Application Submitted

TOWN OF CALEDON **PLANNING RECEIVED**

October 17th, 2025

Site Plan Control M OP/Zoning By-law Amendment Draft Plan of Subdivision Block Plan
Secondary Plan
Office Use Only
Municipality: Caledon Mississauga
Date Received: Planner: Application No.:
Is this HDA revised from an earlier submission? Yes No
Property and Applicant
12506 & 12698 Heart Lake Road Address of Subject Land (Street Number/Name):
Applicant Davin McCully c/o Name: Project Management Name: Project Management Telephone: 416-444-3300 ext. 3003 Project Management Telephone: 416-444-3300 ext. 3003 E-mail: davin@armstrongplan.ca Registered Owner: Canada Inc, and its Management Arm TDSI
Proposal Description Gross Floor Area: 158, 166.96 sq.m. Number of Storeys: 1 storey (13.1 m) Number of Units:n/a
Project Summary (describe how the project contributes to a healthy community)
Region of Peel



PEEL ICI HEALTHY DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT (LARGE-SCALE)

Please indicate where and how a standard is met or exceeded in the Demonstration of Standard column with reference to a policy, plan, map or illustration of some kind in the Document/Policy Reference column. Please also tabulate points in the Score column based on whether the development proposal meets or does not meet a community design standard. For further instruction, refer to "How to Use this User Guide" on pages 2 and 3.

Standard	Demonstration of Standard	Document/Policy Reference	Potential Score	Actual Score
DENSITY				
1. All development on Designated Greenfield Areas shall achieve a minimum overall density target as prescribed by the Regional Official Plan in policies 5.4.19.6 and 5.4.19.7.	Refer to Planning Justification Report.			
Where the local municipality has established higher density targets, these higher targets will apply. Employment (commercial, retail, light industrial) and institutional areas/ developments shall consider a higher density target than the established local municipality, if feasible.			5	
If the large-scale employment or institutional area/development application does not contain details about density considerations,				

Standard	Demonstration of Standard	Document/Policy Reference	Potential Score	Actual Score
DENSITY provide written detail about how density standards could be achieved at the site plan. 2. All development in Designated Urban Growth Centres in the Region of Peel (i.e., Downtown Brampton, Downtown Mississauga and Intensification Areas) achieves a minimum overall density target of 200 people and jobs per hectare. Where the local municipality has established higher density targets, these higher targets will apply. Employment (commercial, retail, light	Refer to Planning Justification Report.	1		
industrial) and institutional areas/ developments shall consider a higher density target than established by the local municipality, if feasible.			5	
If the large-scale employment or institutional area/development application does not contain details about density considerations, provide written detail about how density standards could be achieved at the site plan.				

Standard	Demonstration of Standard	Document/Policy Reference	Potential Score	Actual score
SERVICE PROXIMITY				
Transit				
3. 100% of the functional entries in the proposed development are situated within a 400-meter walking distance of an existing or planned transit stop (as identified by Brampton Transit, MiWay or Go Transit) or 800-meters of higher order transit stop.	Development is not within 400m of existing or planned transit stop.		2	
4. Areas within 800m of a Higher Order Transit stop are developed to meet Major Transit Station Area density targets.	Development is not within 800 m of higher order transit.		1	
5. Access to transit from the proposed development is safe, attractive and direct for pedestrians: •Pathway to transit site is paved (or equivalent measure) and provides direct access to pedestrians (1 point) •Pathway to transit site contains pedestrian scaled lighting (1 point) •Pathway to transit site incorporates landscape treatments (including but not limited to, permeable paving for pathway connections, deciduous/coniferous trees) that improve the environment for pedestrians (1 point)	Development does not include a pathway to transit given that there is no transit within 400-800 m of the site.		3	

Standard	Demonstration of Standard	Document/Policy Reference	Potential Score	Actual score
 6. At least 75% of the proposed functional entrances are situated within 800m of 6 or more diverse uses, including: Grocery Store or Supermarkets (1 point) Full Service restaurant, cafe, or diner that does not provide a drive-thru (1 point) And any of the four from the following categories (4 points): Community Service Retail: Convenience store Hardware Store Pharmacy Other retail Services: Bank Family Entertainment venue (e.g. theatre, sports) Gym, health club, exercise studio Hair care Laundry, dry cleaner Civic and Community Facilities: Adult or senior care (licensed) Child care (licensed) Community or recreation centre Cultural or arts facility Educational facility Government office that services the public on site Medical Centre or office that treats patients Place of worship 	Development is within 800 m of the following: - Southfields Community Centre - Southfields Village Public School - Dennison Park - Bonnie Glen Farm Park - Topham Park - Brampton Fairgrounds		6	

Standard	Demonstration of Standard	Document/Policy Reference	Potential Score	Actual score
 Post Office Public Park Public library Open community spaces such as squares or plazas 			6	
7. The functional entry of the proposed development is within 800-meter walking distance of a planned or proposed natural open space, green space, or public square that contains pedestrian infrastructure (e.g. walking path).	The development is within 800 m of the planned multi- use trail as per the Town of Caledon Multi-Modal Transportation Master Plan (June 2024).		2	
8. Convenience commercial uses are present in key locations, including greyfield areas, intensification areas and corridors and greenfield areas.	Refer to the Planning Justification Report for anticipated uses in the area.		2	
Cycling Infrastructure				
9. At least 75% of the project's functional entrances are within 400 meters of an existing or planned cyling network that is connected to higher order transit.	The development's entrance along Heart Lake Road will provide direct access to the planned cycling network along Heart Lake Road.		1	
LAND USE MIX				
10. Where permitted, employment lands include small scale amenity retail services, are serviced by transit and have infrastructure which encourages pedestrian and cyclist movement.	Refer to the Planning Justification Report for expected site uses.		2	
11. Retail uses on the ground floor are provided in institutional, commercial and light industrial buildings.	Retail uses are not provided as part of this development, however ancillary office uses are provided in each industrial building.		1	

Standard	Demonstration of Standard	Document/Policy Reference	Potential Score	Actual score
12. The proposed development contains a mix of allowable land uses as per zoning regulations and includes a minimum of three different uses on the project site (e.g., retail, commercial, office, light, industrial, institutional, hospitality, park or recreation) or other additional uses as permitted under the zoning designation.	Refer to the Planning Justification Report for expected site uses.		3	
STREET CONNECTIVITY				
13. The proposed development contains complete streets, designated for safety and security of all users, including pedestrians, cyclists, motorists and transit riders of all ages and abilities. Street-networks and off-road paths are multi-modal and separated by mode to provide safety and choice to pedestrians and cyclists and make clear connections (signage should be incorporated) to existing routes and facilities.	As part of the proposed development, internal roadways are provided via Heart Lake Road and the Larson Peak Road extension.		1	
14. Cul-de-sacs, crescent streets and loop roads are not utilized unless they are located near significant infrastructure, including highways and railways, or near natural features. If these features are present, then pedestrian paths are established to allow for a cut-through in the middle of the longer blocks.	No cul-de-sacs, crescent streets and loop roads are provided within the internal road network.		2	
15. Reverse frontage streets are not utilized.	Not applicable.		1	
16. Commercial, retail, institutional or light industrial blocks in the proposed development do not exceed 80x180m in size.	Refer to the Planning Justification Report and Urban Design Brief rationale on building scale.		3	

Standard	Demonstration of Standard	Document/Policy Reference	Potential Score	Actual score
17. Intersections are frequent (75/sq.km), with street blocks decreasing in size as density increases.	Not applicable.		3	
18. Sidewalks, bike lanes and multi-use paths connect to street networks, community amenities and transportation nodes and are available for general public use.	Not applicable, no new street networks are proposed.		n/a	
STREETSCAPE CHARACTERISTICS				
On-site Amenity Areas				
 19. On-site common outdoor amenity, social gathering or recreation spaces are provided and contain: Appropriate green space of natural open space, Adequate amount of seating, Covered all-weather seating, Mixed-used space and street furniture, Weather protection and shade along pedestrian pathways, Waste baskets 	Please refer to the Community Design Guidelines.		1	
Pedestrian Amenities				
 20. All streets in industrial areas have sidewalks on each side of the street which are at least 1.8 m wide. Where is it only possible to include a sidewalk on one side of the street, ensure it is a minimum of 2.0 metres. All streets in medium- and high-density institutional, retail and commercial areas have sidewalks on each side that are at least 2.0 m wide, or wider than the minimum local municipal standard and are on both sides of the street. 	Please refer to the Landscape Plan and Architectural Set.		1	

Standard	Demonstration of Standard	Document/Policy Reference	Potential Score	Actual score
21. Functional building entrances for institutional, commercial, and industrial uses are oriented towards the street and are clearly identifiable and prominent with direct access to public sidewalk, pedestrian connections and transit facilities.	Please refer to the architectural set for details. The buildings are located along Heart Lake Road and have direct access to public sidewalks.		2	
22. A variety of street trees that are hardy, resilient, and low maintenance are planted at regular intervals (as specified by the municipality) adjacent to all streets and provide increased shading on the pedestrian path.	Please refer to the Landscape Plan and Arborist Report.		1	
 23. All major pedestrian routes, transit stations and major transit stations have the following features, which are adequate to meet the projected demand on-site: weather protection seating waste baskets lighting route information bicycle parking 	Not applicable.		1	
Lighting				
24. Streets in employment areas and institutional areas have pedestrianscaled lighting and are limited to a height of 4.6 meters.	Variance required for employment use. Please refer to the Photometrics Plan.		1	
25. Lighting and light standards in public outdoor areas, such as pedestrian walkways, pathways to transit stops, common amenity or recreation spaces, plazas and parking areas relate to the pedestrian and are limited to a height of 4.6 meters.	Please refer to the Photometrics Plan.		1	
Cycling Amenities				

Standard	Demonstration of Standard	Document/Policy Reference	Potential Score	Actual score
 26. A connected and destination-oriented cycling network is provided throughout the proposed development, including a variety of on- and off-street bikeway facilities. These provide an appropriate degree of separation from motorized traffic, taking into account the speed and volume of traffic on the street. These on-street bikeway facilities must include: bicycle lanes sharrows signed routes multi-use paths on the boulevard In areas where the anticipated higher truck volume, on-street bikeway facilities should provide a greater degree of separation from motorized traffic. Where there is a local Bicycle Plan, the bikeway network proposed in the Plan is implemented in the development area, and opportunities to enhance, or connect, the proposed bikeway network are identified. 	Not applicable, no new street networks are proposed.		1	
Traffic Calming		·		
27. Traffic calming elements are designed to increase comfort and safety for means of active transportation, so as not to unduly create hazards or obstacles for pedestrians or cyclists.	Not applicable, no new street networks are proposed.		N/A	

Standard	Demonstration of Standard	Document/Policy Reference	Potential Score	Actual score
 28. In greenfield development, or where new streets are introduced through infill (re)development, traffic calming is achieved by using any of, but not limited to, the following: Minimum traffic lane widths Minimum number of traffic lanes in the roadway Separated and protected bike lanes Traffic Islands Curb extensions to visually highlight pedestrians and slow traffic Pedestrian-priority streets, woonerfs or home-zones (i.e., the speed limit is under 15km/hr and vehicles must yield to pedestrians and cyclists) 	Not applicable. No need streets are introduced as part of this proposed development.		3	
EFFICIENT PARKING				
 29. Limit Automobile parking in industrial, commercial and institutional project sites through: Adhering to minimum parking requirements as per the local parking by-law, or A parking reduction approved through a minor variance on the site. 	Parking provided for the proposed development meets the minimum parking requirements as per the by-law.		2	
30. Efficient use of parking is promoted by identifying systems for sharing parking spaces by two or more user groups at different times of the day or week (e.g., weekday use by office staff and evening/weekend use by restaurant clientele).	Parking is provided for warehouse users and office users. The parking provided is higher than the minimum parking required, thus it is anticipated that the parking provided is adequate. The parking lot is ideally situated at the buildings' entrances.		1	
31. Where zoning by-laws permit provide reduced automobile parking ratios for buildings and other facilities within 800 meters of a higher order transit stop.	Not applicable. The site is not within 800 m of a higher order transit stop.		1	

Standard	Demonstration of Standard	Document/Policy Reference	Potential Score	Actual score
32. For institutional and employment uses, parking is located away from the street to the rear or to the side or is located underground.	Parking is provided to the rear of the building and has a buffer provided between the residential uses to the west.		2	
33. For commercial, industrial and instituional areas within 400m of higher order transit, provide at least 10 additional publicly accessible, short term bicycle parking spaces per building on the project site or within the public boulevard in addition to the bicycle parking required from the local bicycle parking standards.	Not applicable. The site is not located within 400m of higher order transit. Although there are no bicycle parking requirements applicable to the site, 27 bicycle parking spaces are provided for the development, and is situated beside the office entrances.		N/A	
34. Where surface parking is provided, it is designed to minimize negative aesthetic and environmental impacts. This can be achieved by incorporating the following into the parking lot design: • pedestrian access, connectivity and circulation • tree planting • landscaping • stormwater management • porous/permeable surfaces • light-coloured materials instead of black asphalt	The surface parking lot is tucked away from residential streets, and is provided near the buildings' entrances. A landscape buffer has been provided to the west of the surface parking to provide a visual aesthetic separation from the residential community. The proposed parking does not have any environmental impacts.		2	

HEALTHY DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT SCORECARD

DENSITY Density targets Greenfield targets (Tick correct box) Urban Growth Centre targets SERVICE PROXIMITY Transit proximity Major Transit Station Area targets Safe & comfortable transit access Proximity to public services and retail Proximity to park, square or open space Convenience commercial in key locations Proximity to cycling network	/5 /5 /17 /2 /1 /3 /2 /6 /2 /1	STREETSCAPE CHARACTERISTICS On-site amenity areas Linear and nodal ICI development Sidewalks Street trees Pedestrian route and transit station amenities Connected bike network Lighting ICI areas Public outdoor lighting Traffic calming Traffic calming enhances comfort and safety EFFICIENT PARKING	/12 /1 /1 /1 /1 /1 /1 /1 /3 N/A
LAND USE MIX Employment Lands Retail uses on ground floor Mix of land uses	/6 /2 /1 /3	Limit Automobile Parking Provide reduced parking ratios Identify systems for shared parking spaces Parking location Above-ground parking design Bicycle parking TOTAL*:	/2 /1 /1 /2 /2 N/A
STREET CONNECTIVITY Complete Streets Non-grid streets avoided Reverse-frontage streets avoided Active transportation connectivity Small blocks Frequent intersections	/10 /1 /2 /1 N/A /3 /3	GOLD: SILVER: BRONZE: PASS:	80-100% 70-79% 60-69% 50-59%

^{*}Should certain standards not apply, the total score will be reduced accordingly.