING LIMITED

Steve Omar Gonzalez, C.E.T Senior Design Technologist

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# Appendix A Figures

1986 Draft Plan of Subdivision

McKee Drive Plan and Profile

300mm Feedermain Plan and Profile

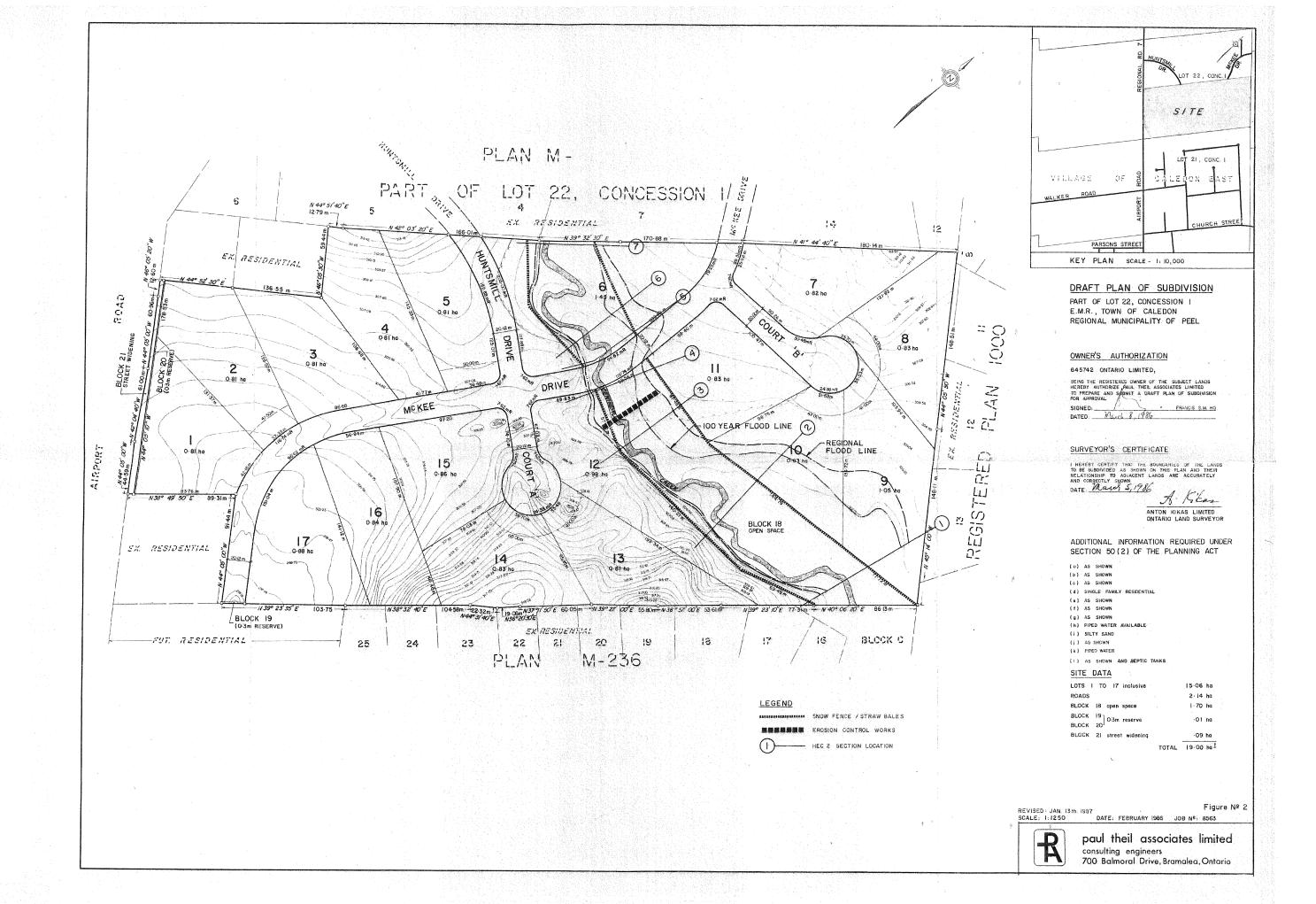
Site Servicing S-1 & S-2

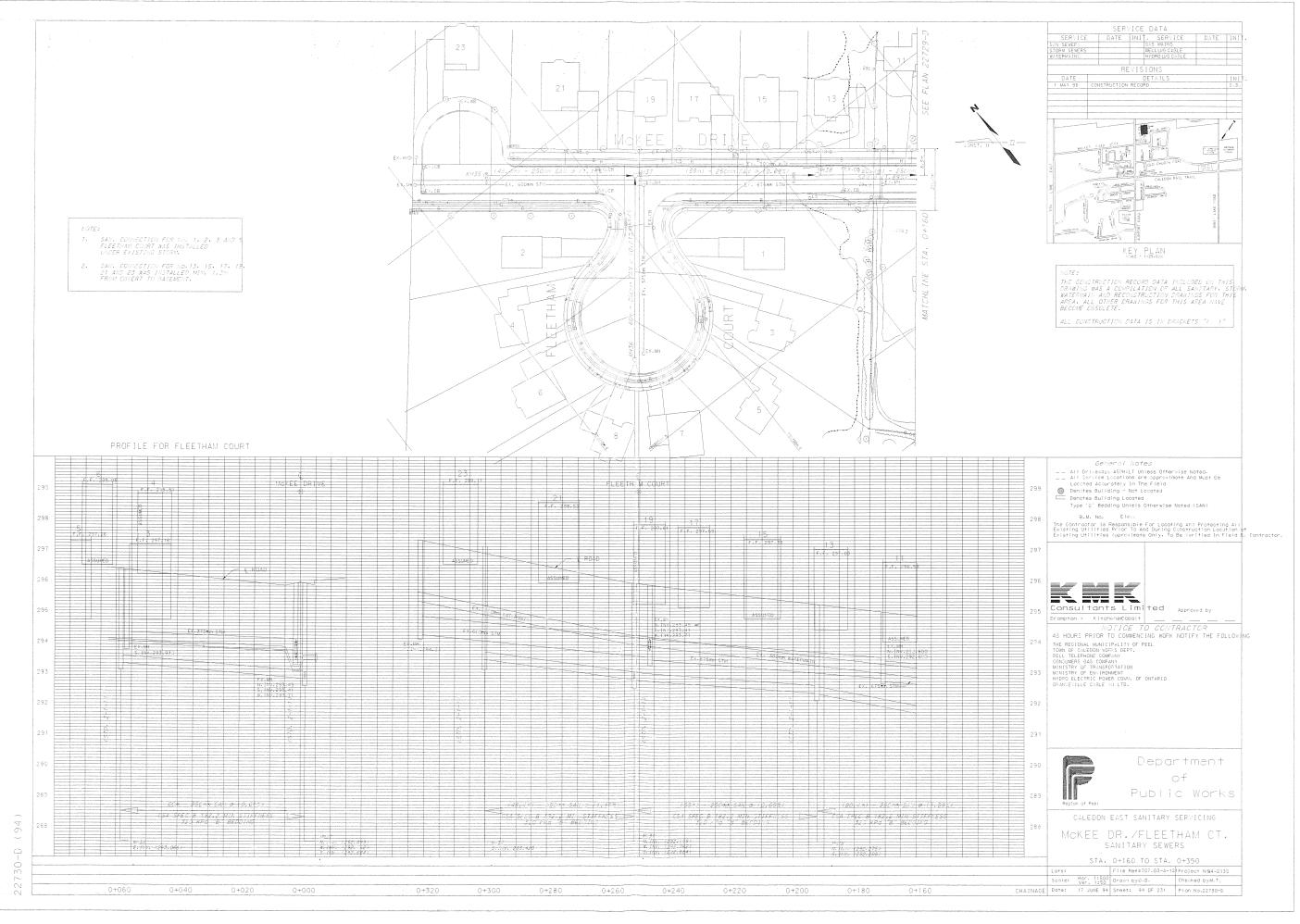
Grading Plan and Cross Sections

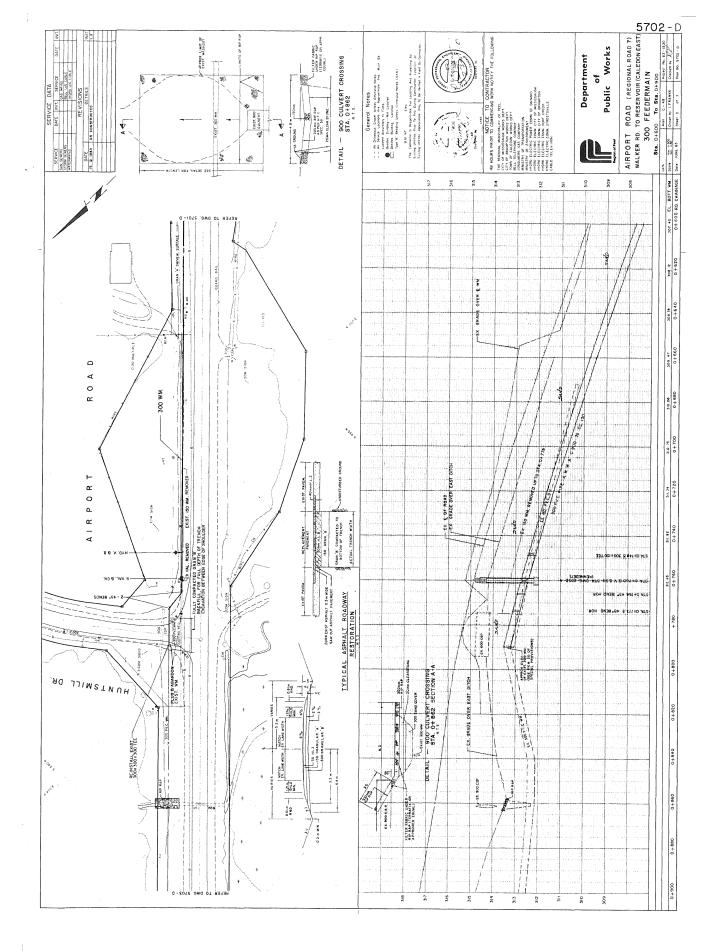
Drainage, Pre and Post Development Plans

Sanitary and Storm Design Sheets

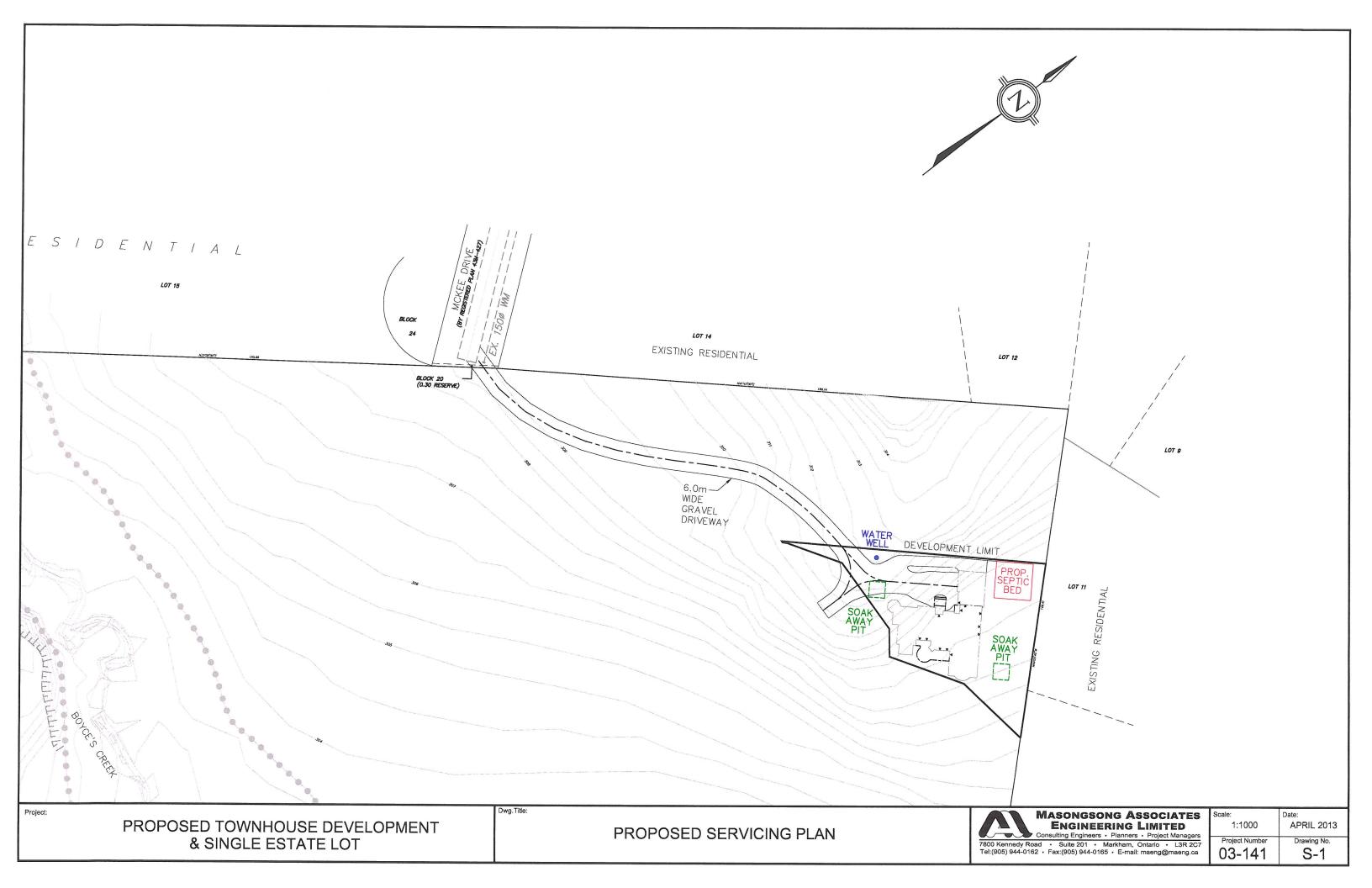
Town of Caledon Std. 101 and Region of Peel Std. 2-4-3

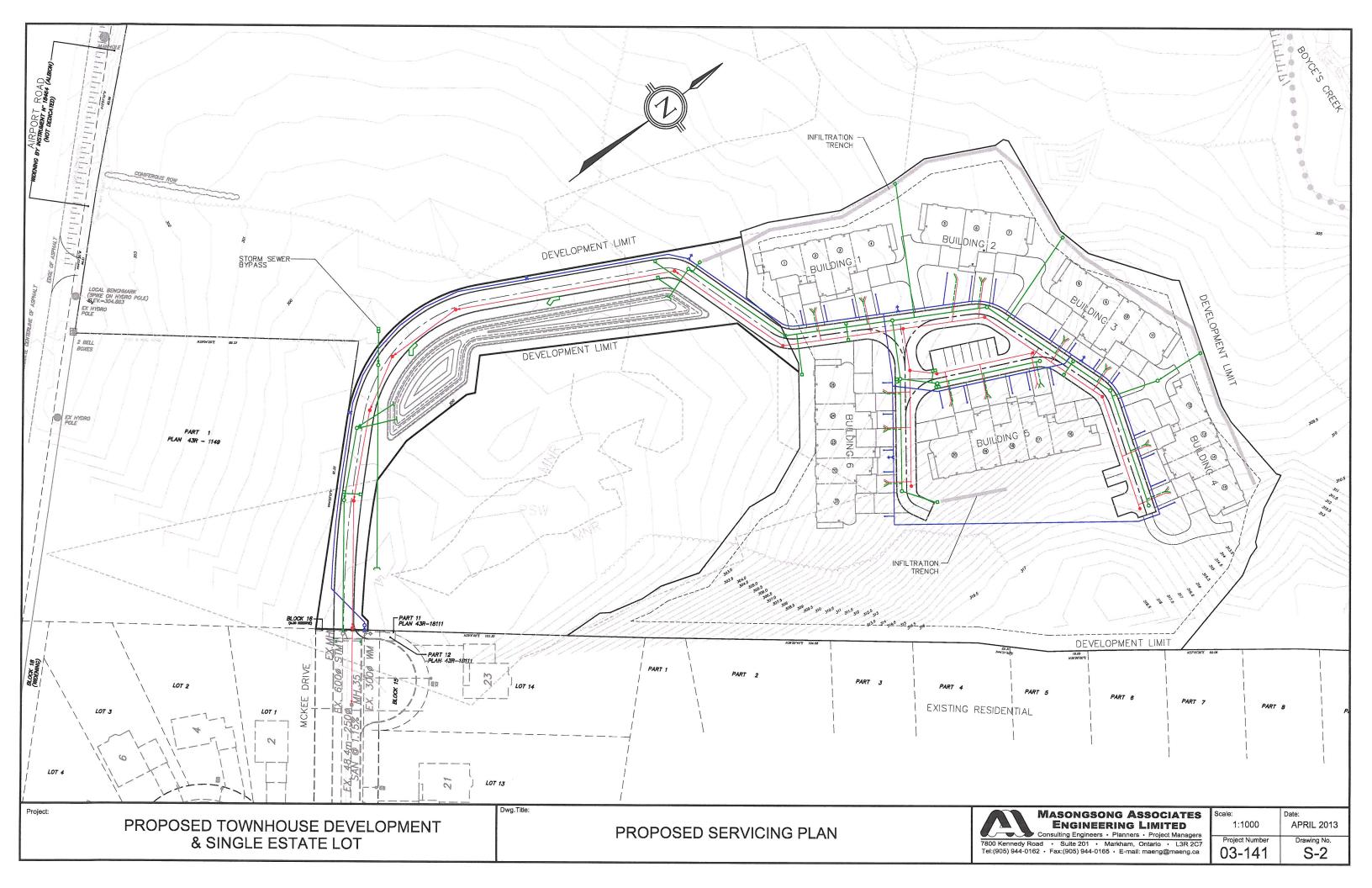


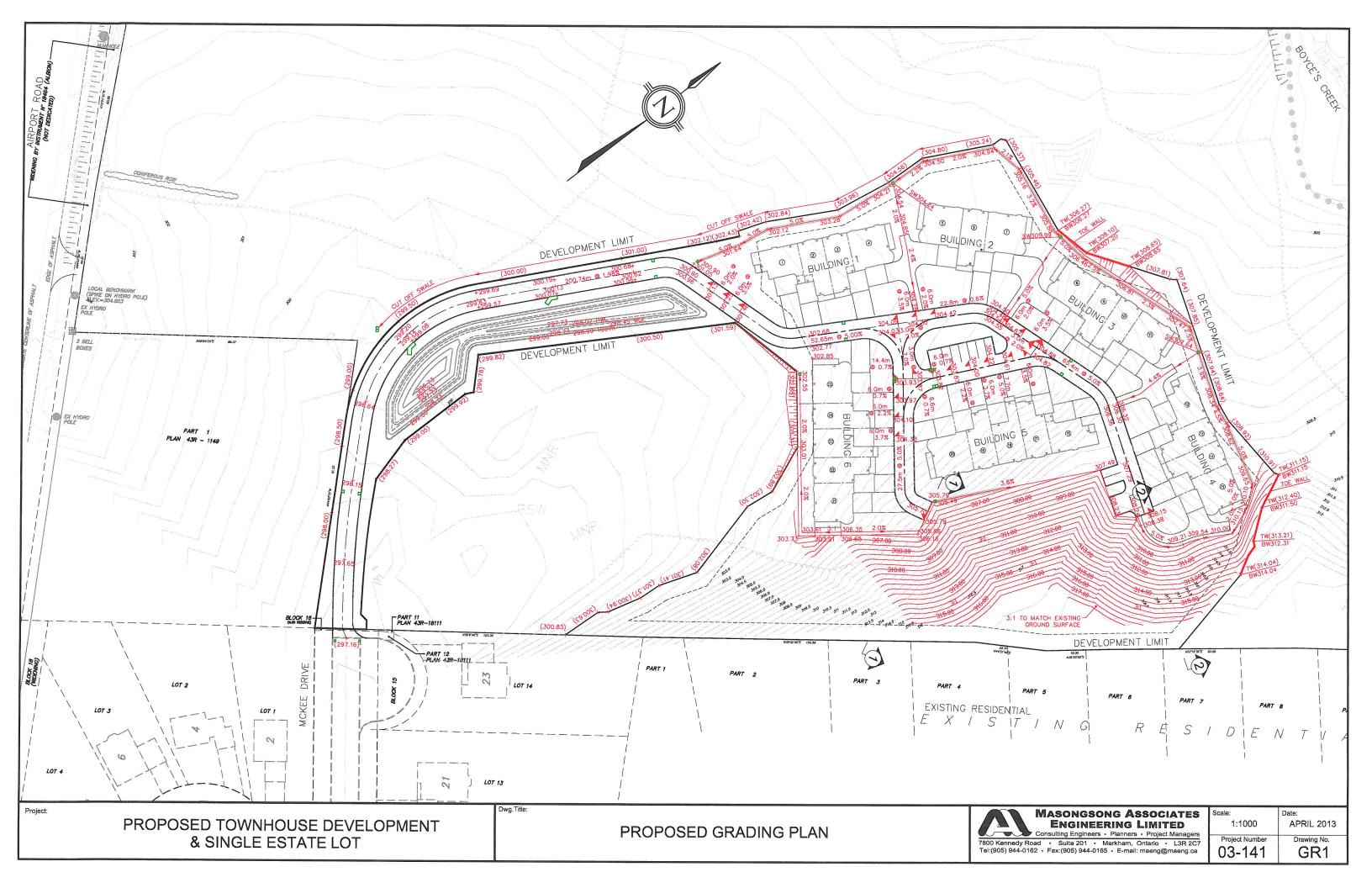


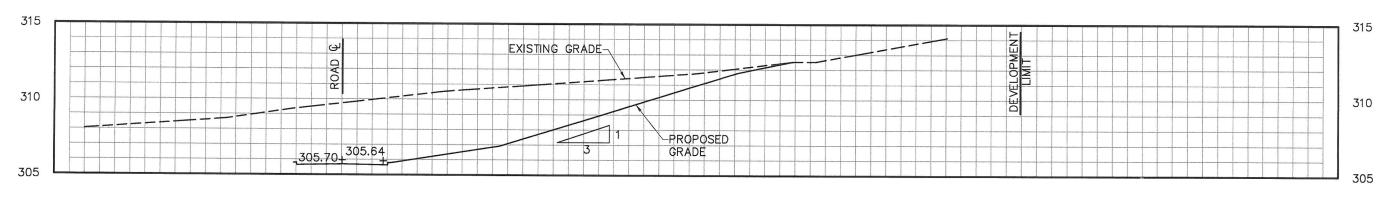


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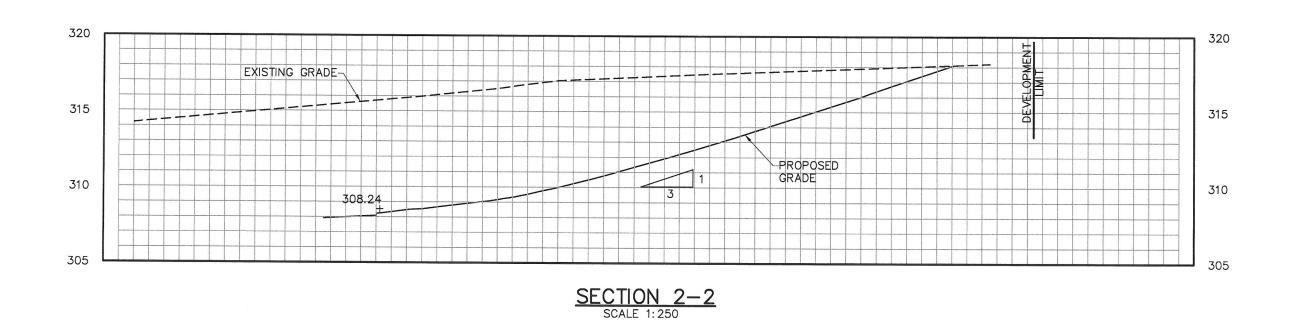








SECTION 1-1
SCALE 1:250



Project:
PROPOSED TOWNHOUSE DEVELOPMENT
& SINGLE ESTATE LOT

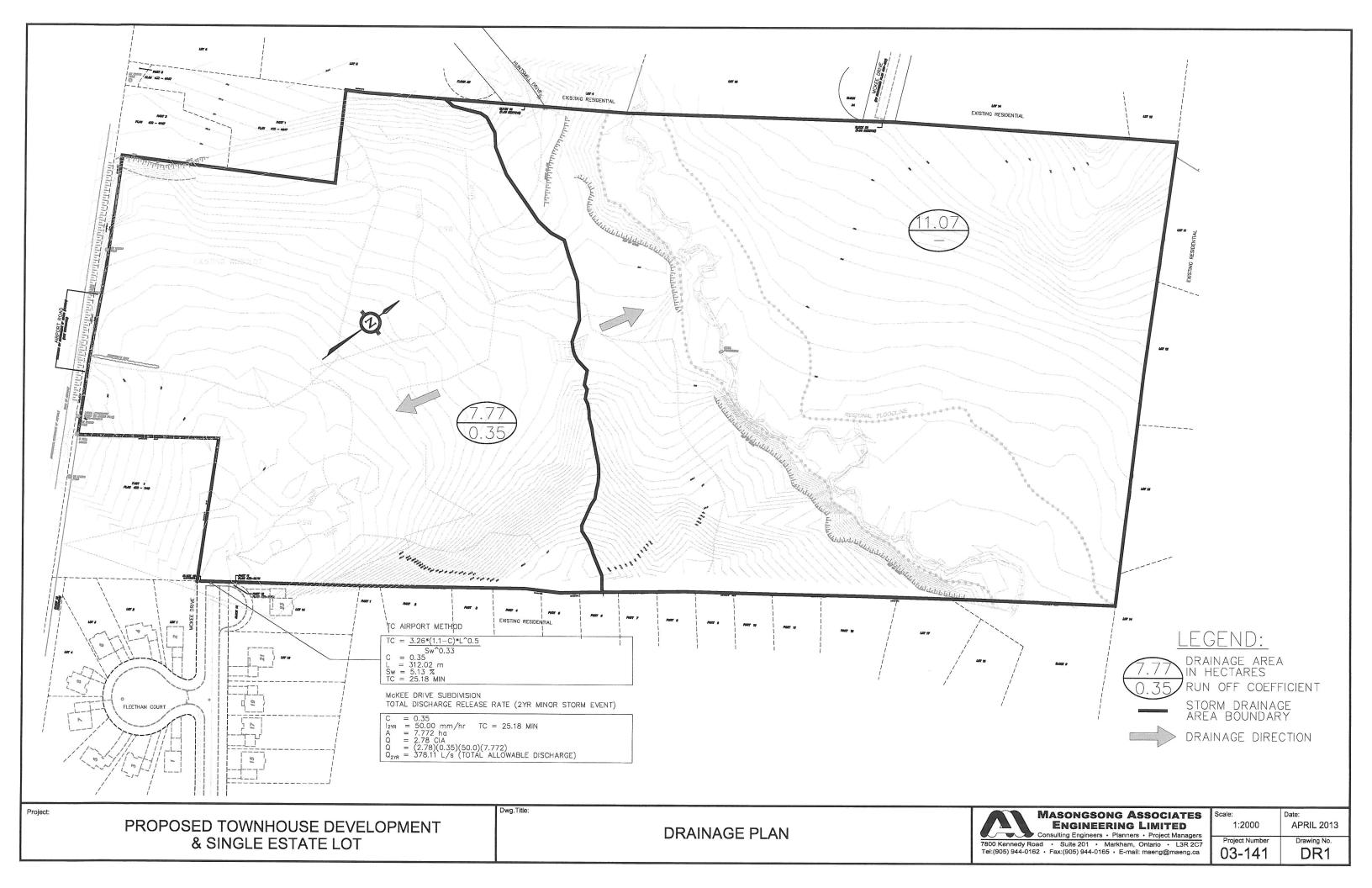
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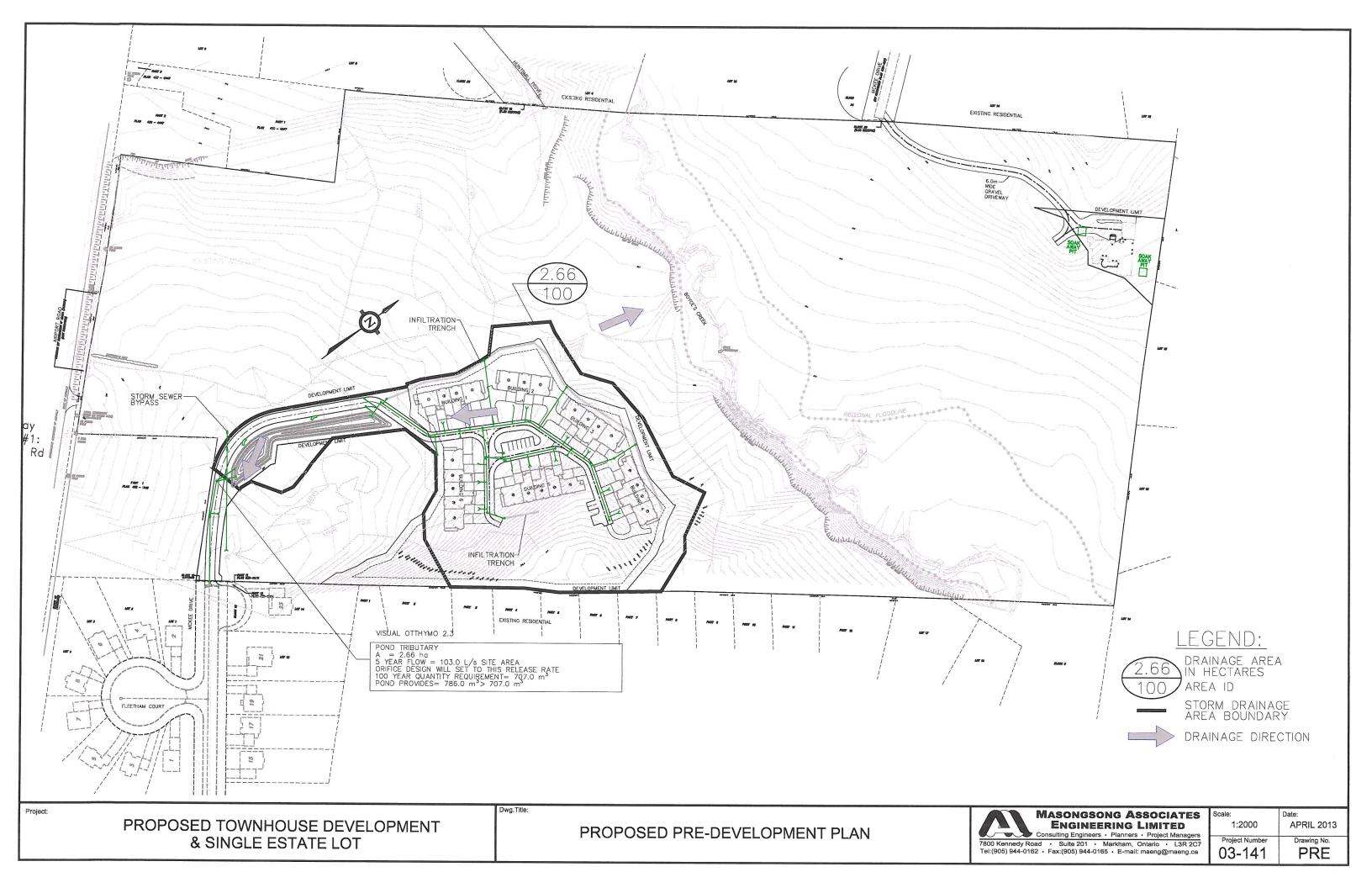
MASONGSONG ASSOCIATES
ENGINEERING LIMITED

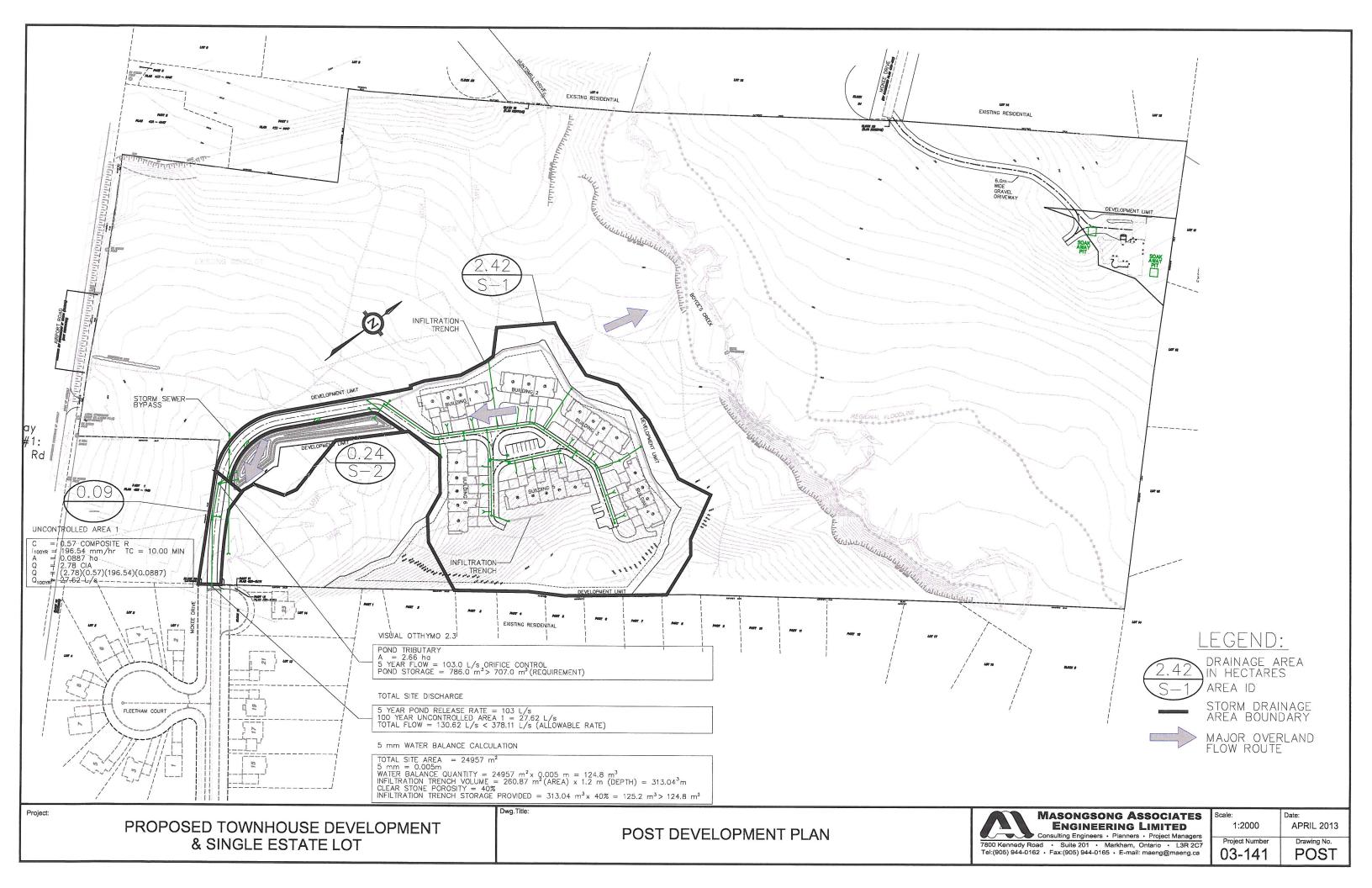
7800 Kennedy Road • Suite 201 • Markham, Ontario • L3R 2C7 Tel:(905) 944-0162 • Fax:(905) 944-0165 • E-mail: maeng@maeng.ca

CS1

03-141







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		LOCATION	McKee Drive South MH														

# TOWN OF CALEDON ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

# PROPOSED TOWNHOUSE DEVELOPMENT SINGLE ESTATE LOT

2 YEAR RETURN I = 1070/ (T.C. + 7.85)^0.8759

DESIGN STORM: I (2-YEAR):

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PREPARED BY:	SG
CHECKED BY:	A
FILE No.:	2003-141
DATE	01-Apr-13

# STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET

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LEG	Axc		2.72
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4	area (ha)	(119)	77.7
	INVERT		293.49
	10		EX. STM MH
ES	INVERT		294.23
MANHOLES	FROM		EX. STM MH
	LOCATION		McKee Drive Service MH

		-DEVELOPMENT EA SUMMARY (sq.m.)	TOTAL		
AREA I.D.	GRASS PAVED ('R'=0.25) ('R'=0.90)		AREA (ha.)	COMPOSITE 'R'	
S-1 TH DEVELOPMENT	15610.12	8588.74	2.4199	0.48	
S-2 POND	2418.15	0	0.2418	0.25	
UNCONTROLLED AREA 1	457.29	430.02	0.0887	0.57	
	AREA TO	) BE CONTROLLED			
		Grassed Area:	1.8028	ha.	
		Paved Area:	0.8589	ha.	
		SITE AREA:	2.6617	ha.	
		COMPOSITE 'R' VALUE:	0.460		
		Percent Impervious:	32.27%		

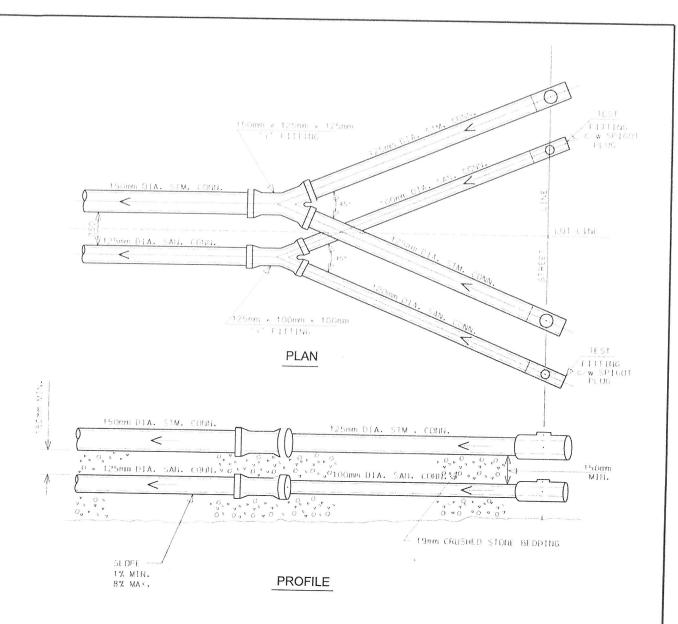
Table 1

	1	1	LOT CARNA MATAL	1	1
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ESIGN SPEED	50km/h	50km/h	50km/h	60km/h	/Okm/h
IORIZONIAL					
URVE					
ADIUS (m)	90.0m	90.0m	130.0m	190.0m	250.0m
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%)	7.00%	1.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%
OAD GRADE			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0.0070	0.0078
MINIMUM)					
INCLUDING					
UL-DE'-SAC					
URB)	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
RADE					
HROUGH					
OADS					
ATERSECTIONS					
MAXIMUM)	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	2.00%

#### NOTES:

- 1. THIS STANDARD TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE TOWN OF CALEDON ROAD STANDARDS.
- 2. CHANGES IN VERTICAL ALIGNMENT SHALL NOT EXCEED 1.5% WITHOUT A VERTICAL CURVE.
- 3. ON CUL-DE-SACS AND ELBOWS, THE CURB LINES ARE TO MAINTAIN A MINIMUM GRADE OF 0.75%.
- 4. STOPPING SITE DISTANCE AT INTERSECTIONS SHALL CONFORM TO THE ABOVE MINIMUM REQUIRMENTS.

NO.	REVISION	APR'D	DATE			
				-		
1	ADT Design Minimums		12/01			
	TOWN OF CALEDON			APR'D:	DATE:	DATE
	GEOMETRIC DESIG	DRAWN: DRA	WN SCALE	: N.T.S.		
	STANDARDS FOR RO	ADS	)	STANDA	RD No	. 110



#### NOTE

- 1. MINIMUM TRENCH WIDTH TO BE 900mm.
- 2. 19mm CRUSHED STONE BEDDING TO BE USED FROM BASE OF EXCAVATION TO SPRING LINE OF UPPER PIPE FROM MAINLINE TO TEST FITTING.
- 3. 125mm DIA. TEST FITTING TO BE MARKED "SAN".
- 4. SANITARY CONNECTION PIPE TO BE ANY COLOUR EXCEPT WHITE
- 5. STORM CONNECTION TO BE ON THE LEFT WHEN FACING THE HOUSE.
- 6. SANITARY CONNECTION MUST BE SECURELY PLUGGED AT PROPERTY LINE WITH AN APPROVED PLUG.
- 7. SINGLE SANITARY SERVICE CONNECTIONS SHALL BE 125mm.

Region of Peel Working for you	PUBLIC WORKS STANDARD DRAWING	REV. DATE: FEBRUARY 2007			
To distinct your		APPROVED BY DRAWN BY			
DOUBLE SERV	DOUBLE SERVICE CONNECTIONS				
IN COM	STD. DWG. NUMBER	SCALE			
	THE THE THE	2-4-3	N.T.S.		

## Appendix B Calculations

Figure 1 and 2, VO2 Schematic Pre and Post Development Condition

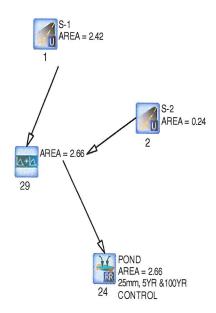
VO2 output results for Pre and Post Scenario

SWM Design Parameter Calculation Sheet

Figure 1.0: VO2 Schematic for the Theoretical Pre-Development Condition



Figure 2.0: VO2 Schematic for the Theoretical Post-Development Condition



\_\_\_\_\_\_

```
SSSSS U
                        IJ
V V I
              SS U U A A L
       I
             SS U U AAAAA L
SS U U A A L
SSSSS UUUUU A A LLLLL
 v v
         I
  VV
             TTTTT H H Y Y M M 000
T H H Y Y MM MM 0 0
T H H Y M M 0 0
 OOO TTTTT TTTTT H
O O T O T
       T
 000
               \mathbf{T}
                    H H
                                  M M 000
```

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\*\*\*\* DETAILED OUTPUT \*\*\*\*

Input filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\Visual OTTHYMO 2.3.2\voin.dat

Output filename: H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Model\03-141SWMModel\Pond-pre-cond.out Summary filename: H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Model\03-141SWMModel\Pond-pre-cond.sum

DATE: 4/9/2013 TIME: 10:02:14 AM

USER:

READ STORM | Filename: H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Mo

del\03-141SWMModel\Rain Files\3HR-Chicago\

R5YR.stm

Ptotal= 46.99 mm | Comments: 3 Hour Chicago Distribution Design Storm

TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN	TIME	RAIN
hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr	hrs	mm/hr
.17	3.90	1.00	10.08	1.83	16.31	2.67	4.73
.33	4.41	1.17	15.37	2.00	10.77	2.83	4.18
.50	5.10	1.33	32.79	2.17	8.09	3.00	3.75
.67	6.07	1.50	103.04	2.33	6.51		
.83	7.55	1.67	33.80	2.50	5.47		

-----

| CALIB | NASHYD (0001) | Area (ha)= 2.66 Curve Number (CN)= 81.0 | ID= 1 DT=10.0 min | Ia (mm)= 5.00 # of Linear Res.(N)= 3.00

Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms) = .226

PEAK FLOW (cms) = .103 (i) TIME TO PEAK (hrs) = 2.000 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm) = 17.336 TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 46.987 RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .369

(i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

READ STORM | Filename: H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Mo

del\03-141SWMModel\Rain Files\3HR-Chicago\

R100YR.stm

Ptotal= 86.13 mm Comments: 3 Hour Chicago Distribution Design Storm

```
RAIN | TIME
                                          RAIN | TIME
                                                          RAIN TIME
                                    hrs mm/hr
                       mm/hr
                         mm/hr | hrs mm/hr | hrs mm/hr
6.61 | 1.00 | 18.78 | 1.83 | 31.44
                   hrs
                                                                     hrs mm/hr
                   .17
                                                                    2.67
                                                                            8.17
                                 1.17 29.53 2.00 20.17 2.83
1.33 63.97 2.17 14.76 3.00
                   .33
                          7.57
                         7.57
                                                                            7.13
                                                         14.76 | 3.00 6.33
                   .50
                                                   2.17
                        10.77 | 1.50 181.81 | 2.33
                   .67
                                                           11.62
                   .83 13.70 1.67 65.94 2.50
                                                          9.59
  CALTB
  NASHYD
          (0001)
                      Area (ha) = 2.66 Curve Number (CN) = 81.0
 ID= 1 DT=10.0 min |
                      Ia (mm) = 5.00 # of Linear Res.(N) = 3.00 U.H. Tp(hrs) = .45
 ------
     Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms) =
                              .226
     PEAK FLOW
                      (cms) = .284 (i) ₩
     TIME TO PEAK
                    (hrs) = 1.833
                     (mm) = 46.721 \text{ }
(mm) = 86.130
     RUNOFF VOLUME
     TOTAL RAINFALL
     RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =
                              .542
     (i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
  *********
  ** SIMULATION NUMBER: 3 **
  *********
   READ STORM | Filename: H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Mo
                                   del\03-141SWMModel\Rain Files\3HR-SCS\
                                   5year-3HR-SCS.txt
 Ptotal= 45.26 mm | Comments: 5 year, 3 hour SCS Type II storm - Toron
                  TIME
                                                                   TIME
                                                                  hrs mm/hr
2.67 4.59

    4.27
    1.17
    10.01
    2.00
    9.19

    4.27
    1.33
    17.72
    2.17
    7.38

    5.25
    1.50
    140.47
    2.33
    4.92

                                  1.17 10.01
1.33 17.72
                                                                  2.83 3.28
                   .50
                                                                   3.00 3.28
                  .67
                   .83
                        6.56 | 1.67 25.76 | 2.50 3.94 |
 CALIB
 NASHYD (0001)
Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms) =
                                .226
    PEAK FLOW
                     (cms) = .103 (i) *
                    (hrs) = 1.833
(mm) = 16.215
(mm) = 45.260
    TIME TO PEAK
    RUNOFF VOLUME
    TOTAL RAINFALL
    RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =
     (i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
 ** SIMULATION NUMBER: 4 **
 *********
   READ STORM
                      Filename: H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Mo
                                  del\03-141SWMModel\Rain Files\3HR-SCS\
                                   100year-3HR-SCS.txt
Ptotal=121.50 mm | Comments: 100 year, 3 hour SCS Type II storm - Tor
                                                                         RAIN
                 TIME
                       RAIN
                                TIME
                                        RAIN
                                                          RAIN | TIME
                                                  TIME
                                 hrs mm/hr
                                                   hrs mm/hr
                 hrs
                      mm/hr
                                                                    hrs
                                                                          mm/hr
                       7.29 | 1.00 | 29.16 | 7.29 | 1.17 | 58.32 | 14.58 | 1.33 | 145.80

    1.83
    43.74
    2.67
    14.58

    2.00
    36.45
    2.83
    7.29

    2.17
    21.87
    3.00
    7.29

                  .17
                  .33
                  .50

    14.58
    1.50
    218.70
    2.33
    14.58

    14.58
    1.67
    58.32
    2.50
    14.58

                  .67
```

.83

```
CALIB
     NASHYD (0001)
                                                          Area (ha) = 2.66 Curve Number (CN) = 81.0
Ia (mm) = 5.00 # of Linear Res.(N) = 3.00
U.H. Tp(hrs) = .45
                                                         Ia
  | ID= 1 DT=10.0 min |
             Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms) =
                                                                                  .226
              PEAK FLOW (cms)= .459 (i) #
TIME TO PEAK (hrs)= 1.833
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm)= 76.987 #
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm)= 121.500
              RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .634
              (i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
      *******
      ** SIMULATION NUMBER: 5 **
      *********
       READ STORM Filename: H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Mo
                                                                    del\03-141SWMModel\Rain Files\25mmYR.stm
    Ptotal= 24.99 mm | Comments: 25mm Rainfall 4 hour chicago storm
    ------
                                             TIME RAIN
                                                                                    TIME
                                                                                                       RAIN | TIME
                                                                                                                                                    RAIN
                                                                                                                                                                          TIME
                                              hrs mm/hr
                                                                                      hrs mm/hr
                                                                                                                                 hrs mm/hr
                                                                                                                                                                             hrs mm/hr
                                                           | 115 | 116 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 
                                                .17
                                                .33
                                                .50
                                                .67
                                                .83
                                             1.00
    CALIB
                                                          Area (ha) = 2.66 Curve Number (CN) = 81.0 Ia (mm) = 5.00 # of Linear Res.(N) = 3.00
   NASHYD
                               (0001)
 ID= 1 DT=10.0 min
                                                        Ia
                                                        U.H. Tp(hrs)=
                                                                                                    .45
             Unit Hyd Qpeak (cms) =
                                                                               .226
             PEAK FLOW
                                                       (cms) =
                                                                                 .019 (i) 🔭
                                                      (hrs) = 2.000
             TIME TO PEAK
                                                   (mm) = 5.018

(mm) = 24.995
                                                                           5.018 🤾
             RUNOFF VOLUME
             TOTAL RAINFALL
             RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =
                                                                                .201
             (i) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
 FINISH
```

V	V	I	SSSSS	U	U	Ž	Ā	L			
V	V	I	SS	U	U	A	A	L			
V	V	I	SS	U	U	AA	AAA	L			
V	V	I	SS	U	U	A	A	L			
Ţ	V	I	SSSSS	זטט	JUU	A	Α	LL	LLL		
00	00	TTTTT	TTTTT	Н	Н	Y	Y	M	M	00	00
0	0	${ m T}$	${f T}$	H	H	Y	Y	MM	MM	0	0
0	0	T	$\mathbf{T}$	H	H	Ž	7	M	M	0	0
OC	00	T	T	H	H	7	7	M	M	00	00

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\*\*\*\*\* DETAILED OUTPUT \*\*\*\*\*

filename: C:\Program Files (x86)\Visual OTTHYMO 2.3.2\voin.dat

Output filename: H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Model\03-141SWMModel\Pond post cond.out Summary filename: H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Model\03-141SWMModel\Pond post cond.sum

DATE: 4/11/2013 TIME: 10:20:33 AM

USER:

Post Penerenens

\*\* SIMULATION NUMBER: 1 \*\*

Filename: H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Mo READ STORM

del\03-141SWMModel\Rain Files\3HR-Chicago\

.70

R5YR.stm

Ptotal= 46.99 mm | Comments: 3 Hour Chicago Distribution Design Storm

TIME hrs .17 .33	RAIN mm/hr 3.90 4.41	TIME hrs 1.00 1.17	RAIN mm/hr 10.08 15.37	TIME hrs 1.83 2.00	RAIN mm/hr 16.31 10.77	TIME hrs 2.67 2.83	RAIN mm/hr 4.73 4.18
.33	4.41	1.17	15.37	2.00	10.77	2.83	
.50 .67	5.10   6.07	1.33	32.79 103.04	2.17	8.09 6.51	3.00	3.75
.83	7.55	1.67	33.80	2.50	5.47		

CALIB   STANDHYD (0001)   ID= 1 DT=10.0 min		(ha) = Imp(%) =		Dir.	Conn.	(왕) =	35.00	0
		IMPERVIC	US	PERVIOU	S (i)			
Surface Area	(ha) =	_		1.45				
Dep. Storage				6.82				
Average Slope				2.00				
Length	(m) =	127.00						
Mannings n	=	.013		.013				
Max.Eff.Inten.(r	nm/hr)=	103.04		71.65				
	(min)							
Storage Coeff.	(min) =							
Unit Hyd. Tpeak								
Unit Hyd. peak	(cms) =	.17		.13				
						*T	TALS,	k
PEAK FLOW	(cms) =	.24		.23			.468	(iii)
TIME TO PEAK	(hrs) =	1.50		1.50			1.50	
RUNOFF VOLUME	3 33			25.92			32.94	
TOTAL RAINFALL				46.99		4	46.99	
DIMICED CORRETCII	ידידאי	0.0						

.98

\*\*\*\* WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =

(i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:

- CN\* = 91.0Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALIB Area (ha) = .24 Total Imp(%) = 1.00 Dir. Conn.(%) = 1.00 STANDHYD (0002) | STANDHYD (0002) | |ID= 1 DT=10.0 min | IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i) Surface Area (ha) = .00
Dep. Storage (mm) = 1.00 .24 6.82 (%) = Average Slope .50 .50 40.00 Length (m) = 105.00 .240 Mannings n .250 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr) = 103.04 33.97 over (min) 10.00 40.00 Storage Coeff. (min) = 10.31 (ii) 39.71 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) = 10.00 40.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms) = .11 .03 \*TOTALS\* .00 .01 1.50 2.00 45.99 24.71 PEAK FLOW (cms) = .011 (iii) (hrs) =TIME TO PEAK 2.00 RUNOFF VOLUME (mm) = TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 24.82 46.99 #5.99
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .98 46.99 .53 .53

\*\*\*\*\* WARNING: FOR AREAS WITH IMPERVIOUS RATIOS BELOW 20% YOU SHOULD CONSIDER SPLITTING THE AREA.

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN\* = 91.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

1 300 1110 (0000)				
ADD HYD (0029)				
1 + 2 = 3	AREA	QPEAK	TPEAK	R.V.
	(ha)	(cms)	(hrs)	(mm)
ID1 = 1 (0001):	2.42	.468	1.50	32.94
+ ID2= 2 (0002):	.24	.011	2.00	24.82
=======================================	=======	=======	=======	=======
ID = 3 (0029):	2.66	.471	1.50	32.21

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

OUTFLOW	STORAGE	OUTFLOW	STORAGE
(cms)	(ha.m.)	(cms)	(ha.m.)
.0000	.0000	.4810	.5040
.0570	.2620	.7400	.6000
.1200	.3270	.8980	.6540
.3200	.4360	1.0940	.7180
	(cms) .0000 .0570 .1200	(cms) (ha.m.) .0000 .0000 .0570 .2620 .1200 .3270	(cms)     (ha.m.)     (cms)       .0000     .0000     .4810       .0570     .2620     .7400       .1200     .3270     .8980

	AREA	QPEAK	TPEAK	R.V.
	(ha)	(cms)	(hrs)	(mm)
INFLOW : ID= 2 (0029)	2.660	.471 🧩	1.50	32.21 🤺
OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0024)	2.660	.016	3.17	31.77

PEAK FLOW REDUCTION [Qout/Qin](%) = 3.48 TIME SHIFT OF PEAK FLOW (min) = 100.00MAXIMUM STORAGE USED (ha.m.) = .0755

\*\* SIMULATION NUMBER: 2 \*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

READ STORM Filename: H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Mo

del\03-141SWMModel\Rain Files\3HR-Chicago\

R100YR.stm

Ptotal= 86.13 mm | Comments: 3 Hour Chicago Distribution Design Storm

```
        RAIN
        TIME
        RAIN
        TIME
        RAIN

        mm/hr
        hrs
        mm/hr
        hrs
        mm/hr

        6.61
        1.00
        18.78
        1.83
        31.44

TIME
                                            RAIN TIME RAIN TIME
 hrs
           mm/hr
                                                                                             hrs mm/hr
 .17
             6.61
                                                                                            2.67
                                                                                                            8.17
            7.57 | 1.17 | 29.53 | 2.00 | 20.17 | 2.83 | 8.89 | 1.33 | 63.97 | 2.17 | 14.76 | 3.00 | 10.77 | 1.50 | 181.81 | 2.33 | 11.62 |
  .33
                                                                                                           7.13
  .50
                                                                                          3.00 6.33
 .67
  .83 13.70 | 1.67 65.94 | 2.50
                                                                         9.59
```

```
CALTB
 STANDHYD (0001)
                 Area
                        (ha) = 2.42
ID= 1 DT=10.0 min | Total Imp(%) = 40.00 Dir. Conn.(%) = 35.00
                         IMPERVIOUS
                                    PERVIOUS (i)
                          .97
                                      1.45
   Surface Area
                 (ha) =
                (mm) =
(%) =
   Dep. Storage
                   (mm) = 1.00
(%) = 2.00
(m) = 127.00
                                       6.82
   Average Slope
   Length
                                      308.57
   Mannings n
                          .013
                                       .013
   Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr) =
                         181.81
10.00
                                       164.00
            over (min)
                                       10.00
                            1.89 (ii)
   Storage Coeff. (min) =
                                        5.23 (ii)
                          10.00
   Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) =
                                       10.00
   Unit Hyd. peak (cms) =
                            .17
                                        .14
                                                   *TOTALS*
   PEAK FLOW
                 (cms) =
                              .43
                                         .59
                                      1.50
                                                    1.013 (iii)
                          1.50
   TIME TO PEAK
                 (hrs) =
                                                      1.50
   RUNOFF VOLUME
                (mm) = (mm) =
                                      61.86
                                                    70.00
                          85.13
                          86.13
   TOTAL RAINFALL
                                      86.13
                                                    86.13
   RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =
                            .99
```

\*\*\*\*\* WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
- CN\* = 91.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above) (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

------

CALIB STANDHYD (0002) ID= 1 DT=10.0 min		(ha) = Imp(%) =			Conn.(%	b) = 1.00	)
		IMPERVIO	TC	PERVIOUS	7 (3)		
Surface Area	(ha) =	.00	00	.24	) (1)		
Dep. Storage				6.82			
Average Slope				.50			
Length	(m) =	40.00		105.00			
Mannings n	=	.240		.250			
Max.Eff.Inten.(n	nm/hr)=	181.81		103.70			
over	(min)	10.00		30.00			
Storage Coeff.	(min) =	8.22	(ii)	27.03	(ii)		
Unit Hyd. Tpeak	(min) =	10.00		30.00			
Unit Hyd. peak	(cms) =	.12		.04			
						*TOTALS*	;
PEAK FLOW	(cms) =	.00		.04		.036	
TIME TO PEAK	(hrs) =	1.50		1.83		1.83	(111)
RUNOFF VOLUME	(mm) =			60.23		60.40	
		86.13		86.13		86.13	
RUNOFF COEFFICIE		.99					
KONOFF COEFFICIE	174 T =	.99		.70		.70	

\*\*\*\*\* WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

\*\*\*\* WARNING: FOR AREAS WITH IMPERVIOUS RATIOS BELOW 20%

YOU SHOULD CONSIDER SPLITTING THE AREA.

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:  $CN^* = 91.0$  Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
- THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.

(iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

ADD HYD (0029)				
1 + 2 = 3	AREA	QPEAK	TPEAK	R.V.
	(ha)	(cms)	(hrs)	(mm)
ID1 = 1 (0001):	2.42	1.013	1.50	70.00

+ ID2= 2 (0002): .24 .036 1.83 60.40 ID = 3 (0029): 2.66 1.028 1.50

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY. RESERVOIR (0024) IN= 2---> OUT= 1 
 OUTFLOW
 STORAGE
 OUTFLOW
 STORAGE

 (cms)
 (ha.m.)
 (cms)
 (ha.m.)

 .0000
 .0000
 .4810
 .5040

 .0570
 .2620
 .7400
 .6000

 .1200
 .3270
 .8980
 .6540

 .3200
 .4360
 1.0940
 .7180
 DT= 10.0 min | AREA QPEAK TPEAK
(ha) (cms) (hrs)

INFLOW: ID= 2 (0029) 2.660 1.028 1.50

OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0024) 2.660 .035 3.00 (mm) 69.14 **大** 68.70 PEAK FLOW REDUCTION [Qout/Qin](%) = 3.45 TIME SHIFT OF PEAK FLOW (min) = 90.00 MAXIMUM STORAGE USED (ha.m.) = .1632\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\* SIMULATION NUMBER: 3 \*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* READ STORM Filename: H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Mo del\03-141SWMModel\Rain Files\3HR-SCS\ 5year-3HR-SCS.txt Ptotal= 45.26 mm | Comments: 5 year, 3 hour SCS Type II storm - Toron TIME RAIN TIME RAIN TIME RAIN TIME RAIN RAIN hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr hrs mm/hr 1.17 3.61 1.00 6.56 1.83 10.50 2.67 4.59 3.33 4.27 1.17 10.01 2.00 9.19 2.83 3.28 5.50 4.27 1.33 17.72 2.17 7.38 3.00 3.28 6.67 5.25 1.50 140.47 2.33 4.92 8.83 6.56 1.67 25.76 2.50 3.94 TIME | STANDHYD (0001) | Area (ha) = 2.42 |ID= 1 DT=10.0 min | Total Imp(%) = 40.00 Dir. Conn.(%) = 35.00 IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i) Surface Area (ha) = .97 1.45
Dep. Storage (mm) = 1.00 6.82
Average Slope (%) = 2.00 2.00
Length (m) = 127.00 308.57
Mannings n = .013 .013 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr) = 140.47 90.66 over (min) 10.00 10.00 Storage Coeff. (min) = 2.09 (ii) 6.33 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) = 10.00 10.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms) = .17 .13 \*TOTALS\* .29 1.50 24.42 PEAK FLOW (cms) = .33
TIME TO PEAK (hrs) = 1.50
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm) = 44.26
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 45.26
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 98 .620 (iii) 31.37

\*\*\*\* WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
- CN\* = 91.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)

.98

45.26

45.26

- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALTB STANDHYD (0002) Area (ha) =

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =

```
|ID= 1 DT=10.0 min | Total Imp(%) = 1.00 Dir. Conn.(%) = 1.00
-----
                                   IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i)
     Surface Area (ha) = .00
Dep. Storage (mm) = 1.00
Average Slope (%) = .50
Length (m) = 40.00
                                                    .24
                                    1.00
                                                        6.82
                                                        .50
     Length
                                                    105.00
     Mannings n
                                      .240
                                  140.47
10.00
9.11
10.00
      Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr) =
                                                      35.81
                                       10.00 40.00
9.11 (ii) 37.90 (ii)
                 over (min)
      Storage Coeff. (min) =
     Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) =
                                                       40.00
                                       .11
     Unit Hyd. peak (cms) =
                                                       .03
                                                                       *TOTALS*
                                                                        .012 (iii)
     PEAK FLOW
                                                .01
2.00
23.24
45.26
.51
                         (cms) =
                                          .00
                                                        .01
                                  1.50
44.26
45.26
     TIME TO PEAK (hrs) =
                                                                           2.00
     RUNOFF VOLUME (mm) = TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) =
                                                                        23.36
                                                                        45.26
     RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =
                                       .98
                                                      .51
**** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!
***** WARNING: FOR AREAS WITH IMPERVIOUS RATIOS BELOW 20%
                YOU SHOULD CONSIDER SPLITTING THE AREA.
        (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
              CN* = 91.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
       (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
             THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
      (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
| ADD HYD (0029)
                              AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V. (ha) (cms) (hrs) (mm) 2.42 .620 1.50 31.37 .24 .012 2.00 23.36
1 + 2 = 3
         ID1= 1 (0001):
         + ID2= 2 (0002):
           ID = 3 (0029): 2.66 .623 1.50 30.64
     NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.
 RESERVOIR (0024) |
 IN= 2---> OUT= 1

        STORAGE
        OUTFLOW
        STORAGE

        (ha.m.)
        (cms)
        (ha.m.)

        .0000
        .4810
        .5040

        .2620
        .7400
        .6000

        .3270
        .8980
        .6540

        .4360
        1.0940
        .7180

                             OUTFLOW
                              (cms)
                                                                       .5040
                                .0000
                                .0570
                                                                           .6000
                                .1200
                                                                         .6540
                                .3200
                                     AREA
                                                                              R.V.
```

```
DT= 10.0 min
                                 QPEAK TPEAK
                              QPEAK
(cms)
                                  .623 * 1 55
                                                (mm)
                         (ha)
                       2.660
   INFLOW : ID= 2 (0029)
                                                     30.64 *
   OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0024)
                                          3.17
                        2.660
              PEAK FLOW REDUCTION [Qout/Qin](%) = 2.50
```

TIME SHIFT OF PEAK FLOW (min)=100.00 MAXIMUM STORAGE USED (ha.m.) = .0719

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

\*\* SIMULATION NUMBER: 4 \*\*

-----

READ STORM		H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Mo del\03-141SWMModel\Rain Files\3HR-SCS\
Ptotal=121.50 mm		100year-3HR-SCS.txt 100 year, 3 hour SCS Type II storm - Tor
	T	

TIME hrs .17 .33 .50	RAIN mm/hr 7.29 7.29 14.58 14.58	TIME hrs 1.00 1.17 1.33 1.50	RAIN mm/hr 29.16 58.32 145.80 218.70	TIME hrs 1.83 2.00 2.17 2.33	RAIN mm/hr 43.74 36.45 21.87 14.58	TIME hrs 2.67 2.83 3.00	RAIN mm/hr 14.58 7.29 7.29
.83	14.58	1.67	58.32	2.50	14.58		

| CALIB | STANDHYD (0001) | Area (ha) = 2.42 | ID= 1 DT=10.0 min | Total Imp(%) = 40.00 Dir. Conn.(%) = 35.00 |

| IMPERVIOUS | PERVIOUS (i) |
| Surface Area (ha) = .97 1.45 |
| Dep. Storage (mm) = 1.00 6.82 |
| Average Slope (%) = 2.00 2.00 |
| Length (m) = 127.00 308.57 |
| Mannings n = .013 .013 |
| Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr) = 218.70 217.84 |
| Over (min) | 10.00 10.00

\*\*\*\* WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:

  CN\* = 91.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

CALTR STANDHYD (0002) Area (ha) = .24 ID= 1 DT=10.0 min Total Imp(%) = 1.00 Dir. Conn.(%) = 1.00 -----IMPERVIOUS PERVIOUS (i) Surface Area (ha) = .00 .24

Dep. Storage (mm) = 1.00 6.82

Average Slope (%) = .50 .50

Length (m) = 40.00 105.00 Mannings n = .240 Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr) = 218.70 156.12 over (min) 10.00 30.00 Storage Coeff. (min) = 7.63 (ii) 23.61 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) = 10.00 30.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms) = .12 .04 .04 \*TOTALS\* PEAK FLOW (cms) = .00 .06

TIME TO PEAK (hrs) = 1.50 1.83

RUNOFF VOLUME (mm) = 120.50 94.07

TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 121.50 121.50

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .99 .77 .058 (iii) 1.83 121.50 .77 .99

\*\*\*\*\* WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!

\*\*\*\* WARNING: FOR AREAS WITH IMPERVIOUS RATIOS BELOW 20%

YOU SHOULD CONSIDER SPLITTING THE AREA.

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES: CN\* = 91.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
- (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

-----

```
RESERVOIR (0024)
      IN= 2---> OUT= 1
     DT= 10.0 min
                                                                   OUTFLOW STORAGE
                                                                                                                           OUTFLOW

        (Cms)
        (ha.m.)
        (cms)
        (ha.m.)

        .0000
        .0000
        .4810
        .5040

        .0570
        .2620
        .7400
        .6000

        .1200
        .3270
        .8980
        .6540

        .3200
        .4360
        1.0940
        .7180

                                                                  (cms)
                                                                       .1200
                                                                         AREA QPEAK TPEAK R.V.
(ha) (cms) (hrs) (mm)
2.660 1.374 1.50 103.58 2.660 .053 3.00 103.15
              INFLOW : ID= 2 (0029)
             OUTFLOW: ID= 1 (0024)
                                                  PEAK FLOW REDUCTION [Qout/Qin](%) = 3.87
                                                  TIME SHIFT OF PEAK FLOW (min) = 90.00
                                                  MAXIMUM STORAGE USED
                                                                                                                                 (ha.m.) = .2444
      ** SIMULATION NUMBER: 5 **
 ______
       READ STORM | Filename: H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM Mo
                                                                 del\03-141SWMModel\Rain Files\25mmYR.stm
   Ptotal= 24.99 mm | Comments: 25mm Rainfall 4 hour chicago storm
                                            TIME
                                                               RAIN
                                                                                   TIME
                                                                                                          RAIN
                                                                                                                                                                         TIME
                                                                                                                              TIME
                                                                                                                                                     RATN I
                                                                                                                                                                                             RATN
                                                                                     hrs mm/hr
                                                                                                                                 hrs mm/hr
                                              hrs mm/hr
                                                                                                                                                                             hrs mm/hr
                                                           | 115 | 116 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 
                                                .17
                                                . 33
                                                .50
                                               .67
                                                .83
                                            1.00
 CALIB
| STANDHYD (0001) | Area (ha) = 2.42
|ID= 1 DT=10.0 min | Total Imp(%) = 40.00 Dir. Conn.(%) = 35.00
           Max.Eff.Inten.(mm/hr) = 50.21 12.47 over (min) 10.00 20.00 Storage Coeff. (min) = 3.15 (ii) 12.54 (ii) Unit Hyd. Tpeak (min) = 10.00 20.00 Unit Hyd. peak (cms) = .16 .07
                                                                                                                      .07
                                                                                                                                                         *TOTALS*
           PEAK FLOW (cms) = .11 .03
TIME TO PEAK (hrs) = 1.50 1.67
RUNOFF VOLUME (mm) = 23.99 8.34
TOTAL RAINFALL (mm) = 24.99 24.99
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .96 .33
                                                                                                                                                              .125 (iii)
                                                                                                                                                                  1.50
                                                                                                                                                               13.82
                                                                                                                                                             24.99
**** WARNING: STORAGE COEFF. IS SMALLER THAN TIME STEP!
                  (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
                              CN* = 91.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
                (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
                            THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
             (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.
```

CALIB   STANDHYD (0002)   ID= 1 DT=10.0 min	Area Total	(ha) = Imp(%) =	.24	Dir.	Conn.(%)=	1.00	
		IMPERVIOU	JS	PERVIOU	JS (i)		
Surface Area	(ha) =	.00		.24			
Dep. Storage	(mm) =	1.00		6.82			
Average Slope	(%) =	.50		.50			
2 -		.50		.50	,		
Length	(m) =	40.00		105.00	)		
Mannings n	=	.240		.250	)		

Max.Eff.Inten.(	mm/hr) =	31.79	4.68		
over	(min)	20.00	90.00		
Storage Coeff.	(min) =	16.51	(ii) 81.45	(ii)	
Unit Hyd. Tpeak	(min) =	20.00	90.00		
Unit Hyd. peak	(cms) =	.06	.01		
				*TOTALS	*
PEAK FLOW	(cms) =	.00	.00	.001	(iii)
TIME TO PEAK	(hrs) =	1.67	3.33	3.33	
RUNOFF VOLUME	(mm) =	23.99	7.63	7.60	
TOTAL RAINFALL	(mm) =	24.99	24.99	24.99	
RUNOFF COEFFICI	ENT =	.96	.31	.30	

\*\*\*\*\* WARNING: FOR AREAS WITH IMPERVIOUS RATIOS BELOW 20% YOU SHOULD CONSIDER SPLITTING THE AREA.

- (i) CN PROCEDURE SELECTED FOR PERVIOUS LOSSES:
- CN\* = 91.0 Ia = Dep. Storage (Above)
  (ii) TIME STEP (DT) SHOULD BE SMALLER OR EQUAL
  THAN THE STORAGE COEFFICIENT.
- (iii) PEAK FLOW DOES NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOW IF ANY.

ADD HYD (0029)				
1 + 2 = 3	AREA	QPEAK	TPEAK	R.V.
	(ha)	(cms)	(hrs)	(mm)
ID1 = 1 (0001):	2.42	.125	1.50	13.82
+ ID2= 2 (0002):	.24	.001	3.33	7.60
==============	======	=======	=======	=======
ID = 3 (0029):	2.66	.125	1.50	13.26

NOTE: PEAK FLOWS DO NOT INCLUDE BASEFLOWS IF ANY.

RESERVOIR (0024)     IN= 2> OUT= 1					
DT= 10.0 min	OUTFLOW	STORAGE	OUTFLOW	STORAGE	
	(cms)	(ha.m.)	(cms)	(ha.m.)	
	.0000	.0000	.4810	.5040	
	.0570	.2620	.7400	.6000	
	.1200	.3270	.8980	.6540	
	.3200	.4360	1.0940	.7180	
	) () () () ()	REA QPEA ha) (cms 660 .12 660 .00	(hr 25 * 1.		

PEAK FLOW REDUCTION [Qout/Qin](%)= 5.05 TIME SHIFT OF PEAK FLOW (min)=160.00 MAXIMUM STORAGE USED (ha.m.)= .0291

-----

FINISH

\_\_\_\_\_\_

### **Summary of Flows**

### **CHICAGO- 4HR Results**

Table 1 - Total Runoff Volumes and Peak flow for Predevelopment Scenario

		Using 3hr	Chicago	Using 3hr	SCS	
		5 Year	100 Year	5 Year	100 Year	25mm Water Quality (4hr Chicago)
Peak Flow	m3/s	0.103	0.284	0.103	0.459	0.019
Runoff Volume	mm	17.336	46.721	16.215	76.987	5.018
	m3	461.1	1242.8	431.3	2047.9	133.5
Pond Tributary Area	ha	2.66				10010

### Table 2 - Total Runoff Volumes and Peak flow for Postdevelopment Scenario UNCONTROLLED

		5 Year	100 Year	5 Year	100 Year	25mm Water Quality (4hr Chicago)
Peak Flow	m3/s	0.471	1.028	0.623	1.374	0.125
Runoff Volume	mm	32.21	69.14	30.64	103.58	13.26
	m3	856.8	1839.1	815.0	2755.2	352.7
Pond Tributary Area	ha	2.66				332.7

### Table 3 - Preliminary Estimation of SWM Pond Volume Required

		5 Year	100 Year 5	Year	100 Year	25mm Water Quality (4hr)
Volume Required	m3	395.6	596.3	383.7	707.4	219.2

		Design Parameters								
Water Quality Storage	Water Quality Storage Requirements (MOE SWMPP Table 3.2)									
Pond Catchment Area Level 1 Extended % imperviousness	2.66 ha 140 m3/ha 40 m3/ha 32.27 % SAY 35.0 %	Water Quality Storage (Select the ginterpolated from Table 3.2 (MOE 3.2) mm Event From OTTHYMO  Permanent Volume Required	greater of the two values) SWMPP)							
Settling Calculations $Dist = \sqrt{\frac{r \times Q_p}{V_s}}$	r 2 Length to	Forebay length width ratio v rate from the pond during design quality s	m - storm m3/s m/s							
Dispersion Length										
$Dist = \frac{8Q}{dV_f}$	<ul><li>Q 0.33 Maximum</li><li>d 0.29 Depth of</li></ul>		m m m3/s m m/s							
Design Quality Storm										
$i_{25} = 43C + 5.9$	MOE SWMPP Equat	ion 3.7								
	A 2.66 Area C 0.3227 Runoff Co i 19.7761 Intensity Qp 0.05 m3/s	pefficient	ha mm/hr m3/s							
Flow Velocity Check	Qd 0.33 Inlet Flow A 0.87 Crossecti Vfb 0.376 Average I	onal Area m2								
Forebay Dimensions	33 65.00 59.00 4.00 2.00 0.29 50.22	Average Side Slope Top Length Bottom Length Average Top Width Bottom Width Average Depth of Forebay Pool	% m m m m m m							
Forebay Cleanout Frequ	iency									
	Ac 2.66 Ds 0.29 Vsf 50.22 a 35% da 0.6 Fs 31.5 80%	Maximum Sediment Depth ( Maximum Sediment Volume ( Impervious Level Annual Sediment Loading (	(ha) (m) (m3) % (m3/ha/yr) (Table 6.3 MOE Manual) (years) Efficiency							

# Stage-Storage-Discharge Curve - Pond

		Description						Orifice Fauntian Head	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	- 0.02 A A A (2811) 0.3					Allika Cramma	Quanty Storm 100 Year	
[Discharge]	TOTAL	Pond	Discharge	m³/s							0.010	0.001	0.000			0.013	
	ge	Weir 1	0.000	m³/s													
	Component Discharge	Orifice	0.20	s/,w						0000	0.073	0.082					
	Comp	Orifice	0.10	m³/s				0.000	0.010	0.013	0.018	0.021					
	Active	Storage		ha.m				0.000	0.010	0.020	0.050	0.071	0.079				
	Stage	Active	-Elev-	Е				0.000	0.208	0.358	0.708	0.908	0.978				
[Storage]	'Iuctuation	Volume	,	m,				0.00	95.98	197.67	496.06	705.53	785.72		219.24	707.37	
	Sec Volume Cumulative Fluctuation	Volume	,	,E		32.18	130.99	266.00	361.98	463.67	762.06	971.53	1,051.72				
	c Volume C			, m		32.18	98.81		231.00	101.69	298.38	209.47	80.19				
	Avg Area S			"i		64.36	197.62	===== bMT	461.99	677.94	852.53	1,047.37	1,145.56				m 0.00
	Sec Area		c	m	31.77	96.94	298.30	488.49 ≕	625.68	730.20	974.85	1,119.89	1,171.23				
	Elevation			m	296.73	297.23	297.73	298.02	298.23	298.38	298.73	298.93	299.00	Interpolated Values	298.38	298.93	FREE BOARD

Storm	Pre-devel.	Post-Devel.	Volume
Event	Peak Flows	Controlled Peak Flows	Required [OTTHYMO]
	m³/s	m³/s	Ē
3hr Chicago			
5 year	0.103		396
100 year	0.284	0.103	596
3hr SCS			
5 year	0.103		384
100 year	0.459	0.103	707

Denotes 5 year allowable release rate 103 L/s 100 year storage quantity required is 707 cu.m.

Elevation	Sec Area	Avg Area	Volume	Total
297.73	111.84			
298.02	231.86	171.85	50.22	50 22

H:\PROJECTS\03\141\Design\SWM\03141\_SWM.xls

### 25 mm Pond Orifice Calculation for 12 hr or Greater Detention Time

Project: Lexus-Bayview Developments, Townhouse Development and Single Lot

Ref: 03-141

С	0.62000		Extended Quality Volume:	219	$m^3$
Orifice	0.10000		Initial Head:	0.31	m
Area	0.00785	m <sup>2</sup>	Detention:	10.00	hrs
				600.00	min

				000,00	
		FALLING	HEAD EQUA	TION	
Time	Head	Q	Volume	Declining	Volume
(min)	(m)	(m3/s)	(m3)	Start	End
0	0.3078	0.0120	3.59	219.24	215.65
5	0.3027	0.0119	3.56	215.65	212.09
10	0.2977	0.0118	3.53	212.09	208.56
15	0.2928	0.0117	3.50	208.56	205.06
20	0.2879	0.0116	3.47	205.06	201.58
25	0.2830	0.0115	3.44	201.58	198.14
30	0.2781	0.0114	3.41	198.14	194.73
			REAK	700777	101.70
580	0.0004	0.0004	0.13	0.30	0.17
585	0.0002	0.0003	0.10	0.17	0.07
590	0.0001	0.0002	0.06	0.07	0.00
595	0.0000	0.0001	0.02	0.00	(0.01)
600	(0.0000)	#NUM!	#NUM!	(0.01)	#NUM!
605	#NÙM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
610	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
615	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
620	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
625	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
630	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
635	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
640	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
645	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
650	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	
655	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
660	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
665	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
670	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!		#NUM!
675	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM! #NUM!	#NUM!
680	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
685	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!		#NUM!
690	#NUM!	#NUM!		#NUM!	#NUM!
695	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
700	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
705	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
710	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
715	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
713	#NUM!		#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
725	#NUM!	#NUM! #NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!
120	#INOIVI!	#INOIVI!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!

## Appendix C Geotechnical Report

Excerpt of Terraprobe Soil Investigation Report

# Runoff Curve Numbers

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(1986), which is an exhaustive listing of runoff curve numbers. The hydrologic soil group refers to the The following table of runoff curve numbers (CN) has been condensed from Tables 2-2(a-d) of SCS infiltration potential of the soil after prolonged wetting. Group A Soils: High infiltration (low runoff). Sand, loamy sand, or sandy loam. Infiltration rate > 0.3 inch/hr when wet.

Silt loam or loam. Infiltration rate 0.15 to 0.3Group B Soils: Moderate infiltration (moderate runoff). inch/hr when wet.

\*

Group C Soils: Low infiltration (moderate to high runoff). Sandy clay loam. Infiltration rate 0.05 to 0.15 inch/hr when wet.

Clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, silty clay, Group D Soils: Very low infiltration (high runoff). or clay. Infiltration rate 0 to 0.05 inch/hr when wet.

TABLE Runoff curve numbers for selected agricultural, suburban, and urban land uses (antecedent moisture condition II,  $I_a=0.2S$ )

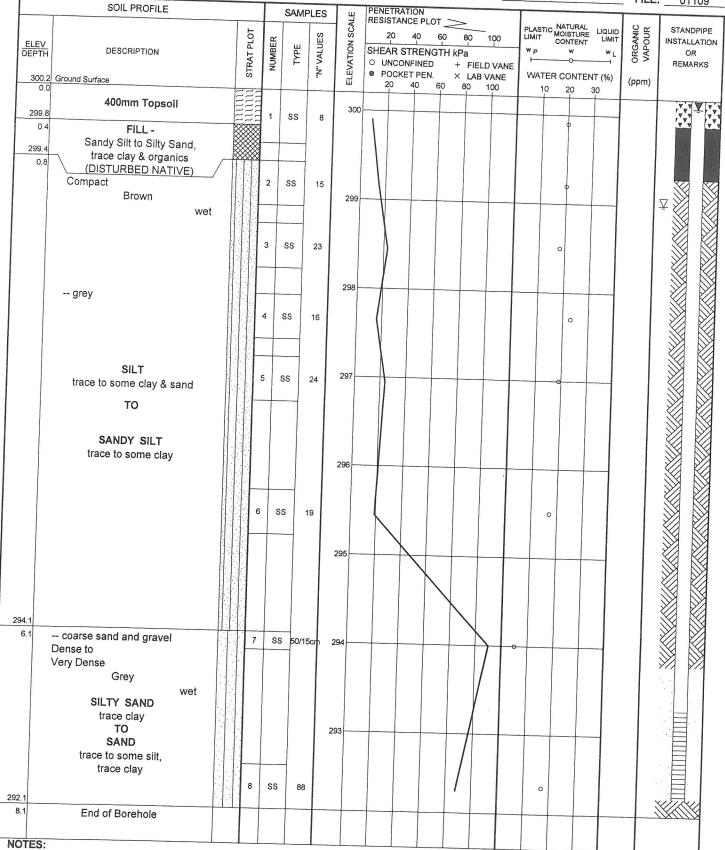
Land Use Description	F	Hydrologic Soil Group					
	A	В	C	D			
Cultivated land!: without conservation treatment	72	(81)	88	/			
with conservation treatment	62	71	78				
Pasture or range land: poor condition	68						
good condition	39	79	85	1			
Meadow: good condition		61	74	, 80			
Wood or forest land: thin stand, poor cover, no mulch	30	58	71	78			
good cover?	45	56	77	83			
	25	5.5	70	77			
Open Spaces, lawns, parks, golf courses, cemeteries, etc.			1.	-			
good condition: grass cover on 75% or more of the area	3.9	61	74	80			
fair condition; grass cover on 50% to 75% of the area	49	69	79	84			
Commercial and business areas (85% impervious)	89	92	94				
Industrial districts (72% impervious)	81	-	-	95			
Residential3:	101	88	91	93			
Average lot size Average % impervious4		1					
1/8 acre or less 65				1 .			
1/4 acre 38	77	85	90	92			
/3 acre 30	61	75	8.3	87			
/2 acre 25	57	72	81	86			
acre 20	54	70	80	85			
aved parking lots, roofs, driveways, etc.5	51	68	79	84			
treets and roads:	98	98	98	98			
paved with curbs and storm sewers5	98	98	98	98			
dirt	76	85	89	91			
	72	82	87	89			

### Terraprobe

### **LOG OF BOREHOLE 3**

PROJECT: Proposed Residential Subdivision DATE: \_\_ 19 January 2001 LOCATION: Caledon East, Ontario EQUIPMENT: Trackmount 6M2

CLIENT: \_\_ Valley Grove Investments ELEVATION DATUM: Geodetic FILE: 01109



Borehole was open and water level at 1.2m depth on completion of drilling. Water level in standpipe at 0.1m depth on January 29, 2001.

### **Terraprobe**

### **LOG OF BOREHOLE 9**

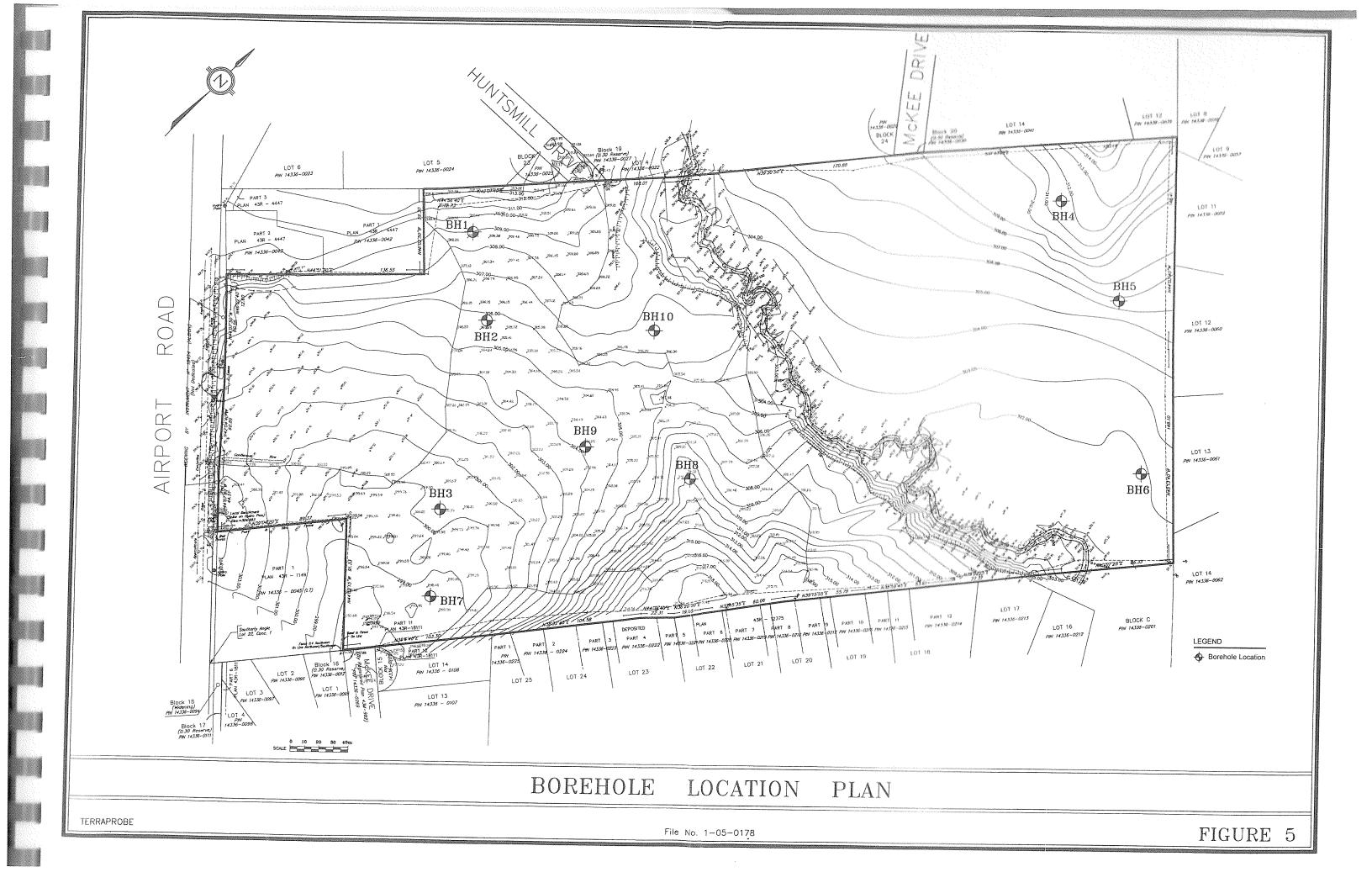
PROJECT: Proposed Residential Subdivision DATE: 22 January 2001

LOCATION: Caledon East, Ontario EQUIPMENT: Trackmount 6M2

CLIENT: Valley Grove Investments ELEVATION DATUM: Geodetic FILE: 01109 PENETRATION SOIL PROFILE SAMPLES RESISTANCE PLOT PLASTIC NATURAL LIQUID LIMIT CONTENT LIMIT STANDPIPE INSTALLATION 20 40 60 80 STRAT PLOT "N" VALUES NUMBER ELEVATION OR TYPE SHEAR STRENGTH kPa ELEV DEPTH REMARKS DESCRIPTION O UNCONFINED + FIELD VANE WATER CONTENT (%) POCKET PEN. × LAB VANE (ppm) 304.8 Ground Surface 350mm Topsoil SS 5 304.4 FILL -0.4 Sandy Silt to Silty Sand, 304.0 trace clay & organics 304 0.8 (DISTURBED NATIVE) 40 2 SS Dense Brown very moist SAND trace silt 303.3 (Medium to Coarse) 1.5 Dense to 3 SS 43 303 Very Dense Brown/Grey moist C 4 SS 73 302 SILTY SAND some gravel and clay SS 78 (TILL) 301 SS 50/13cm 0 6 300.1 End of Borehole

NOTES:

Borehole was open and dry on completion of drilling.





Municipal and Development Engineering



Water Resources Engineering



Planning



Project Management



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