

2. The maximum annual tonnage is 2,500,000.

e following structo	ures shall be permitted v	vithin the Building	g Location Area	identified on the	plan view of this drawing:	
	Building	Width	Length	Area		

Building	Width	Length	Area
Scale House	3.7 m	12.2 m	45.1 m²
Quality Control Lab	3.7 m	12.2 m	45.1 m²
Maintenance Shop	36.6 m	45.7 m	1,672.6 m²
Office	13.7 m	18.3 m	250.7 m²

- 4. The licensee intends to retain ownership or control of additional land containing a house (to the northwest of the Main Area) during the extraction operation which shall be vacated prior to, and remain vacant while, extraction is occurring within 500 metres. Should the house remain occupied or the property sold, the licensee shall notify the MNRF immediately and provide mitigation necessary to ensure Provincial noise, air, dust and ground vibration limits are satisfied.
- 5. Table 3 on drawing 3 of 4 identifies the number of sensitive receptors within 500 metres of the licence boundary and the distance from the licence boundary to each receptor.

B. Hours of Operation

- 1. Activities to prepare the Site, such as the stripping of topsoil, construction of the berms, or activities related to the rehabilitation of the Site after the extraction is completed are considered to be construction activities and are only permitted to occur during the daytime period (7:00am to 7:00pm) Monday to Friday except statutory holidays.
- t. Activities for site operations, such as extraction, processing and drilling are permitted to occur during the daytime period (7:00am to 7:00pm) Monday to Saturday, except statutory holidays.
- s. Activities related to shipping are permitted from 6:00am to 7:00pm Monday to Saturday, except statutory holidays. Shipping is permitted from 7:00pm to 6:00am only where required to support public authority contracts that necessitate the delivery of aggregates during these hours. Shipping activities from 7:00pm to 6:00am shall be limited to highway trucks and shipping loaders and no other operations shall
- 4. Blasting is permitted from 8:00am to 6:00pm Monday to Friday, except statutory holidays.

C. Site Access and Fencing

- 1. The existing eastern access point on Charleston Sideroad and the southern access point on Mississauga Road for the Main Area (as shown on drawing 1 of 4) shall be removed during site preparation of the Main Area. The existing western access point on Charlesto Sideroad (as shown on the plan view) shall remain to access the CBM Caledon Pit / Quarry office and quality control lab. The northern
- access point on Mississauga Road (as shown on the plan view) may remain for maintenance purposes only. 2. The two existing access points for the North Area (as shown on drawing 1 of 4) may remain, and shall not be gated, while the North Area
- is utilized for agricultural purposes (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards). The existing access points on Main Street and Charleston Sideroad (as shown on the plan view) may remain for maintenance purposes only. 3. The four existing access points for the South Area (as shown on drawing 1 of 4) may remain, and shall not be gated, while the South Area is utilized for agricultural purposes (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards). During site preparation of the G. Site Dewatering
- South Area, the three existing access points on Charleston Sideroad shall be removed. The site access on Mississauga Road (as shown on the plan view) may remain for maintenance purposes only.
- 4. The main operational entrance/exit is proposed in the location shown on the plan view of this drawing, subject to an agreement with the Region of Peel. See site entrance simulation on this drawing.
- The North and South Areas shall be accessed by tunnels beneath both Main Street and Charleston Sidreroad in the locations shown on the plan view of this drawing, subject to an agreement with the Region of Peel (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards). Temporary access points shall be permitted in the North and South Areas to facilitate tunnel construction.
- 6. The operational, office / quality control lab, maintenance and/or temporary access points shall be gated, kept closed during hours of non-operation and maintained throughout the life of the licence.
- Page wire and/or hi-tensile fencing, a minimum 1.2 metres in height, shall be erected along the licence boundaries and the perimeter of the cell tower area (see Cell Tower Detail on this drawing) in a phased approach (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards). If the cell tower area is removed, fencing shall be erected along the licence boundary. Prior to site preparation commencing in the Main, North or South Areas, fencing shall be installed along the perimeter of that Area.

8. In order to minimize disturbance to existing vegetation, perimeter fencing may be offset up to five metres from the licence boundary (see

- boundary shall be demarcated with highly visible T-bars with PVC every 30 metres, or less, to maintain visibility from one T-bar to the 9. All fencing shall be maintained for the life of the licence.
- 10. A sign of at least 0.5 metres by 0.5 metres in size shall be erected and maintained at the operational entrance/exit that says in legible words "This site is licensed under the Aggregate Resources Act licence # 626600."

D. Drainage and Siltation Control 1. Drainage of undisturbed areas will continue in the directions shown on drawing 1 of 4.

- 2. Silt fencing shall be installed in a phased approach. Prior to site preparation commencing in the Main, North or South Areas, silt fencing shall be installed on the exterior side toe of perimeter berms and along the dripline of significant woodlands as shown on the plan view of
- this drawing. See Natural Environment note 9.j under Section O Technical Recommendations on drawing 3 of 4 for additional
- 3. Silt fencing shall be inspected prior to site preparation activities to ensure it was installed correctly and during extraction operations to ensure that the fencing is being maintained and functioning properly. Any issues that are identified shall be rectified immediately.
- E. Site Preparation

4. Silt fencing shall not be removed until re-vegetation and soil stabilization has occurred to limit sedimentation of the setbacks.

- 1. Existing structures within the licence boundary outside of the Cultural Heritage Potential areas shall be demolished or removed prior to extraction within each Area. Structures within the Cultural Heritage Potential areas shall be subject to the cultural heritage technical recommendations in Section O.4 on drawing 3 of 4.
- 2. Timber resources shall be salvaged for use as saw logs, fence posts and fuel wood where appropriate. Cleared stumps and brush may
- be burned (with applicable permits), used for aquatic habitat enhancement or mulched for use in progressive rehabilitation. 3. Ensure all requirements for natural environment notes 9.a to 9.d under Section O Technical Recommendations on drawing 3 of 4 are met, if applicable.
- 4. Topsoil and overburden shall be stripped and stored separately.
- 5. Topsoil and overburden shall be placed in noise attenuation/visual berms or used immediately for progressive rehabilitation. Excess topsoil and overburden not required for immediate use in berms or progressive rehabilitation may be temporarily stockpiled within the limit of extraction in the location shown on the plan view of this drawing. Topsoil and overburden stockpiles in this location shall not exceed eight metres in height and may be located within 30 metres of the licence boundary (see Section N Variations from Control and
- 7. In situations where excess topsoil and overburden has to be temporarily stockpiled outside the area shown on the plan view of this drawing, stockpiles shall be located within the limit of extraction and remain a minimum of 30 metres from the licence boundary and 90
- metres from a property with a residential use. 8. Temporary topsoil and overburden stockpiles which remain for more than one year shall have their slopes vegetated to control erosion.

10. Ensure the cultural heritage and archaeology technical recommendations in Sections O.4 and O.5 on drawing 3 of 4 have been

- Seeding shall not be required if these stockpiles have vegetated naturally in the first year. 9. No topsoil shall be removed from the site (see Section N Variations from Control and Operation Standards).
- completed for the phase undergoing site preparation, if applicable. Berms and Screening
- 1. Berms shall not be located within three metres of the licence boundary or cell tower area.

shall be a minimum of seven metres in height (see plan view for location).

- 2. Berms shall be a minimum of five metres in height, except for a section of the berm along the western extent of the Main Area, which
- Berm side slopes shall not exceed 2:1 (horizontal: vertical).
- 4. The minimum width of the berm crest shall be two metres. 5. See Typical Acoustic and Visual Berm detail on this drawing for additional information.
- 6. Berms shall be seeded in accordance with visual note 6.c under Section O Technical Recommendations on drawing 3 of 4.

1. Refer to the water technical recommendations in Section O.7 on drawing 3 of 4 for information regarding site dewatering.

7. Existing vegetation within the setbacks shall be maintained where berms are not required.

- 1. This plan depicts a schematic operations for the property based on the best information available at the time of preparation.
- 2. Extraction shall occur in eight phases (Phases 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7) as shown on the plan view. Notwithstanding the operational and rehabilitation notes, demand for certain products or blending of materials may require minor
- deviations in the extraction and rehabilitation sequence. Any major deviations from the operations sequence shown shall require approval from the MNRF 4. Phase 1
- 4.1. Prepare Phase 1 for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections 'C' through 'G' of this drawing are met.
- 4.4. Once bedrock is reached, establish facility pad for permanent processing area at an elevation of 397.0 masl.

4.2. Strip Phase 1 and use the material to construct the perimeter berm for the Main Area.

- 4.5. Commence quarrying operations through sinking cut.
- 4.6. Continue extracting the pit and quarry in a northeasterly direction before proceeding in a northwesterly direction. 4.7. Phase 1 may be extracted to a maximum depth between 384.0 and 392.7 masl.
- and grades depicted on the plan view for drawing 4 of 4. 4.9. Prepare Phases 2A and 2B for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections 'C' through 'G' of this drawing are met.

4.8. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling the southeast and northeast phase boundary to establish the final elevations

- Phases 2A 5.1. Strip Phase 2A and use the material to construct the perimeter berm for the North Area, for progressive rehabilitation in Phase 1
- or temporarily stockpile the material in the topsoil and overburden stockpile area. 5.2. Extract pit and quarry in a northwesterly direction before proceeding in a southwesterly direction.
- 5.3. Phase 2A may be extracted to a maximum depth between 387.2 and 392.7 masl.
- 5.4. Establish tunnel beneath Main Street to connect with Phase 2B.
- 5.5. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling a portion of the phase to pre-extraction grades as well as the side slopes to establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing 4 of 4.
- 6.1. Strip Phase 2B and use the material for progressive rehabilitation in Phases 1 and 2A or temporarily stockpile the material in the
- topsoil and overburden stockpile area.
- 6.2. Create sinking cut to establish tunnel beneath Main Street to connect with Phase 2A.
- 6.3. Extract pit and quarry in a northeasterly direction before proceeding in a southeasterly direction. 6.4. Phase 2B may be extracted to a maximum depth between 393.3 and 395.0 masl.
- 6.5. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling the side slopes and quarry floor to establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing 4 of 4. 6.6. Prepare Phase 3 for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections 'C' through 'G' of this drawing are met.
- 7. Phase 3
- 7.1. Use the topsoil and overburden stockpiled in Phase 3, as well as the existing material, for progressive rehabilitation in Phases 7.2. Construct a slurry wall / grout zone in the southwest setback of the Main Area prior to extraction in Phase 3.
- 7.3. Extract pit and quarry in a southwest direction.
- 7.4. Phase 3 may be extracted to a maximum depth between 383.9 and 388.6 masl. 7.5. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling a portion of the phase to pre-extraction grades and side sloping to establish
- the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing 4 of 4.
- 7.6. Prepare Phase 4 for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections 'C' through 'G' of this drawing are met.
- 8. Phase 4
- 8.1. Use the topsoil and overburden stockpiled in Phase 4, as well as the existing material, for progressive rehabilitation in Phases 2A, 2B, 3, 4 and backfilling the tunnel beneath Main Street.
- 8.2. Construct infiltration trenches in the southwest setback of the Main Area prior to extraction in Phase 4. 8.3. Extract pit and quarry in a southwest direction before proceeding in a northwesterly direction.
- 8.4. Phase 4 may be extracted to a maximum depth between 382.3 and 385.9 masl.
- 8.5. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling a portion of the phase to pre-extraction grades as well as side slopes to establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing 4 of 4. 8.6. Prepare Phase 5 for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections 'C' through 'G' of this drawing are met.
- 9.1. Strip Phase 5 and use the material for progressive rehabilitation in Phases 4 and 5 and any other areas requiring backfilling within the Main area. Any remaining topsoil and overburden shall to used for the future progressive rehabilitation in Phases 6
- 9.2. Extract pit and quarry in a southeasterly direction.
- 9.3. Phase 5 may be extracted to a maximum depth between 380.9 and 384.7 masl.
- 9.4. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling the side slopes (where applicable) to establish the final elevations and grades depicting on the plan view of drawing 4 of 4.
- 9.5. A portion of the quarry face in the southwest corner of Phase 5 shall remain vertical (see Section N. Variations from Control and Operation Standards). The exposed rock face will be approximately 128 metres in length. 9.6. Prepare Phase 6 for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections 'C' through 'G' of this drawing are met.

10.2. Construct slurry wall / grout zone and infiltration trenches in the southwest and southeast setback of the South Area prior to

- 10. Phase 6 10.1. Strip Phase 6 and use the material to construct the perimeter berm for the South Area or temporarily stockpile for future use with
- 10.3. Create sinking cut to establish tunnel beneath Charleston Sideroad to connect with Phase 1.
- 10.4. Extract pit and quarry in a southeasterly direction.
- 10.5. Phase 6 may be extracted to a maximum depth between 385.0 and 391.4 masl.
- 10.6. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling the quarry floor and side slopes to establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing 4 of 4.
- 10.7. Prepare Phase 7 for extraction and ensure all requirements in Sections 'C' through 'G' of this drawing are met.

- 11.1. Strip Phase 7 and use the material for progressive rehabilitation in Phases 6 and 7.
- 11.2. Extract pit and quarry in a southwesterly direction before proceeding in a southeasterly direction.
- 11.3. Phase 7 may be extracted to a maximum depth between 381.3 and 386.6 masl.

establish the final elevations and grades depicted on the plan view of drawing 4 of 4.

- 11.4. Extract facility pad in Main Area. 11.5. Progressive rehabilitation shall consist of backfilling the quarry floor (including tunnel) and side slopes (where applicable) to
- 11.6. Upon completion of extraction in Phase 7, the slurry wall adjacent to the infiltration trenches in the southwest and southeast corner of the South Area shall be excavated and backfilled with sand. 11.7. A portion of the quarry face in the southwest and southeast corner of Phase 7 shall remain vertical (see Section N. Variations
- from Control and Operation Standards). The exposed rock face will be approximately 465 metres in length. Two access points with 2:1 slopes from the existing grade to the final guarry floor shall be provided in the locations shown on the plan view of drawing 4 of 4. The access points shall be backfilled with highly permeable sandy material (10-5) or un-compacted till (10-6). Should un-compacted till be utilized, the access points shall not exceed 30 metres in width.

- 1. All trees within five metres of the excavation face inside the limit of extraction shall be removed. 2. The maximum height of a lift within the pit shall not be greater than 1.5 metres above the highest reaching excavating equipment being
- 3. The maximum height of a lift within the quarry shall be 25 metres.
- 4. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 1 is approximately 27 metres. Areas of Phase 1 that are less than 25
- metres in depth shall be extracted in one lift while areas greater than 25 metres in depth shall be extracted in two lifts.
- 5. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 2A is approximately 26 metres. Areas of Phase 2A that are less than 25 metres in depth shall be extracted in one lift while areas greater than 25 metres in depth shall be extracted in two lifts. 6. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 2B is approximately 14 metres and shall be extracted in one lift.
- 7. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 3 is approximately 27 metres. Areas of Phase 3 that are less than 25 metres in depth shall be extracted in one lift while areas greater than 25 metres in depth shall be extracted in two lifts. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 4 is approximately 27 metres. Areas of Phase 4 that are less than 25
- metres in depth shall be extracted in one lift while areas greater than 25 metres in depth shall be extracted in two lifts. 9. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 5 is approximately 25 metres and shall be extracted in one lift. 10. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 6 is approximately 18 metres and shall be extracted in one lift.
- 11. The maximum depth of material below top of bedrock in Phase 7 is approximately 16 metres and shall be extracted in one lift. 12. Extraction may occur concurrently in Phases 2A and 2B.
- 13. Extraction shall be permitted in two phases simultaneously to allow for transition between phases.
- 14. Blasting shall be permitted daily Monday to Friday (during the hours specified in note B.4 on this drawing). However, it is anticipated that the frequency of blasts will typically be two blasts per week. 15. As excavation reaches the limit of extraction or maximum depth, progressive rehabilitation shall commence.
- 16. Aggregate stockpiles (including recyclable material) shall be located within the limit of extraction and remain a minimum of 30 metres from the licence boundary and 90 metres from a property with a residential use.
- 17. Berms that encroach within the limit of extraction shall be removed, and the underlying aggregate may be extracted, as part of final 18. Internal haul road locations will vary on the pit and quarry floor as extraction progresses.
- J. Equipment and Processing 1. Equipment used on-site may include jaw crushers, excavators, bulldozers, skid steers, screeners, conveyors, hoppers, mobile cone crushers, drill rigs, generators, front end loaders, shipping loaders, shipping trucks, haul trucks, and water trucks.
- 2. Processing equipment shall remain a minimum of 30 metres from the licence boundary and 90 metres from a property with a residential
- Processing equipment will initially be portable and shall be situated in the location identified on the Noise Mitigation Schematic on drawing 3 of 4. As operations progress and the top of bedrock is exposed, a permanent processing plant will be constructed within the facility pad area as shown on the plan view of this drawing. Once the permanent processing plant is operational, the temporary processing plant shall be dismantled. A permanent processing plant will be constructed in the South Area once enough area is extracted within Phase 6. Once the permanent processing plant in Phase 6 is operational, the permanent processing plant on the facility pad in Phase 1 shall be dismantled and the maternal beneath it extracted.

K. Fuel Storage Fuel storage tanks shall be located in close proximity to the maintenance shop. Fuel storage tanks shall be installed and maintained in accordance with the Technical Standards and Safety Act and Liquid Fuels Regulation 217/01.

2. All fuel tanks shall be double sided or placed in containment facilities large enough to hold the tanks maximum volume.

on-site and all employees and contractors shall be informed and required to comply with this plan.

3. Fuel trucks shall be used to transfer fuel to on-site equipment in accordance with the Liquid Fuels Handling Code. 4. A Spills Contingency Plan shall be prepared and implemented prior to site preparation. The Spills Contingency Plan shall be available

L. Scrap and Recycling

- 1. Scrap may be stored on-site and shall be removed on an on-going basis.
- 2. Scrap shall only include material generated directly as a result of the aggregate operation such as refuse, debris, scrap metal, lumber, discarded machinery, equipment and motor vehicles.
- 3. All fluids shall be drained from any discarded equipment, machinery or motor vehicle prior to storage and disposed of in accordance with the Environmental Protection Act.
- 4. Scrap shall not be stored within 30 metres of any body of water, or the licence boundary, and shall be kept in close proximity to the main
- processing plant. Recycling of concrete shall be permitted on-site.
- 6. Recyclable material shall be kept in close proximity to the main processing plant.
- 7. Rebar or other structural metal shall be separated from recyclable aggregate material during processing and placed in a designated scrap pile on-site which shall be removed on an on-going basis.
- 8. Recycled aggregate shall be removed on an on-going basis.
- 9. Recycling activities shall not interfere with the operational phases of the site or with rehabilitation.
- 10. Once the site is depleted, no further importation of recyclable material shall be permitted. 11. Once final rehabilitation has been completed and approved in accordance with the site plan, all recycling operations shall cease.
- 12. The site shall be kept in an orderly condition. M. Maximum Disturbed Area
- The maximum disturbed area is 95.0 hectares. Disturbed areas shall include active extraction areas, stockpile areas, internal haul routes. areas being progressively rehabilitated and berms until they are vegetated. Areas that have been side-sloped and vegetated, and the adjacent un-vegetated or flooded vacated quarry floor (eg. stockpiles and equipment removed), shall not constitute disturbed areas. N. Variations from Control and Operation Standards

Section 0.13 Standard	Variation	Rationale		
	A gate shall not be required for the tunnel crossings.	The tunnel crossings are beneath the road allowance Therefore, access is already restricted.		
(1) 1 & 2	Gates shall not be required in an Area that is not currently undergoing site preparation.	This will enable agricultural operations to continue witho being impeded.		
(1) 3	A clear view of the road in both directions shall not be provided at the tunnel crossings.	The tunnel crossings are beneath the road allowance. Therefore, visibility in both directions is not possible.		
(1) 9 & 10.ii.A	Excavation may occur within the setback at the tunnel crossings.	This will facilitate construction associated with the tunner		
	Excavation may occur within the setbacks where the groundwater infiltration trenches and slurry walls are located.	This will facilitate construction associated with the groundwater infiltration trench and slurry wall.		
(1) 11	Aggregate / overburden may be removed from the setback at the tunnel crossings.	This will facilitate construction associated with the tunner		
	Aggregate / overburden may be removed from the setbacks where the groundwater infiltration trenches are slurry walls are located.	This will facilitate construction associated with the groundwater infiltration trench and slurry wall.		
(1) 13.i.	Topsoil and overburden within the "Topsoil and Overburden Stockpile Area" may be stockpiled within 30 metres of the licence boundary.	The "Topsoil and Overburden Stockpile Area" is adjacent additional land owned by the licensee.		
(1) 17	Topsoil and/or overburden may be transferred between the Main, North and South Areas.	This will allow stripped material from site preparation to be used for berm construction, progressive rehabilitation and/ottemporarily stockpiled in any Area.		
(1) 19.i. & 19.ii.	The minimum side slope within the sand and gravel deposit areas shall be 2:1.	This will enable side slopes to transition seamlessly betwee the pit and quarry excavation areas.		
	A portions of the extraction face shall remain vertical in the southwest corner of Phase 5 and the southwest/southeast corner of Phase 7.	Leaving a portion of the extraction face in Phases 5 and vertical will meet the water mitigation requirements.		
(3) (a)	Fencing shall be installed in a phased approach.	This will enable agricultural production to continue with minimal disruption and accounts for the long life expectancy the operation.		
	Fencing may be offset up to five metres from the licence boundary.	This will minimize the removal of existing trees to accommodate the perimeter fencing.		
		· ' '		

3. It is the responsibility of the cell tower operator to control

access to the area in a manner that they deem appropriate.

3. Fencing shall be installed around the perimeter of the cell

(former geographic Township of Caledon) Township of Caledon Region of Peel Additional Land Owned Licence Boundary by Licensee Limit of Extraction Licence Boundary Contours with Elevation Metres above sea level (MASL) Enbridge Gas Inc. 1.2 m post & wire fence unless otherwise noted Driveway Main Discharge Entrance / Exit Secondary Discharge (Discharge not to exceed existing surface water flow) Operational Access Entrance / Exit Berm (with 2:1 side slopes) Office/lab and Maintenance Access 5.0 m in height except for section along the western extent of the Main Area identified as 7.0 m on the plan view unnel Crossing General Direction o Excavation & Boundary Building/Structure Watercourse Topsoil & Overburden Stockpile Area (Maximum Height 8.0 m) (Direction of flow indicated by arrows) Watercourse | Facility Pad and Building Location Area (Direction of flow indicated by arrows) Water Feature Archaeological Protection Area (Including 70 metre buffer) Infiltration Trench Wooded Area Wetland MNRF Evaluated - Other Slurry Wall Spot Elevation Top - Existing (MASL) / Middle - Water Table (MASL) MNRF - Unevaluated Bottom - Maximum Depth of Extraction (MASL) Cross Sections Visual Planting Area

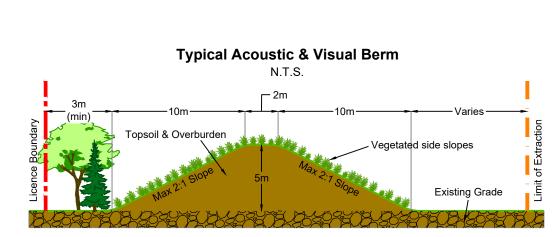
Part of Lots 15-18, Concession 4 WSCR and Part of Lot 16, Concession 3 WSCR

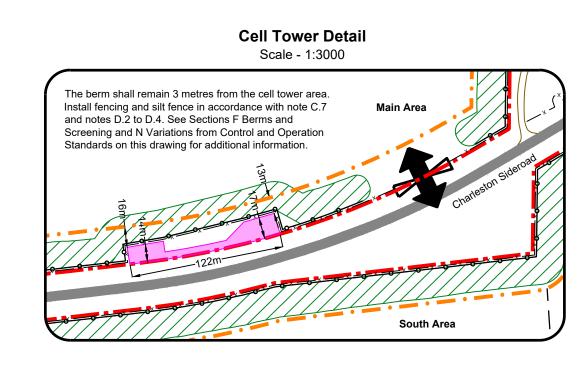
Legal Description

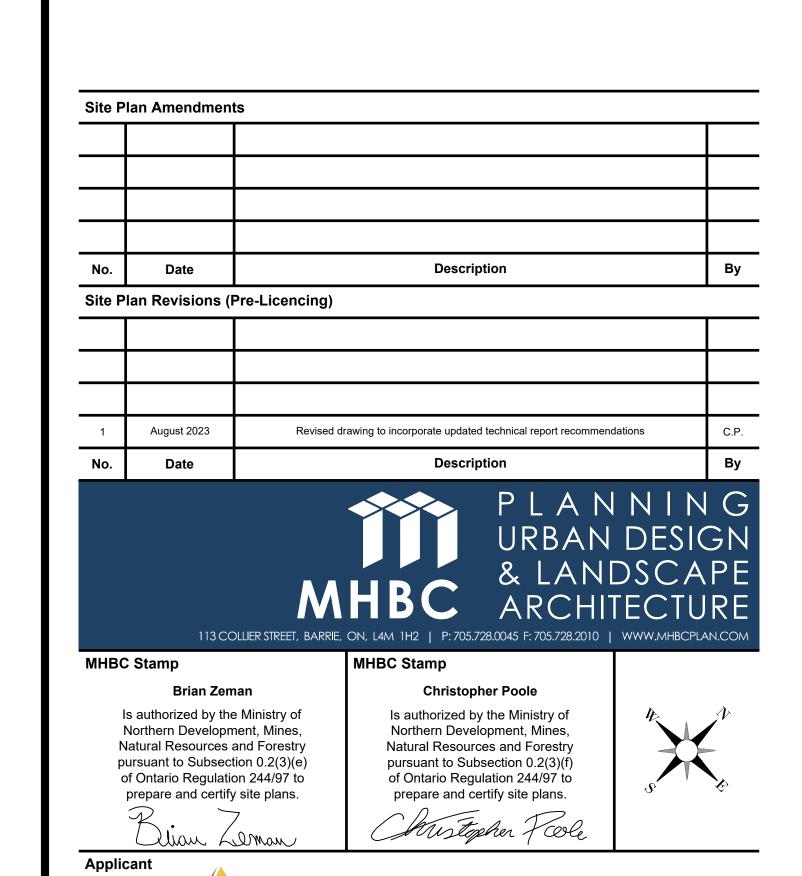


Site Plan Acronyms

- ARA Aggregate Resources Act
- MECP Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks MGCS - Ministry of Government and Consumer Services
- 4. DFO Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada MNRF - Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry
- TSSA Technical Standards and Safety Authority MTCS - Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport
- 8. ECA Environmental Compliance Approval BMPP - Best Management Practices Plan 10. WWIS - Water Well Information System
- 11. HIA Heritage Impact Assessment 12. CVC - Credit Valley Conservation
- 13. MASL Metres above sea level 14. PTTW - Permit to Take Water 15. NTS - Not to Scale









18722 Main Street, Caledon, Ontario MNRF Licence Reference No. **Applicant's Signature** 626600 Plan Scale: 1:5000 (Arch E) File Name

N:\Brian\8816AF - CBM - Caledon Quarry\Drawings\Site Plan\CAD\8816AF - Site Plan.dwg

CBM Aggregates a Division of St. Marys Cement Inc. (Canada)

55 Industrial Street Toronto, Ontario

Operational Plan Drawing No. 2 of 4

File Path